



# **Aviation Investigation Final Report**

Location: Manchester, California Accident Number: GAA17CA230

Date & Time: April 12, 2017, 10:51 Local Registration: N7945V

Aircraft: Cessna 180 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

**Defining Event:** Fuel exhaustion **Injuries:** 1 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

#### **Analysis**

The pilot reported that, during cruise flight, the engine "quit" while at 1,500 ft above ground level. He added that he landed the airplane in a large, flat pasture, but during the landing, the airplane nosed over. The airplane substantial damage to the tail and wings.

In a telephone conversation with the recovery specialist, the pilot reported that the fuel tanks had not been breached during the landing, and he recovered 1.5 gallons of fuel from the right fuel tank and 2.5 gallons of fuel from the left fuel tank.

The airplane was equipped with an engine monitoring unit. About 1 hour 13 minutes of data were recorded during the accident flight. The data showed a sudden decrease in exhaust gas temperatures and cylinder head temperatures for all cylinders about the same time. For further information, see the JPI Engine Monitoring Unit data plot in the public docket for this accident.

The 1967 Cessna 180 Owner's Manual states, in part:

"2.5 gallons [in] each tank [is] unusable in normal flight maneuvers."

#### **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be:

The pilot's improper preflight fuel planning, which resulted in fuel exhaustion and the total loss of engine power.

#### **Findings**

Aircraft Fuel - Fluid level
Personnel issues Fuel planning - Pilot

**Environmental issues** (general) - Effect on operation

**Environmental issues** (general) - Contributed to outcome

Page 2 of 6 GAA17CA230

## **Factual Information**

### **History of Flight**

Enroute-cruise	Fuel exhaustion (Defining event)	
Enroute-cruise	Loss of engine power (total)	
Landing	Nose over/nose down	

#### **Pilot Information**

Certificate:	Private	Age:	60,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Single-engine sea	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	3-point
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 3 Without waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	May 27, 2016
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	June 26, 2016
Flight Time:	(Estimated) 1332.5 hours (Total, all aircraft), 602.7 hours (Total, this make and model), 1332.5 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 18 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 18 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 6 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Page 3 of 6 GAA17CA230

### **Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information**

Aircraft Make:	Cessna	Registration:	N7945V
Model/Series:	180 H	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:	1967	Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	18051845
Landing Gear Type:	Retractable - Tailwheel	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	February 13, 2017 Continuous airworthiness	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	2950 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	5144.59 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	Continental
ELT:	C91 installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	0-470-50
Registered Owner:	On file	Rated Power:	235 Horsepower
Operator:	On file	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

## Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	89Q,59 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	2 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	14:41 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	218°
<b>Lowest Cloud Condition:</b>		Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	Overcast / 10000 ft AGL	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	5 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/ None
Wind Direction:	340°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/ N/A
Altimeter Setting:	30.21 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	20°C / 12°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	EUREKA, CA (EKA )	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	PETALUMA, CA (069)	Type of Clearance:	VFR flight following
Departure Time:	08:21 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

Page 4 of 6 GAA17CA230

### **Wreckage and Impact Information**

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	38.973609,-123.708885(est)

Page 5 of 6 GAA17CA230

#### **Administrative Information**

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Vanover, Jackie
Additional Participating Persons:	Jon A Prater; FAA; Oakland, CA Mike Council; Continental Motors; Mobile , AL
Original Publish Date:	October 31, 2017
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>
Note:	This accident report documents the factual circumstances of this accident as described to the NTSB.
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=94999

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 *Code of Federal Regulations* section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b) is available here.

Page 6 of 6 GAA17CA230