



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: Camarillo, California Accident Number: WPR14LA105

Date & Time: January 28, 2014, 15:15 Local Registration: N5977Y

Aircraft: Piper PA 23-250 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: Landing gear collapse **Injuries:** 2 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Analysis

The pilot reported that he was performing touch-and-go landings and that, during the second landing, the right wing contacted the ground. The airplane then came to a stop on the runway. Postaccident examinations revealed that the right main gear landing (MLG) downlock was not in the locked position and that the right MLG had collapsed during landing. During the teardown of the hydraulic powerpack, a damaged O-ring was found on the gear selector shaft. The damaged O-ring did not allow the hydraulic fluid to build pressure and the downlock to hold, which prevented the downlock from locking the right MLG in the extended position.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be:

The inadequate hydraulic pressure due to a damaged O-ring in the hydraulic powerpack, which prevented the right main landing gear (MLG) downlock from locking in the extended positon and allowed the right MLG to collapse during landing.

Findings

Aircraft Hydraulic, main system - Failure

Factual Information

History of Flight

Landing-flare/touchdown	Landing gear collapse (Defining event)
Landing-landing roll	Collision during takeoff/land

On January 28, 2014, about 1515 Pacific standard time, a Piper PA-23, N5977Y, sustained substantial damage following the collapse of the right main landing gear during the landing roll out at the Camarillo Airport (CMA), Camarillo, California. The airplane was registered to Red State, LLC and was operated by the pilot under the provisions of 14 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 91 as a personal flight. The commercial pilot and the pilot rated passenger were not injured. The flight originated from Bob Hope Airport (BUR), Burbank, CA, at 1440 with a planned destination of CMA. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed for the flight and no flight plan was filed.

The pilot reported in a written statement to the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB), investigator-in-charge (IIC), that the purpose of the flight was landing operations and airplane familiarization at CMA for the commercial pilot. After completing a touch-and-go landing in the traffic pattern at CMA, the pilot performed prelanding procedures and landed a second time on runway 26. He stated that after touching down, the right wing contacted the ground and the airplane came to a stop on the runway. The right aileron was substantially damaged.

A postaccident examination of the airplane was conducted by a local mechanic. The examination revealed that the right main landing gear was down and the downlock was not in the locked position during landing. No mechanical anomalies were noted with the landing gear system. The hydraulic power-pack was sent to a repair shop for further examination. According to the repair shop, the hydraulic power-pack was bench tested which revealed that it was bypassing the detent internally. During the teardown of the unit, a damaged o-ring was found on the gear selector shaft. This damaged o-ring was not allowing the fluid to build pressure and hold. The repair shop further reported that the unit's oil and internal surface was very dirty.

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Pilot Information

Certificate:	Commercial	Age:	26
		•	20
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	Lap only
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	Yes
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 1 Without waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	October 8, 2013
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	June 1, 2013
Flight Time:	992 hours (Total, all aircraft), 1 hours (Total, this make and model), 720 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 193 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 95 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 2 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Diper	Pagistration:	N5977Y
гіреі	Registration.	N39771
PA 23-250 250	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
1966	Amateur Built:	
Normal	Serial Number:	27-3148
Retractable - Tricycle	Seats:	3
December 19, 2013 100 hour	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	5200 lbs
67 Hrs	Engines:	2 Reciprocating
11369 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	LYCOMING
Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	IO-540-C4B5
On file	Rated Power:	250 Horsepower
On file	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
	1966 Normal Retractable - Tricycle December 19, 2013 100 hour 67 Hrs 11369 Hrs at time of accident Installed, not activated On file	PA 23-250 250 Aircraft Category: 1966 Amateur Built: Normal Serial Number: Retractable - Tricycle December 19, 2013 100 hour Certified Max Gross Wt.: 67 Hrs Engines: 11369 Hrs at time of accident Installed, not activated Engine Manufacturer: Installed, not activated On file Rated Power: On file Operating Certificate(s)

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Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
KCMA,65 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	0 Nautical Miles
22:55 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	62°
Clear	Visibility	10 miles
None	Visibility (RVR):	
5 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/ None
210°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/ N/A
30.04 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	18°C / 12°C
No Obscuration; No Precipita	ation	
BURBANK, CA (BUR)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Camarillo, CA (CMA)	Type of Clearance:	VFR;VFR flight following
14:35 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class D
	KCMA,65 ft msl 22:55 Local Clear None 5 knots / 210° 30.04 inches Hg No Obscuration; No Precipitate BURBANK, CA (BUR) Camarillo, CA (CMA)	KCMA,65 ft msl Distance from Accident Site: 22:55 Local Direction from Accident Site: Clear Visibility None Visibility (RVR): 5 knots / Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual: 210° Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual: 30.04 inches Hg Temperature/Dew Point: No Obscuration; No Precipitation BURBANK, CA (BUR) Type of Flight Plan Filed: Camarillo, CA (CMA) Type of Clearance:

Airport Information

Airport:	CAMARILLO CMA	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt;Concrete
Airport Elevation:	77 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Dry
Runway Used:	26	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	6013 ft / 150 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Touch and go;Traffic pattern

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	2 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	34.21389,-119.089996(est)

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Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC): Swick, Andrew

Additional Participating Persons:

Original Publish Date: June 1, 2015

Last Revision Date:

Investigation Class: Class

Note:

Investigation Docket: https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=88731

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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