



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location:	Stratford, Oklahoma	Accident Number:	DFW07LA167
Date & Time:	July 20, 2007, 11:00 Local	Registration:	N888TD
Aircraft:	Rotorway 162F	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Defining Event:		Injuries:	1 None
Flight Conducted Under:	Part 91: General aviation - Personal		

Analysis

The 5,770-hour commercial pilot/owner/builder of the single-engine experimental helicopter was in cruise flight at an altitude of approximately 1,000 feet, at an estimated airspeed between 70 and 100 knots, when "the helicopter suddenly yawed to the right." The pilot immediately and simultaneously applied left torque pedal to stop the yaw, lowered the collective, and entered an autorotation into the wind, at an airspeed of 70 knots. The helicopter touched down in an "uneven" field, rolled over, and came to rest on its left side. The pilot added that there were no warnings prior to or during the loss of power. A review of photographs of the damaged helicopter revealed structural damage to the airframe. The pilot reported that he had a total of 10 gallons of fuel on board at the time he departed and there was a small fuel spill at the accident site. At the time of the accident, the helicopter had accrued a total of 60.6 hours. Examination of the engine by the pilot revealed that the supercharger had seized which accounted for the loss of engine power.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The loss of engine power due to a seized supercharger. A contributing factor was the lack of suitable terrain for the forced landing.

Findings

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF ENGINE POWER Phase of Operation: CRUISE Findings
1. (C) EXHAUST SYSTEM, EXTERNAL SUPERCHARGER - SEIZED

Occurrence #2: FORCED LANDING Phase of Operation: EMERGENCY DESCENT/LANDING

Occurrence #3: ROLL OVER Phase of Operation: EMERGENCY LANDING

Findings

2. TERRAIN CONDITION - ROUGH/UNEVEN
 3. (F) TERRAIN CONDITION - NONE SUITABLE

Factual Information

On July 20, 2007, at 1100 central daylight time, a single-engine Lister Rotorway 162F experimental helicopter, N888TD, was substantially damaged during a forced landing to a field following a reported loss of engine power near Stratford, Oklahoma. The commercial pilot, sole occupant of the helicopter, was not injured. The helicopter was registered to and operated by the pilot. No flight plan was filed for the local flight that departed from the pilot's backyard near Stratford, Oklahoma, at 1045. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed for the personal flight conducted under 14 Code of Federal Regulations Part 91.

According to the pilot, the helicopter was in cruise flight at an altitude of approximately 1,000feet, at an estimated airspeed between 70 and 100 knots, when "the helicopter suddenly yawed to the right." The pilot added that he immediately and simultaneously applied left torque pedal to stop the yaw, lowered the collective, and entered an autorotation into the wind, at an airspeed of 70 knots. The pilot landed the helicopter in an "uneven" field, and the helicopter rolled, coming to rest on its left side.

The pilot further stated that there were no warnings prior to or during the loss of engine power and there had been no recent mechanical problems with the helicopter. A review of photographs of the damaged helicopter revealed that the main rotors were twisted, the left landing gear skid was displaced inward, a tail rotor blade had separated, and the tail boom skin was wrinkled. The pilot reported that he had a total of 10 gallons of fuel on board at the time he departed and there was a small fuel spill at the accident site.

Additionally, the pilot reported that he was the builder of the helicopter and the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) had issued an airworthiness certificate in January/February 2007. At the time of the accident, the helicopter had accrued a total of 60.6 hours. Examination of the engine by the pilot revealed that the supercharger had seized, which resulted in the loss of power.

The pilot reported having accumulated a total of 5,770-flight hours, of which 780-hours were in helicopters, with 60.6-hours in the same make and model.

Weather at the Ada Municipal Airport (ADH), near Ada, Oklahoma, located about 16-miles east of the accident site, at 1110, was reported as calm wind, visibility 10 statue miles, scattered clouds at 2,300 feet, scattered clouds at 2,900 feet, temperature 84 degrees Fahrenheit, dewpoint 71 degrees Fahrenheit, and a barometric pressure setting of 30.06 inches of Mercury. The weather report included a remark of lightning south of the airport.

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Commercial; Flight instructor; Private	Age:	62,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Single-engine sea; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	Helicopter	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	Airplane multi-engine; Airplane single-engine; Instrument airplane	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Without waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	August 1, 2006
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	December 1, 2006
Flight Time:	5770 hours (Total, all aircraft), 60 hours (Total, this make and model), 5015 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 16 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 16 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 2 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Rotorway	Registration:	N888TD
Model/Series:	162F	Aircraft Category:	Helicopter
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	Yes
Airworthiness Certificate:	Experimental (Special)	Serial Number:	001
Landing Gear Type:	Skid	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	February 1, 2006 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	1210 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	60.6 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	Rotorway
ELT:	Not installed	Engine Model/Series:	RI 162F
Registered Owner:	Thomas Lister	Rated Power:	150 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	ADH,1016 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	16 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	16:10 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	90°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Scattered / 2300 ft AGL	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	0 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	0°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30.05 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	29°C / 22°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	ation	
Departure Point:	Stratford, OK (NONE)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:		Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	10:45 Local	Type of Airspace:	

Airport Information

Airport:	None	Runway Surface Type:	
Airport Elevation:		Runway Surface Condition:	
Runway Used:		IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:		VFR Approach/Landing:	Forced landing

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	34.79111,-96.956108

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Yeager, Leah
Additional Participating Persons:	Joe Broker; FAA/FSDO; Oklahoma City, OK
Original Publish Date:	November 29, 2007
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>
Note:	
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=66277

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The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 *Code of Federal Regulations* section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b) is available here.