



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location:	Oglesby, Texas	Accident Number:	CEN14LA174
Date & Time:	March 30, 2014, 11:30 Local	Registration:	N147WT
Aircraft:	Bell 47G 3B	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Defining Event:	Powerplant sys/comp malf/fail	Injuries:	2 None
Flight Conducted Under:	Part 91: General aviation - Aerial observation		

Analysis

The pilot reported that, during an en route climb in the helicopter, he increased the throttle and noticed a "slight resistance." Shortly after, the throttle freed up, but it was ineffective; there was no corresponding change in engine power when he moved the throttle control. Both the engine and rotor rpm were indicating in the green, but they began to decrease when he adjusted the collective. When he stopped moving the collective, the engine and rotor rpm increased rapidly and continued to accelerate. The pilot initiated an autorotation and cut off the fuel. The pilot then increased the collective, and the helicopter yawed left, touched down, and rolled over to the right, which resulted in the tailboom separating.

A postaccident examination of the helicopter revealed that the throttle control adapter had disconnected from the serrated shaft on the carburetor. The retention screws on the throttle control adapter were not safety wired to the carburetor idle stop lever as required in the helicopter manufacturer's maintenance manual. A review of maintenance records revealed that the carburetor was removed and replaced about 1 1/2 years before the accident and that the helicopter's last annual inspection was conducted about 4 1/4 months before the accident.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be:

Maintenance personnel's failure to safety wire the throttle control adapter per maintenance instructions when the carburetor was replaced and to detect that the adapter was not safety wired during the annual inspection, which resulted in the throttle control disconnecting and subsequent loss of engine control.

Findings

Personnel issues	Installation - Maintenance personnel
Aircraft	(general) - Incorrect service/maintenance
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Personnel issues	Scheduled/routine inspection - Maintenance personnel

Factual Information

History of Flight	
Maneuvering-low-alt flying	Powerplant sys/comp malf/fail (Defining event)
Autorotation	Loss of control in flight
Landing-flare/touchdown	Roll over

On March 30, 2014, about 1130 central daylight time, a Bell 47G-3B helicopter, N147WT, rolled over during an autorotation near Oglesby, Texas. The pilot and passenger were not injured. The helicopter was registered to and operated by Lazy 7 Agricultural Services LLC as a 14 Code of Federal Regulations Part 91 aerial observation flight. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed for the flight, which was not operated on a flight plan. The local flight originated from the Gatesville Municipal Airport (GOP), Gatesville, Texas at 1100.

The pilot reported the purpose of the flight was to spot wildlife. He stated that during the flight he initiated a climb to transit from one area to another. As he increased the throttle he noticed a "slight resistance." Shortly thereafter, the throttle freed up, but there was no response to the throttle movements. The pilot stated that both the engine and rotor rpm were indicating in the green, but the rotor and engine rpm decayed when he increased the collective. When he stopped increasing the collective, the rotor and engine rpm increased rapidly and continued to accelerate. The pilot initiated an autorotation, during which time he cutoff the fuel. During the final collective application to cushion the landing, the helicopter suddenly yawed to the left and simultaneously rolled to the right on touchdown.

A postaccident examination of the helicopter revealed the throttle control adapter had disconnected from the serrated shaft on the carburetor. The retention screws on the throttle control adapter were not safety wired to the carburetor idle stop lever as required in the Bell Helicopter maintenance manual.

Service Bulletin 131SB was issued on December 2, 1960, which addressed the reworking the adapter screw holes and safety wiring of the adapter to the carburetor idle stop lever. This Service Bulletin addressed the Bell 47G-2 and 47J-2 models. The maintenance manual for the 47G-3B was later revised to reflect the information in the Service Bulletin. Maintenance records show the carburetor was removed and replaced on September 25, 2012, and the last annual inspection was performed November 11, 2013.

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Airline transport; Flight instructor	Age:	41
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	Helicopter	Restraint Used:	3-point
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	Helicopter; Instrument helicopter	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Without waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	May 7, 2013
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	3800 hours (Total, all aircraft), 54 hours (Total, this make and model), 3000 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 2 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Bell	Registration:	N147WT
Model/Series:	47G 3B	Aircraft Category:	Helicopter
Year of Manufacture:	1964	Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	2920
Landing Gear Type:	N/A; Skid	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	November 5, 2013 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	2950 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	30 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	3280 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	LYCOMING
ELT:	Installed, activated	Engine Model/Series:	TVO-435-B1
Registered Owner:	LAZY 7 AGRICULTURAL SERVICES LLC	Rated Power:	180 Horsepower
Operator:	LAZY 7 AGRICULTURAL SERVICES LLC	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Dav
Observation Facility Flowstians		Distance from Assident Citer	
Observation Facility, Elevation:	TPL,082 IL MSI	Distance from Accident Site:	I I Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	12:15 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	160°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	15 knots / 21 knots	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/ None
Wind Direction:	170°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30.19 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	22°C / 8°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	tion	
Departure Point:	Gatesville, TX (GOP)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	Gatesville, TX (GOP)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	11:00 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	31.311388,-97.361114(est)

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Sullivan, Pamela
Additional Participating Persons:	Chris Doherty; FAA; Irving, TX
Original Publish Date:	June 1, 2015
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>
Note:	
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=88989

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The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 *Code of Federal Regulations* section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b) is available <u>here</u>.