



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: Gulkana, Alaska Accident Number: ANC09TA092

Date & Time: September 3, 2009, 12:08 Local Registration: N37HY

Aircraft: AVIAT AIRCRAFT INC A-1B Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: Nose over/nose down **Injuries:** 1 None

Flight Conducted Under: Public aircraft

Analysis

The pilot was on a federal public use wildlife surveillance flight under Title 14, Code of Federal Regulations Part 91. The pilot reported that while landing at an off-airport site he applied the brakes too hard and the airplane nosed over. He reported that there were no preaccident mechanical anomalies, and that the airplane sustained substantial damage to both wing lift struts, the vertical stabilizer, and the tops of the wings.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The pilot's excessive use of brakes during an off-airport landing, resulting in the airplane nosing over.

Findings

Aircraft Braking capability - Incorrect use/operation

Personnel issues Use of equip/system - Pilot

Environmental issues Sloped/uneven terrain - Contributed to outcome

Factual Information

History of Flight

Landing-landing roll	Nose over/nose down (Defining event)

On September 3, 2009, about 1208 Alaska daylight time, a tailwheel equipped, Aviat Husky A-1B airplane, N37HY, sustained substantial damage when it nosed over during landing at an off airport site, about 19 miles east of Gulkana, Alaska. The airplane was being operated by the U.S. Park Service, Department of Interior, as a visual flight rules (VFR) public use flight, under Title 14, CFR Part 91, when the accident occurred. The solo commercial pilot was not injured. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed, and company flight following procedures were in effect.

During a telephone conversation with the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) investigator-in-charge (IIC) on September 3, a spokesperson for the Park Service said the pilot was on a wildlife enforcement surveillance flight, and reported that the airplane nosed over during landing at the off airport site. He said there were no known mechanical anomalies with the airplane prior to the accident, and that the airplane sustained substantial damage to the wings, fuselage, and vertical stabilizer.

In a written statement to the NTSB dated September 5, an investigator for the Department of the Interior, reported that the pilot said he had applied the brakes too hard during landing at the off-airport site, and the airplane nosed over.

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Commercial	Age:	45,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Single-engine sea	Seat Occupied:	Front
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 With waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	April 10, 2009
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	April 30, 2008
Flight Time:	1700 hours (Total, all aircraft), 1350 hours (Total, this make and model), 1600 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft)		

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Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	AVIAT AIRCRAFT INC	Registration:	N37HY
Model/Series:	A-1B	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	2037
Landing Gear Type:	Tailwheel	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	August 27, 2009 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	2000 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	2311 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	LYCOMING
ELT:	C126 installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	0-360-A1D
Registered Owner:	UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR	Rated Power:	180 Horsepower
Operator:	UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:	U.S. Park Service	Operator Designator Code:	

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	PAGK,1586 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	19 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	11:53 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	255°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	Overcast / 18000 ft AGL	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	6 knots / 8 knots	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:		Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	29.77 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	12°C / 4°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:			
Departure Point:	Gulkana, AK (GKN)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	Company VFR
Destination:	Gulkana, AK	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	11:36 Local	Type of Airspace:	

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Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	55.920391,-159.489883(est)

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Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Lewis, Lawrence
Additional Participating Persons:	Stephen V Rauch; U.S. Department of the Interior; Boise, ID
Original Publish Date:	August 12, 2010
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>
Note:	
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=74652

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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