



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: Los Lunas, New Mexico Accident Number: CEN09LA345

Date & Time: June 9, 2009, 09:30 Local Registration: N43598

Aircraft: Curtiss Moses Aerolite Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: Collision with terr/obj (non-CFIT) **Injuries:** 1 Serious

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Analysis

The sport pilot was flying his airplane near the home of one of his relatives. The engine "stalled" as he passed over the residence and he decided to land on a gravel road, but changed the intended landing area to an open field. While approaching the field for a landing, the airplane collided with a hidden obstruction. An examination of the airplane and engine was conducted by an inspector from the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA). The fuel selector was found selected to an empty fuel tank, while the other fuel tank contained approximately 2.5 gallons of fuel. Under supervision by the FAA, the engine was started and ran normally under various power settings. Examination of the airplane and engine did not disclose any evidence of a mechanical malfunction.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: A loss of engine power due to fuel starvation as a result of the pilot's fuel mismanagement.

Findings

Aircraft Fuel - Fluid management

Aircraft Fuel selector/shutoff valve - Incorrect use/operation

Personnel issues Use of equip/system - Pilot

Factual Information

History of Flight

Maneuvering Fuel starvation

Maneuvering Loss of engine power (total)

Emergency descent Collision with terr/obj (non-CFIT) (Defining event)

On June 9, 2009, approximately 0930 mountain daylight time, a home-built Aerolite 103, N43598, was substantially damaged during a forced landing following a loss of engine power near Los Lunas, New Mexico. The sport pilot was seriously injured. The airplane was owned and operated by the pilot. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed and no flight plan was filed for the Title 14 Code of Federal Regulations Part 91 personal flight.

According to a statement provided by the pilot, he was flying his airplane near the home of one of his relatives. The engine "stalled" as he passed over the residence and he decided to land on a nearby gravel road. However, during the attempt, the pilot decided that he could not land safely on the road, so he made a "sharp right turn" and descended towards an open field. During the landing, he collided with an obstruction that was later described as a brown metal pipe that was approximately 3 to 4 feet high.

A Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) inspector responded to the accident scene and established flight control continuity to all control surfaces. The airplane was equipped with two 5-gallon "red gas containers" utilized as fuel tanks. One tank contained approximately 2.5 gallons of fuel, while the other tank was empty. The fuel selector was discovered selecting the empty tank. The engine was removed from the airplane and mounted on a stand. Under supervision of the FAA, the engine was run successfully under various power settings. An inspection of the airframe and other airplane systems failed to reveal any anomalies.

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Pilot Information

Certificate:	Sport Pilot	Age:	75,Male
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Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Single
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Sport pilot	Last FAA Medical Exam:	
Occupational Pilot:	UNK	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	571 hours (Total, all aircraft), 14 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 7 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 1 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Curtiss Moses	Registration:	N43598
Model/Series:	Aerolite 103	Aircraft Category:	Ultralight
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	Yes
Airworthiness Certificate:	Experimental (Special)	Serial Number:	AAWI012502115R44
Landing Gear Type:	Tricycle	Seats:	1
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	January 15, 2009 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	600 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	427 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	Rotax
ELT:	Not installed	Engine Model/Series:	503
Registered Owner:	On file	Rated Power:	50 Horsepower
Operator:	On file	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

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Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	ABQ,5355 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	18 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	08:56 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	9°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Few / 9000 ft AGL	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	Broken / 11000 ft AGL	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	5 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	240°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30.12 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	20°C / -2°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	Los Lunas, NM (E58)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	Los Lunas, NM	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:		Type of Airspace:	

Wreckage and Impact Information

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Crew Injuries:	1 Serious	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 Serious	Latitude, Longitude:	34.810508,-106.730834(est)

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Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Aguilera, Jason	
Additional Participating Persons:	Lonnie B Jeffcoat; FAA FSDO; Albuquerque, NM Eric Tucker; Rotax Engine Company; Nassau, FL	
Original Publish Date:	December 29, 2009	
Last Revision Date:		
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>	
Note:		
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=73993	

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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