

# **Aviation Investigation Final Report**

Location: Tuscaloosa, Alabama Accident Number: ERA15LA172

**Date & Time:** March 29, 2015, 13:30 Local **Registration:** N8JL (A1); N722DK

(A2)

Part 91: General aviation - Air race/show (A1); Part 91: General aviation - Air

Aircraft: MERIAN RICHARD F RV 8 (A1); KIGHT DANIEL H RV 6 (A2) Aircraft Damage: Substantial (A1); Minor (A2)

**Defining Event:** Midair collision Injuries: 1 None (A1); 1 None

(A2)

Flight Conducted Under: race/show (A2)

### **Analysis**

The two experimental amateur-built airplanes were part of an air show team that was participating in an air show. At the time of the accident, an RV-6 and another airplane were flying in formation at an altitude of 500 ft above the ground, while the pilot an RV-8 intended to circle around the two airplanes from behind. While circling in a counter-clockwise direction, the RV-8 converged on the two airplanes flying in formation. The propeller of the RV-6, and the right elevator and horizontal stabilizer of the RV-8 made contact. The pilot of the RV-6 reported that the maneuver called for the RV-8 to be 100 ft behind the leading airplane. He was flying straight and level and focused on the airplane flying in formation on his left side when his airplane began to experience a sudden severe vibration. The pilot of the RV-8 reported that his airplane had overtaken the two airplanes and that he did not correct to compensate. He observed one of the airplanes pass off his left and heard a "bang" at that time. The RV-6 sustained minor damage to its propeller and the RV-8 sustained substantial damage to its right elevator and horizontal stabilizer. Both airplanes subsequently landed without further incident.

### **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be:

The RV-8 pilot's failure to maintain adequate clearance from the RV-6 while maneuvering during an air show, which resulted in a midair collision.

#### **Findings**

Aircraft (A1)	(general) - Not attained/maintained	
Personnel issues (A1)	Aircraft control - Pilot	
Aircraft (A2)	(general) - Not attained/maintained	
Personnel issues (A2)	Aircraft control - Pilot of other aircraft	

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#### **Factual Information**

#### **History of Flight**

Maneuvering-aerobatics (A1)	Midair collision (Defining event)
Maneuvering-low-alt flying (A2)	Midair collision

On March 29, 2015, about 1330 central daylight time, an experimental amateur-built Vans RV-8, N8JL, and an experimental amateur-built Vans RV-6, N722DK, collided in midair while maneuvering over the Tuscaloosa Regional Airport (TCL), Tuscaloosa, Alabama. The RV-8 was substantially damaged and the RV-6 sustained minor damage. Both airplanes subsequently landed without further incident. The pilot of the RV-8 and the pilot of the RV-6 were not injured. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed no flight plan had been filed for the local demonstration flight that was conducted under the provision of Title 14 Code of Federal Regulations Part 91.

Both airplanes were part of "Team Aerodynamix" an air show team that was participating in the Tuscaloosa Regional Air Show.

At the time of the accident, the RV-6 and another airplane were flying in formation at an altitude of 500 ft above runway 04/22, while the pilot of the RV-8 intended to circle around the two airplanes from behind. An additional group of team airplanes were flying in the opposite direction. While circling in a counter-clockwise direction, the RV-8 converged on the two airplanes flying in formation, and the propeller of the RV-6, which was flying on the right side of the formation, and the right elevator and horizontal stabilizer of the RV-8 made contact.

The pilot of the RV-6 reported that the maneuver called for the trailing/circling airplane to be 100 ft behind the leading airplane. He was flying straight and level and focused on the airplane flying in formation on his left side, when his airplane began to experience a sudden severe vibration. Postaccident examination of the airplane revealed that portions of the propeller were missing.

The pilot of the RV-8 reported that the maneuver had been practiced many times previously. He began rolling to the left while positioned about 4 to 5 airplane lengths behind the two airplanes. During his third roll, his airplane had overtaken the airplanes flying in formation during the final one-fourth to one-half of the roll. The pilot added that he "didn't correct to compensate." He observed one of the airplanes pass off his left and heard a "bang" at that time. Postaccident examination of the RV-8 revealed that the outboard one-third of the right horizontal stabilizer, and the outboard two-thirds of the right elevator were separated.

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# Pilot Information (A1)

Certificate:	Airline transport; Commercial; Flight engineer	Age:	64,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	5-point
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 With waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	February 18, 2015
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	March 7, 2015
Flight Time:	19100 hours (Total, all aircraft), 2000 hours (Total, this make and model), 15000 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 65 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 25 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 3 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

# Pilot Information (A2)

Certificate:	Commercial	Age:	41,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Front
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	Unknown
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Without waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	October 6, 2014
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	March 7, 2015
Flight Time:	731 hours (Total, all aircraft), 146 hours (Total, this make and model), 44 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 13 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 1 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

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### Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information (A1)

Aircraft Make:	MERIAN RICHARD F	Registration:	N8JL
Model/Series:	RV 8	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:	2001	Amateur Built:	Yes
Airworthiness Certificate:	Experimental (Special)	Serial Number:	81324
Landing Gear Type:	Tailwheel	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	February 27, 2015 Condition	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	1800 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	25 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	2243 Hrs as of last inspection	Engine Manufacturer:	ECI
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	DIOX-370
Registered Owner:	On file	Rated Power:	205 Horsepower
Operator:	On file	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator:	On file		None

# Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information (A2)

Aircraft Make:	KIGHT DANIEL H	Registration:	N722DK
Model/Series:	RV 6	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:	2002	Amateur Built:	Yes
Airworthiness Certificate:	Experimental (Special)	Serial Number:	24298
Landing Gear Type:	Tricycle	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	December 5, 2014 Condition	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	1600 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	22 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	2142 Hrs as of last inspection	Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	O-360-A1A
Registered Owner:	On file	Rated Power:	180 Horsepower
Operator:	On file	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

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### Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	TCL,150 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	0 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	13:53 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	0°
<b>Lowest Cloud Condition:</b>		Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	Overcast / 4600 ft AGL	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	10 knots / None	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/ Unknown
Wind Direction:	180°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/ Unknown
Altimeter Setting:	30.28 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	16°C / 1°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	N/A - None - Unknown obscu	ration	
Departure Point:	Tuscaloosa, AL (TCL) (A1); Tuscaloosa, AL (TCL) (A2)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None (A1); None (A2)
Destination:	Tuscaloosa, AL (TCL) (A1); Tuscaloosa, AL (TCL) (A2)	Type of Clearance:	Unknown (A1); Unknown (A2)
Departure Time:	13:05 Local (A1); 13:00 Local (A2)	Type of Airspace:	Class D (A1); Class D (A2)

# **Airport Information**

Airport:	TUSCALOOSA RGNL TCL	Runway Surface Type:	
Airport Elevation:	170 ft msl	<b>Runway Surface Condition:</b>	Unknown
Runway Used:		IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:		VFR Approach/Landing:	Full stop

# Wreckage and Impact Information (A1)

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:		Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	33.220554,-87.611389(est)

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# Wreckage and Impact Information (A2)

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Minor
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:		Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	33.220554,-87.611389(est)

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#### **Administrative Information**

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Schiada, Luke
Additional Participating Persons:	Nina A McBride; FAA/FSDO; Vestavia Hills, AL
Original Publish Date:	May 5, 2021
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	Class 3
Note:	The NTSB did not travel to the scene of this accident.
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=90946

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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