



# **Aviation Investigation Final Report**

Location: Lake Placid, Florida Accident Number: ERA09CA159

Date & Time: February 7, 2009, 17:00 Local Registration: N1825C

Aircraft: Cessna 170B Aircraft Damage: Substantial

**Defining Event:** Loss of control on ground **Injuries:** 3 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Instructional

#### **Analysis**

The airplane "started to swerve to the right" after the student pilot corrected for a slight left drift while attempting a crosswind landing. Despite an attempt by both the pilot and flight instructor to arrest the right turn by applying "all controls and left brake," the airplane continued to veer to the right and skidded off the runway. During the skid the left wing contacted the runway and was substantially damaged. The instructor reported that the wind was a direct crosswind from the right at approximately 5 knots. The winds recorded at the nearest airport, 30 miles to the east, were from an easterly direction at approximately 6 to 9 knots. In addition, the pilot reported no preaccident mechanical malfunctions/failures.

#### **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The pilot's failure to maintain directional control during the landing. Contributing was the flight instructor's delayed remedial action.

#### **Findings**

Personnel issues Delayed action - Instructor/check pilot

Aircraft Directional control - Not attained/maintained

Personnel issues Aircraft control - Pilot

## **Factual Information**

## History of Flight

Landing-flare/touchdown	Loss of control on ground (Defining event)
Landing-flare/touchdown	Attempted remediation/recovery
Landing-landing roll	Runway excursion

#### **Pilot Information**

Certificate:	Private	Age:	52,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	Yes
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 3 With waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	November 17, 2008
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	June 20, 2007
Flight Time:	468 hours (Total, all aircraft), 1 hours (Total, this make and model), 417 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 3 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft)		

## Flight instructor Information

Certificate:	Commercial; Flight instructor	Age:	70,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Single-engine sea; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Right
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	Glider; Helicopter	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	Yes
Instructor Rating(s):	Airplane single-engine	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 With waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	August 6, 2003
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	January 13, 2006
Flight Time:	3200 hours (Total, all aircraft), 2 hours (Total, this make and model), 3000 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft)		

Page 2 of 5 ERA09CA159

#### **Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information**

Aircraft Make:	Cessna	Registration:	N1825C
Model/Series:	170B	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal; Utility	Serial Number:	25969
Landing Gear Type:	Tailwheel	Seats:	4
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	February 7, 2009 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	2200 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	2713 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	Teledyne Continental
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	C-145-2H
Registered Owner:	On file	Rated Power:	145 Horsepower
Operator:	On file	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

## Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	OBE,34 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	30 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	17:05 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	90°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Thin Overcast / 6000 ft AGL	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	Overcast / 6000 ft AGL	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	6 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	110°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30.45 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	20°C / 10°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	Lake Placid, FL (09FA)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	Lake Placid, FL (09FA)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:		Type of Airspace:	

Page 3 of 5 ERA09CA159

## **Airport Information**

Airport:	Placid Lakes Airport 09FA	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt
Airport Elevation:	130 ft msl	<b>Runway Surface Condition:</b>	Dry
Runway Used:	36	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	4800 ft / 50 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Full stop;Traffic pattern

## Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	2 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	3 None	Latitude, Longitude:	27.245555,-81.413055

Page 4 of 5 ERA09CA159

#### **Administrative Information**

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Diaz, Dennis
Additional Participating Persons:	Steve R Weaver; FAA/FSDO; Orlando, FL
Original Publish Date:	May 6, 2009
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>
Note:	This accident report documents the factual circumstances of this accident as described to the NTSB.
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=73336

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

Page 5 of 5 ERA09CA159