



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: Ocean Shores, Washington Accident Number: WPR16LA164

Date & Time: August 12, 2016, 10:00 Local Registration: N619LD

Aircraft: Zenith CH601 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: Loss of engine power (total) **Injuries:** 1 Minor

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Analysis

The private pilot was conducting a local personal flight in an experimental, amateur-built airplane. The pilot reported that, during cruise flight, the voltmeter's indications became erratic and that, shortly after, the airplane experienced a total loss of electrical power. The engine subsequently lost power, and the pilot conducted an emergency landing, during which the bottom of the fuselage contacted surrounding vegetation. The right wing then dipped, and the airplane impacted terrain. The pilot reported that, following the accident, he checked the battery's charge, and it was 11 volts; however, the electrical system on the airplane required 12 to 13 volts for operation.

The pilot partially disassembled the airplane following the accident, and the engine, most of the flight instruments, the tachometer, and the interior components were not available for examination. Therefore, a thorough evaluation of the airplane's electrical system was not possible. However, the battery examination revealed that it had a 10-volt charge, indicating that either a battery or charging system failure occurred. The fuel delivery system included two electronic fuel pumps connected in series with no mechanical or auxiliary pumps installed. Therefore, the loss of electrical power would have disabled both fuel pumps and resulted in fuel starvation and a loss of engine power. There was no other method to deliver fuel to the engine if the battery power was insufficient to power the fuel pumps.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be:

A reduction in electrical power, which disabled both fuel pumps and resulted in fuel starvation and a loss of engine power.

Findings

Aircraft (general) - Failure

Aircraft Fuel - Fluid level

Environmental issues (general) - Contributed to outcome

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Factual Information

History of Flight

Enroute-cruise	Electrical system malf/failure	
Enroute-cruise	Loss of engine power (total) (Defining event)	
Landing	Collision with terr/obj (non-CFIT)	

On August 12, 2016, about 1000 Pacific daylight time, a Zenith CH601, N619LD, sustained substantial damage when it impacted the ground near Ocean Shores, Washington. The private pilot, the sole occupant, sustained minor injuries. The airplane was registered to and operated by the pilot under the provisions of 14 Code of Federal Regulations Part 91 as a personal flight. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed, and no flight plan had been filed. The local flight originated from Bowerman Airport (HQM), Hoquiam, Washington at 0900.

The pilot reported that he was in cruise flight when the voltmeter's indications became erratic. Shortly thereafter, the airplane experienced a complete loss of electrical power, followed by a loss of engine power. He immediately executed an emergency landing, and established the best glide speed at 70 mph. Prior to impact, the bottom of the fuselage contacted surrounding vegetation, the right wing dipped, and the airplane impacted the terrain.

The airplane was equipped with an Odyssey Extreme Series PC-680 battery which required a 14.4 charging voltage. In a phone conversation with the National Transportation Safety Board investigator-in-charge, the pilot stated that had checked the battery's state of charge after the flight, and the battery indicated 11 volts. He added that the electrical system on the airplane requires 12-13 volts for operation.

A Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Inspector examined the airplane's logbook, and the majority of the wreckage. The airplane logbook showed the last condition inspection occurred on September 20, 2015; an Experimental Airworthiness certificate for the purpose of Amateur Built was issued on May 20, 2016. The airplane was in Phase 1 operation test flight, and it was restricted to a 25-mile radius of HQM.

The engine, most of the flight instruments, the tachometer, interior components, and damaged canopy pieces were removed by the owner following the accident, and were not present for the examination.

The nose gear was bent to the right. The fuselage exhibited compression wrinkles in the top skin between the empennage and the cabin. The right wing was removed, and showed some outboard leading edge damage. The right elevator was significantly damaged. The skin below the horizontal stabilizer was wrinkled. The left aileron and wingtip sustained damage. The main landing gear was partially folded under the fuselage.

The battery showed a 10-volt charge. The airplane was equipped with two Facet 12 volt electronic fuel pumps. Both pumps were connected in series; therefore, fuel to the engine had to pass through both

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pumps. There were no other mechanical or auxiliary pumps installed. The wire and connectors that remained in the fuselage were automotive type. All circuit breakers were observed in, and no overheated wiring or arcing was found.

The airplane was powered by a Continental O-200-A engine, serial number 72 JACH-A-48, and was installed on the airplane with about 250 hours since major overhaul. Initially, the engine was equipped with an external oil filter and an adapter on the oil cooler pad, but the pilot removed the filter assembly and installed the cooler pad cover on the engine case. The oil screen did not contain any metal particles.

The carburetor was separated from the engine, and it appeared largely intact. Neither the carburetor bowl nor the accelerator pump contained fuel. The complete statement from the FAA inspector detailing the examination is appended to the accident in the public docket.

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Private	Age:	73,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Sport pilot Unknown	Last FAA Medical Exam:	
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	March 1, 2016
Flight Time:	(Estimated) 720 hours (Total, all aircraft), 720 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 11 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft)		

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Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Zenith	Registration:	N619LD
Model/Series:	CH601	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:	2016	Amateur Built:	Yes
Airworthiness Certificate:	Experimental (Special); Experimental light sport (Special)	Serial Number:	66980
Landing Gear Type:	Tricycle	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	May 20, 2016 Unknown	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	1329 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	11 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	Continental
ELT:	C91 installed, activated, did not aid in locating accident	Engine Model/Series:	O-200
Registered Owner:	On file	Rated Power:	100 Horsepower
Operator:	On file	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	KHQM,15 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	9 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	08:53 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	98°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	6 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	7 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	90°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30.07 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	18°C / 16°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	Moderate - None - Mist		
Departure Point:	HOQUIAM, WA (HQM)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	VFR
Destination:	HOQUIAM, WA (HQM)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	09:00 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class C

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Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 Minor	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 Minor	Latitude, Longitude:	46.992221,-124.140274(est)

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Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC): Smith, Maja

Additional Participating Persons:

Original Publish Date: May 25, 2017

Last Revision Date:

Investigation Class: Class

Note: The NTSB did not travel to the scene of this accident.

Investigation Docket: https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=93820

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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