



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: Tampa, Florida Accident Number: GAA19CA180

Date & Time: March 24, 2019, 14:27 Local Registration: N976AZ

Aircraft: Piper PA23 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: Birdstrike **Injuries:** 1 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Analysis

The pilot of the multiengine airplane reported that, on a descending vector for a visual instrument landing system approach on an instrument flight rules flight plan, about 2,500 to 2,800 ft mean sea level, he "felt the aircraft shudder along with a loud bang." He then disengaged the autopilot to determine if the flight controls were affected and looked for damage on the wing and nose area; he saw no damage. The pilot continued to the airport and landed without further incident. During the landing, the pilot of a waiting aircraft reported that he saw damage to the accident airplane's vertical stabilizer that looked like a bird had hit it. During postaccident examination, blood and tissue were found on the airplane.

The airplane sustained substantial damage to the vertical stabilizer.

The pilot reported that there were no preaccident mechanical failures or malfunctions with the airplane that would have precluded normal operation.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be:

An in-flight collision with a bird during the approach, which resulted in damage to the vertical stabilizer.

Environmental issues

Animal(s)/bird(s) - Effect on equipment

Page 2 of 5 GAA19CA180

Factual Information

History of Flight

Enroute-descent Birdstrike (Defining event)	Enroute-descent	Birdstrike (Defining event)
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Pilot Information

Certificate:	Airline transport; Commercial; Flight instructor	Age:	67,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	3-point
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	Airplane multi-engine; Airplane single-engine; Instrument airplane	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 With waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	March 26, 2018
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	February 18, 2019
Flight Time:	(Estimated) 21218 hours (Total, all aircraft), 866 hours (Total, this make and model), 21018 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 166 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 52 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 1 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Piper	Registration:	N976AZ
Model/Series:	PA23 250	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:	1976	Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	27-7654200
Landing Gear Type:	Retractable - Tricycle	Seats:	6
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	September 28, 2018 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	5200 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	2 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	1514.7 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	IO-540-C4B5
Registered Owner:	Mtn Aviation Llc	Rated Power:	250 Horsepower
Operator:	Mtn Aviation Llc	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

Page 3 of 5 GAA19CA180

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
KTPA,11 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	1 Nautical Miles
18:53 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	203°
Few / 4000 ft AGL	Visibility	10 miles
	Visibility (RVR):	
/	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	None / None
	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	N/A / N/A
30.19 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	28°C / 12°C
No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
West Palm Beach, FL (F45)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	IFR
Tampa, FL (TPA)	Type of Clearance:	IFR
13:29 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class B
	KTPA,11 ft msl 18:53 Local Few / 4000 ft AGL / 30.19 inches Hg No Obscuration; No Precipitat West Palm Beach, FL (F45) Tampa, FL (TPA)	KTPA,11 ft msl Distance from Accident Site: 18:53 Local Direction from Accident Site: Few / 4000 ft AGL Visibility Visibility (RVR): / Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual: Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual: 30.19 inches Hg Temperature/Dew Point: No Obscuration; No Precipitation West Palm Beach, FL (F45) Type of Flight Plan Filed: Tampa, FL (TPA) Type of Clearance:

Airport Information

Airport:	Tampa Intl TPA	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt;Concrete
Airport Elevation:	26 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Dry
Runway Used:	19L	IFR Approach:	ILS;Visual
Runway Length/Width:	8300 ft / 150 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	None

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	27.975555,-82.533332(est)

Page 4 of 5 GAA19CA180

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Gutierrez, Eric
Additional Participating Persons:	Greg King; FAA; Tampa, FL
Original Publish Date:	November 6, 2019
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>
Note:	This accident report documents the factual circumstances of this accident as described to the NTSB.
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=99176

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

Page 5 of 5 GAA19CA180