



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: Show Low, Arizona Accident Number: LAX06LA240

Date & Time: July 20, 2006, 10:55 Local Registration: N6516E

Aircraft: Cessna 175 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: 1 Serious

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Analysis

The airplane veered off the runway during landing and collided with a ditch and a vehicle. Ground witnesses said that just after touchdown the airplane veered to the left off the runway, hit a drainage ditch, and became airborne again. The pilot opted to perform a go-around and added power. During the takeoff attempt, the airplane collided with a vehicle. The pilot reported no preimpact mechanical malfunctions or failures that would have precluded normal operation.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: the pilot's failure to maintain directional control during landing.

Findings

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF CONTROL - ON GROUND/WATER Phase of Operation: LANDING - FLARE/TOUCHDOWN

Findings

1. (C) DIRECTIONAL CONTROL - NOT MAINTAINED - PILOT IN COMMAND

2. (C) GROUND LOOP/SWERVE - NOT CORRECTED - PILOT IN COMMAND

Occurrence #2: ON GROUND/WATER COLLISION WITH OBJECT

Phase of Operation: LANDING

Findings
3. OBJECT - VEHICLE

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Factual Information

On July 20, 2006, about 1055 mountain standard time, a Cessna 175, N6516E, veered of the runway and collided with a vehicle while landing at Show Low Regional Airport, Show Low, Arizona. The pilot/co-owner was operating the airplane under the provisions of 14 CFR Part 91. The private pilot, the sole occupant, sustained serious injuries; the airplane sustained substantial damage. The personal local area flight departed from Show Low at about 1020. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed, and a flight plan had not been filed.

A National Transportation Safety Board investigator conducted a telephone interview with a witness about 10 minutes after the accident transpired. He stated that while taxiing his airplane, he observed the accident airplane on the final approach leg of the traffic pattern for runway 21. The accident airplane touched down on the runway surface just upwind of the runway identifier markings (numbers). The right wing lifted and the airplane subsequently veered to the left of the runway centerline. The airplane continued left off the runway and encountered a ditch that was situated between the runway and taxiway.

The witness further stated that after encountering the ditch, the accident airplane bounced and became temporarily airborne. The airplane continued toward the taxiway. He heard the engine increase in revolutions per minute (rpm), which he thought was consistent with the pilot attempting to make a go-around. The airplane headed toward a row of hangars and collided with a vehicle. The witness taxied to the accident location and aided the pilot with shutting down and securing the engine. The pilot told him that she had problems landing and then did not have enough time or engine power to become airborne again.

The witness added that he had been watching the accident airplane prior to the mishap. He observed the pilot perform about four to five touch-and-go practice takeoffs and landings. He estimated that the wind condition at the time of the accident was about 8 to 10 knots from a southerly direction.

In a written statement, the pilot reported that she completed four practice touch-and-go takeoffs and landings on runway 21. On her fifth landing, the airplane touched down and subsequently swung to the left. She experienced a loss of directional control and opted to perform a go-around by increasing the engine power. The airplane continued to the left of the runway and collided with a vehicle. The pilot reported no preimpact mechanical malfunctions or failures that would have precluded normal operation.

The Airport/Facility Directory, Southwest U. S., indicated Show Low runway 21 was 3,937 feet long and 60 feet wide.

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Pilot Information

Certificate:	Private	Age:	56,Female
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 3 With waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	July 1, 2005
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	August 1, 2004
Flight Time:	401 hours (Total, all aircraft), 107 hours (Total, this make and model), 312 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 6 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 4 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 1 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Cessna	Registration:	N6516E
Model/Series:	175	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	56016
Landing Gear Type:	Tricycle	Seats:	4
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	December 1, 2005 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	2350 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	19.28 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	3686.2 Hrs	Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:	Installed, activated, did not aid in locating accident	Engine Model/Series:	O-360-AIA
Registered Owner:	On file	Rated Power:	180 Horsepower
Operator:	On file	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

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Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	SOW,6415 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	0 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	10:50 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	6 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	190°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30.37 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	28°C / 9°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	ation	
Departure Point:	Show Low, AZ (SOW)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	Show Low, AZ (SOW)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	10:20 Local	Type of Airspace:	

Airport Information

Airport:	Show Low Regional SOW	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt
Airport Elevation:	6415 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Dry
Runway Used:	21	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	3937 ft / 60 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Touch and go

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 Serious	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 Serious	Latitude, Longitude:	34.265277,-110.005554

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Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC): Keliher, Zoe

Additional Participating Persons:

Original Publish Date: May 29, 2007

Last Revision Date:
Investigation Class: Class

Note:

Investigation Docket: https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=64172

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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