



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: La Veta, Colorado Accident Number: CEN10LA098

Date & Time: January 17, 2010, 15:06 Local Registration: N782LU

Aircraft: Mooney M20R Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: Sys/Comp malf/fail (non-power) **Injuries:** 1 Minor

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Analysis

The pilot had just made a turn during taxi when he heard a "pop" and saw smoke and flames coming from the engine area. He stopped the plane, shut down the engine, and exited the airplane as the fuselage became engulfed in flames. By the time the fire was extinguished the fuselage had been mostly consumed by fire. Examination of the wreckage revealed a localized area of high temperature thermal damage in the engine compartment located directly behind the fuel flow transducer. Examination of the fuel transducer revealed the outlet fuel line was loose at the crimp of the fuel line connector where it attached to the outlet elbow. Upon removal, a portion of interior rubber hose was found missing from underneath the steel braid as well as a portion of steel braiding. The missing portion of the steel braid was absent pre-fire, which interfered with the crimp seal and subsequently resulted in a fuel leak and fire. The cause of the missing steel braid was not determined.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: A fuel leak and subsequent fire due to a mechanical defect.

Findings

Aircraft Fuel distribution - Not specified

Aircraft Fuel distribution - Damaged/degraded

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Factual Information

History of Flight

Prior to flight	Sys/Comp malf/fail (non-power) (Defining event)
Prior to flight	Fire/smoke (non-impact)

On January 17, 2010, at 1506 mountain standard time, a Mooney M20S airplane, N782LU, was substantially damaged after catching fire during taxi for takeoff at the Cuchara Valley Airport (07V), La Veta, Colorado. The private pilot received minor injuries. The personal flight was being conducted under the provisions of 14 Code of Federal Regulations Part 91. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed at the time of the accident.

The pilot stated he had just made a turn during taxi when he heard a "pop" and saw smoke and flames coming from the engine area. He stopped the airplane, shut down the engine, and exited the airplane as the fuselage became engulfed in flames. By the time the fire was extinguished the fuselage had been mostly consumed by fire.

The engine compartment was intact and the engine was still attached to the airframe. The majority of the damage was located between the engine and the firewall. The rear portion of the engine compartment exhibited fire damage particularly in the area of the fuel flow transducer and the aft left lower section of the engine compartment. The firewall had a localized area of high temperature thermal damage where the firewall material had turned white. The area was located directly behind the fuel flow transducer.

The fuel flow transducer (Mooney Part #880030) with a section of fuel line from both the inlet side and the outlet side was examined by the NTSB Materials Laboratory. The associated fuel lines were standard steel braided sleeved, rubber fuel hose. The inlet connector for the transducer was an AN-816 straight, pipe to tube adapter. The outlet connector was a MS 51508 45-degree, pipe to tube elbow (male pipe end). The transducer was x-rayed with the fuel lines attached to determine if there was any damage to the interior prior to tear down. There were no obvious defects found in the x-rays of the transducer. The fuel lines were then removed to inspect the interior of the fuel transducer. During disassembly, the outlet fuel line was found to be loose at the crimp of the fuel line connector where it attached to the outlet elbow. Upon removal, approximately 0.75 inch of interior rubber hose was found missing from underneath the steel braid as well as a portion of steel braid approximately 0.25 inch wide and 0.25 inch in length. The interior rubber hose that remained appeared to have thermal damage. The section where the steel braid was missing did not appear to have any thermal damage. The cause of the missing steel braid was not determined.

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Pilot Information

Certificate:	Private	Age:	63,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 3 With waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	October 5, 2008
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	October 10, 2009
Flight Time:	3000 hours (Total, all aircraft), 350 hours (Total, this make and model), 10 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 4 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 0 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Mooney	Registration:	N782LU
Model/Series:	M20R	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	29-0314
Landing Gear Type:	Retractable - Tricycle	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	April 13, 2009 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	3374 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	350 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	CONT MOTOR
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	IO-550 SERIES
Registered Owner:	On file	Rated Power:	300 Horsepower
Operator:	On file	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

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Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:		Distance from Accident Site:	
Observation Time:		Direction from Accident Site:	
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Few	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	Overcast	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	/	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:		Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30.1 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	4°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:			
Departure Point:	La Veta, CO (07V)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	Alamosa, CO (ALS)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	15:05 Local	Type of Airspace:	

Airport Information

Airport:	Cuchara Valley Airport 07V	Runway Surface Type:	
Airport Elevation:	7153 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	
Runway Used:		IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:		VFR Approach/Landing:	None

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 Minor	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	On-ground
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 Minor	Latitude, Longitude:	37.523887,-105.009162(est)

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Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):

Additional Participating Persons:

Randy Kind; FAA; Denver, CO Sara Irwin; Teledyne Continental Motors; Mobile, AL

Original Publish Date:

May 19, 2011

Last Revision Date:

Investigation Class:

Class

Note:

Investigation Docket:

https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=75279

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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