



# **Aviation Investigation Final Report**

Location: Atlanta, Georgia Accident Number: ATL07LA057

Date & Time: March 19, 2007, 21:55 Local Registration: N500JP

Aircraft: Beech 95-B55 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

**Defining Event:** 2 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Positioning

#### **Analysis**

At the initiation of a right engine start, the pilot heard a "thump" and observed fire from the right engine cowling. After engine shutdown, examination of the right wing revealed that the right wing, from the engine nacelle to the wing tip, was damaged. Servicing of the right fuel tank after the accident revealed a leak at the "B-nut" fitting on the output side of the fuel pump, whether the pump was actuated or not. Examination of maintenance records for the accident airplane revealed that the right main fuel cell was replaced approximately 3 months, and 12 flight hours prior to the accident flight.

### **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The improper maintenance of the "B-nut" fitting adjacent to the fuel pump by maintenance personnel, resulting in a fuel leak and wing explosion.

#### **Findings**

Occurrence #1: EXPLOSION

Phase of Operation: STANDING - STARTING ENGINE(S)

- Findings
  1. (C) FUEL SYSTEM,LINE FITTING LEAK
  2. (C) MAINTENANCE,INSTALLATION IMPROPER COMPANY MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL

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#### **Factual Information**

On March 19, 2007, at 2155 eastern daylight time, a Beech 95-B55, N500JP, was substantially damaged following a right wing explosion during engine start at the Fulton County Airport-Brown Field (FTY), Atlanta, Georgia. The airline transport-rated pilot and the commercial pilot rated passenger were not injured. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed and no flight plan was filed for the positioning flight from FTY to Cobb County Airport-Mc Collum Field (RYY), Atlanta, Georgia. The airplane was registered to Caravan Leasing LLC and operated by Midline Airfreight Incorporated under the provisions of Title 14 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 91.

The pilot stated that he landed at FTY to drop off a passenger, before returning the airplane to its home base. He said that after conducting a preflight inspection he started the left engine normally. He then primed the right engine with the electric fuel boost pump selected to "high boost," and initiated a right engine start. During the start, he heard a "thump" from the right side of the airplane, observed a small fire from the right engine cowling, and immediately stopped the engine. The pilot and passenger exited the airplane and noticed severe damage to the right wing from the engine nacelle to the wing tip.

During a telephone interview, the passenger stated that another company pilot reported a fuel leak from the same wing two weeks prior to the accident. The passenger further stated that he flew on the airplane five times after that report but never noticed a fuel leak.

Examination of the right wing revealed that the wing tip was split open, and the remainder of the wing was ruptured from the landing gear wheel well to the wing tip. An examination of the fuel system revealed that the fuel cell was not breached, neither were any of the fuel lines. Inspection of the wiring system did not reveal any chaffing or broken wiring throughout the wing, and all of the electric wiring was properly harnessed.

During examination and testing of the right main fuel tank, it was serviced with 29.2 gallons of fuel, which filled the tank. During the servicing, a "B-nut" fitting on the output side of the fuel boost pump leaked. The fuel that leaked from the fitting measured approximately "10 drops of fuel per-minute," and collected in the wheel well area. The fuel boost pump was then actuated in the "high-boost" position, and the "B-nut" fitting leaked at the same rate.

Examination of the maintenance logbooks revealed that the right wing fuel cell was replaced on December 29, 2006, at 3197.5 total aircraft hours. At the time of the accident, the airplane had accrued 3209.5 total aircraft hours.

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#### **Pilot Information**

Certificate:	Airline transport; Flight instructor	Age:	66,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Single-engine sea; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	Airplane multi-engine; Airplane single-engine; Instrument airplane	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 1 Without waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	September 1, 2006
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	March 1, 2007
Flight Time:	30650 hours (Total, all aircraft), 775 hours (Total, this make and model), 23280 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 272 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 94 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 3 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

## **Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information**

Aircraft Make:	Beech	Registration:	N500JP
Model/Series:	95-B55	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	TC-2396
Landing Gear Type:	Retractable - Tricycle	Seats:	6
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	December 1, 2006 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	4880 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	12 Hrs	Engines:	2 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	3209 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	Continental
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	10-470
Registered Owner:	Caravan Leasing LLC	Rated Power:	260 Horsepower
Operator:	Midline Airfreight Inc.	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:	Corp Jet	Operator Designator Code:	E7TA

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## **Meteorological Information and Flight Plan**

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	KFTY,841 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	0 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	21:53 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	0°
<b>Lowest Cloud Condition:</b>	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	/	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:		Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30.26 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	9°C / 1°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	ATLANTA, GA (FTY)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	ATLANTA, GA (RYY)	Type of Clearance:	Unknown
Departure Time:	21:55 Local	Type of Airspace:	

## **Airport Information**

Airport:	FULTON COUNTY AIRPORT- BROWN FI FTY	Runway Surface Type:	
Airport Elevation:	841 ft msl	<b>Runway Surface Condition:</b>	
Runway Used:		IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:		VFR Approach/Landing:	None

## Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	On-ground
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	On-ground
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	33.773887,-84.519447

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#### **Administrative Information**

Investigator In Charge (IIC): Alleyne, Eric

Additional Participating Persons:

Original Publish Date: June 30, 2008

Last Revision Date:

Investigation Class: Class

Note:

Investigation Docket: https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=65513

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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