

Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location:	Rhinebeck, New York	Accident Number:	NYC04LA192
Date & Time:	August 14, 2004, 15:40 Local	Registration:	N11478
Aircraft:	Waco QCF	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Defining Event:		Injuries:	1 None
Flight Conducted Under:	Part 91: General aviation - Personal		

Analysis

During the initial climb after takeoff, the airplane experienced a partial loss of engine power, and the pilot elected to perform a forced landing to the grass at the runway overrun. During the landing, the airplane's lower left wing, propeller and left wing were damaged. The pilot reported that the airplane was fueled, and then flew normally for about 25 minutes earlier on the day of the accident. On scene examination of the engine, which included an inspection of intake, exhaust, and fuel system, did not reveal any pre-impact malfunctions. A subsequent teardown of the engine did not reveal any catastrophic failures; however, a mechanic reported that bench testing of the magnetos revealed that they both contained open secondary windings. During an interview, the mechanic further stated that the problem with the magnetos was not apparent until they were heated to a temperature of about 130 degrees.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: A partial loss of engine power due to a magneto failure.

Findings

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF ENGINE POWER(PARTIAL) - MECH FAILURE/MALF Phase of Operation: TAKEOFF - INITIAL CLIMB

Findings 1. (C) IGNITION SYSTEM, MAGNETO - FAILURE -----

Occurrence #2: FORCED LANDING Phase of Operation: DESCENT - EMERGENCY

Occurrence #3: ON GROUND/WATER ENCOUNTER WITH TERRAIN/WATER Phase of Operation: DESCENT - EMERGENCY

Findings 2. TERRAIN CONDITION - GROUND

Factual Information

On August 14, 2004, about 1540 eastern daylight time, a Waco QCF, N11478, was substantially damaged during a forced landing, when it experienced a partial loss of engine power during the initial climb after takeoff from Old Rhinebeck Airport, Rhinebeck, New York. The certificated commercial pilot was not injured. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed and no flight plan had been filed for the personal flight conducted under 14 CFR Part 91.

The airplane was departing to the south, on a 2,200-foot-long, 75-foot-wide, turf runway.

The pilot reported that the airplane lifted off the runway normally; however, after it had over flown about 3/4 of the runway, the airplane experienced a "dramatic" loss of engine power. The pilot elected to retard the throttle, and perform a forced landing to the grass at the runway overrun. During the landing, the airplane's lower left wing, propeller and left wing were damaged.

The pilot reported that the airplane was fueled, and then flew normally for about 25 minutes earlier on the day of the accident.

On scene examination of the engine by a Federal Aviation Administration Inspector did not reveal any pre-impact malfunctions. The examination included an inspection of the intake, exhaust, and fuel system. A subsequent teardown of the engine did not reveal any catastrophic failures; however, a mechanic reported that bench testing of the magnetos revealed that they both contained open secondary windings. During an interview, the mechanic further stated that the problem with the magnetos was not apparent until they were heated to a temperature of about 130 degrees.

The airplane was equipped with a Continental W670 engine. According to maintenance records, the engine was overhauled on December 29, 1997. The engine had been operated for about 100 hours at the time of the accident.

The pilot reported that the airplane had been operated for about 18 hours since it's most recent annual inspection, which was performed on December 16, 2003.

A weather observation taken at an airport located about 24 miles south of the accident site, at 1553, included a temperature and dew point of 79 and 63 degrees F, respectively. Review of a carburetor icing probability chart placed the reported temperature and dew point in the "serious icing at glide power" range of the chart.

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Commercial	Age:	45,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Center
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Valid Medicalw/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	February 17, 2004
Occupational Pilot:	UNK	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	November 22, 2003
Flight Time:	631 hours (Total, all aircraft), 103 hours (Total, this make and model), 512 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 19 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 10 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Waco	Registration:	N11478
Model/Series:	QCF	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	3559
Landing Gear Type:	Tailwheel	Seats:	3
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	December 1, 2003 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	2300 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	18 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	3149 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	Continental
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	W670
Registered Owner:	Daniel J. Taylor	Rated Power:	220 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	POU,165 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	24 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	15:53 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	180°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Scattered / 7000 ft AGL	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	4 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	270°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30.15 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	26°C / 17°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	tion	
Departure Point:	Rhinebeck, NY (NY94)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:		Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	15:40 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

Airport Information

Airport:	Old Rhinebeck NY94	Runway Surface Type:	Dirt;Grass/turf
Airport Elevation:		Runway Surface Condition:	Dry
Runway Used:	S	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	2200 ft / 75 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Forced landing

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	41.971389,-73.862777

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Schiada, Luke	
Additional Participating Persons:	Ken Symons; Teterboro FSDO; Saddle Brook, NJ	
Original Publish Date:	September 13, 2005	
Last Revision Date:		
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>	
Note:		
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=59910	

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The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 *Code of Federal Regulations* section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b) is available here.