



# **Aviation Investigation Final Report**

Location: WOLFEBORO, New Hampshire Accident Number: BFO94LA131

Date & Time: August 10, 1994, 14:00 Local Registration: N3372M

Aircraft: PIPER PA-28-236 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

**Defining Event:** 2 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

### **Analysis**

THE PILOT WAS LANDING ON A 2030 FOOT LONG RUNWAY WITH A TAILWIND COMPONENT OF 10 TO 12 KNOTS. ACCORDING TO THE PILOT, HE SAID HE TOUCHED DOWN 50 FEET PAST THE RUNWAY THRESHOLD AT ABOUT 60 TO 65 KNOTS. HE STATED THAT HE RETRACTED THE FLAPS AND APPLIED FULL BRAKING, BUT HE WAS UNABLE TO STOP THE AIRPLANE ON THE RUNWAY. THE AIRPLANE EXITED THE RUNWAY DOWN AN EMBANKMENT ONTO A ROAD. HE STATED THAT THERE WAS NO MECHANICAL MALFUNCTION. IN HIS WRITTEN REPORT OF THE ACCIDENT THE PILOT EXPLAINED THAT RUNWAY 30 HAS A 3% DOWNHILL GRADIENT AND THAT RUNWAY 12 IS USED IF THE TAILWIND COMPONENT IS 10 KTS OR LESS.

### **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: THE PILOT'S INADEQUATE INFLIGHT DECISION, WHICH RESULTED IN A DOWNWNIND LANDING AND OVERRUN OF THE RUNWAY.

#### **Findings**

Occurrence #1: OVERRUN

Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

Findings

1. (F) WEATHER CONDITION - TAILWIND

- 2. (C) PLANNING/DECISION INADEQUATE PILOT IN COMMAND 3. TERRAIN CONDITION DROP-OFF/DESCENDING EMBANKMENT

Page 2 of 6 BF094LA131

#### **Factual Information**

On August 10, 1994, at 1400 eastern daylight time, N3372M, a Piper PA-28-236, operated by Aviation Consultants of New London, New Hampshire, crashed during landing on runway 12 at Lakes Region Airport, Wolfeboro, New Hampshire. The airline transport pilot and his passenger were not injured while the airplane sustained substantial damage. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed and a flight plan was not filed. The personal flight originated in New London, New Hampshire, and was operated under 14 CFR 91.

According to the pilot, the flight to Wolfeboro was uneventful. He stated that he had landed at this airport several times. During the landing, the pilot stated that his approach speed was 72 knots with full flaps. He stated that he touched down about 50 feet past the runway threshold at about 60 to 65 knots. He said that he retracted the flaps, and applied the brakes, but the airplane exited the runway down an embankment onto the road. The pilot stated that the runway is 2030 feet long and there was no mechanical malfunction. According to the FAA, there was a tailwind component of about 10 to 12 knots.

#### **Pilot Information**

1 not information			
Certificate:	Airline transport; Commercial	Age:	71,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Single-engine sea; Multi-engine land; Multi- engine sea	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	Airplane multi-engine	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 3 Valid Medicalw/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	May 27, 1994
Occupational Pilot:	UNK	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	44818 hours (Total, all aircraft), 345 hours (Total, this make and model), 22415 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 28 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft)		

Page 3 of 6 BFO94LA131

# **Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information**

Aircraft Make:	PIPER	Registration:	N3372M
Model/Series:	PA-28-236 PA-28-236	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	28-8011059
Landing Gear Type:	Tricycle	Seats:	4
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	July 13, 1994 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	3011 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	9 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	1845 Hrs	Engine Manufacturer:	LYCOMING
ELT:	Installed, activated	Engine Model/Series:	O-540-J3A5D
Registered Owner:	AVIATION CONSULTANTS INC.	Rated Power:	235 Horsepower
Operator:	AVIATION CONSULTANTS INC.	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

# Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
	, ,	_	,
Observation Facility, Elevation:	LCI ,545 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	7 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	14:16 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	60°
<b>Lowest Cloud Condition:</b>	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	10 knots / None	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	290°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	22°C / 8°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	ation	
Departure Point:	NEW LONDON (NH40)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:		Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	13:35 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

Page 4 of 6 BF094LA131

# **Airport Information**

Airport:	LAKES REGION 8B8	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt
Airport Elevation:	580 ft msl	<b>Runway Surface Condition:</b>	Dry
Runway Used:	12	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	2030 ft / 50 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Full stop

# Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	

Page 5 of 6 BF094LA131

#### **Administrative Information**

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Johnson, Beverley	
Additional Participating Persons:	EDWARD JOHNSON; PORTLAND , ME	
Original Publish Date:	March 27, 1995	
Last Revision Date:		
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>	
Note:		
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=8955	

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

Page 6 of 6 BFO94LA131