

Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location:	Avalon, California	Accident Number:	WPR10CA281
Date & Time:	May 29, 2010, 13:53 Local	Registration:	N314CP
Aircraft:	CIRRUS DESIGN CORP SR22	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Defining Event:	Runway excursion	Injuries:	4 None
Flight Conducted Under:	Part 91: General aviation - Personal		

Analysis

The pilot stated that he listened to the weather report at the airport prior to landing, which reported a slight tailwind on runway 22 that was in use by other airplanes in the traffic pattern. The pilot chose to land on runway 22 with a tailwind rather than changing runways to favor a headwind. In a phone conversation, the pilot stated that he landed "within the first couple hundred feet" of the runway at about 85 knots, using full flaps. He said that during the landing roll he overran the runway, resulting in the airplane exiting the end of the runway and coming to rest on a 45 degree downslope. The pilot stated that he "underestimated" the length of the runway due to the fact that the airplane was almost at max gross weight and there was a slight tailwind. The airplane sustained substantial damage to the right aft main wing spar. According to the Avalon aviation weather report, at the time of the accident the wind was from 020 degrees at 5 knots. According to the Southwest U.S. Airport/Facility Directory, the accident runway 04/22 is 3,000-feet-long. The first 2,000 feet of runway 22 is sloped up 1.8%, and the rest of the runway is level. At maximum gross weight in the weather conditions of the airport at the time of the accident, the airplane had a calculated ground roll of about 1,250 feet, with a total landing distance of about 2,500 feet. Taking into account the 5 knot tailwind and the 1.69% upslope, this airplane's final ground roll was calculated to be about 1,300 feet, and the total landing distance was about 2,650 feet.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The pilot's failure to achieve the proper touchdown point, which resulted in a runway overrun.

Findings

Aircraft	Landing distance - Not attained/maintained	
Environmental issues	Tailwind - Response/compensation	
Personnel issues	Performance calculations - Pilot	

Factual Information

History of Flight

Landing-flare/touchdown	Landing area overshoot	
Landing-landing roll	Runway excursion (Defining event)	

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Commercial; Private	Age:	66,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 3 With waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	November 8, 2007
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	August 31, 2009
Flight Time:	1939 hours (Total, all aircraft), 375 hours (Total, this make and model), 1706 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 21 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 21 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 1 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Alterate and Owner/Op			
Aircraft Make:	CIRRUS DESIGN CORP	Registration:	N314CP
Model/Series:	SR22	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	3234
Landing Gear Type:	Tricycle	Seats:	4
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	November 13, 2009 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	3400 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	37 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	274 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	CONT MOTOR
ELT:	Installed, activated, did not aid in locating accident	Engine Model/Series:	IO-550-N48B
Registered Owner:	RIMON HOLDINGS LLC	Rated Power:	310 Horsepower
Operator:	llan Brand	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	AVX,1602 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	0 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	13:51 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	5 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	20°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	29.97 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	24°C / -1°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	Corona, CA (KAJO)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	Avalon, CA (KAVX)	Type of Clearance:	VFR flight following
Departure Time:	12:45 Local	Type of Airspace:	

Airport Information

Airport:	Catalina Airport KAVX	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt
Airport Elevation:	1602 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Dry
Runway Used:	22	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	3000 ft / 75 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Traffic pattern

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	3 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	4 None	Latitude, Longitude:	33.404998,-118.415832(est)

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Rich, Jefferey		
Additional Participating Persons:	Debra Fallica; Federal Aviation Administration; Long Beach, CA		
Original Publish Date:	October 21, 2010		
Last Revision Date:			
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>		
Note:	This accident report documents the factual circumstances of this accident as described to the NTSB.		
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=76228		

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The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 *Code of Federal Regulations* section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b) is available here.