

Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location:	Lansing, Illinois	Accident Number:	CHI04CA179
Date & Time:	July 5, 2004, 11:00 Local	Registration:	N620CR
Aircraft:	Waco YMF-FSC	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Defining Event:		Injuries:	1 None
Flight Conducted Under:	Part 91: General aviation - Personal		

Analysis

The airplane was damaged when it cart wheeled and came to rest on its nose during landing. The pilot stated that the airplane had departed the prepared runway surface due to crosswind gusts and was rolling on the grass adjacent to the runway when the main landing gear struck a "ravine." No mechanical deficiencies were reported.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The pilot's inadequate compensation for wind conditions and his failure to maintain directional control. The crosswind and the ditch were contributing factors.

Findings

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF CONTROL - ON GROUND/WATER Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

Findings

1. (F) WEATHER CONDITION - CROSSWIND

2. (C) DIRECTIONAL CONTROL - NOT MAINTAINED - PILOT IN COMMAND

3. (C) COMPENSATION FOR WIND CONDITIONS - INADEQUATE - PILOT IN COMMAND

Occurrence #2: ON GROUND/WATER ENCOUNTER WITH TERRAIN/WATER Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

Findings 4. (F) TERRAIN CONDITION - DITCH

Factual Information

On July 5, 2004, about 1100 central daylight time, a Waco YMF-FSC, N620CR, piloted by a private pilot, was substantially damaged during landing on runway 36 (4,002 feet by 75 feet, asphalt), at the Lansing Municipal Airport, Lansing, Illinois. The 14 CFR Part 91 personal flight was operating in visual meteorological conditions without a flight plan. The pilot was not injured. The local flight originated about 1030.

In a written report, the pilot stated that the airplane ran off runway due to crosswind gusts of 10 to15 knots. The pilot stated that he was letting the plane run off on the grass parallel to the runway to dissipate speed prior to re-entering the runway because of poor forward visibility in the conventional geared airplane. The pilot stated that as the plane was rolling on the grass, the main landing gear wheels struck a ravine with the right wheel dropping more than the left wheel which caused the airplane to "cartwheel onto the nose." The pilot reported no mechanical deficiencies with respect to the airplane.

Thethethethethethethethethethethethetheth			
Certificate:	Private	Age:	63,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 3 Valid Medicalw/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	November 21, 2003
Occupational Pilot:		Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	July 30, 2002
Flight Time:	1274 hours (Total, all aircraft), 113 hours (Total, this make and model)		

Pilot Information

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Waco	Registration:	N620CR
YMF-FSC	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
	Amateur Built:	
Normal	Serial Number:	FSC095
Tailwheel	Seats:	
	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	
	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
	Engine Manufacturer:	Jacobs
	Engine Model/Series:	R755
Scott B. Rose	Rated Power:	275
Charles L. Rose	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
	YMF-FSC Normal Tailwheel Scott B. Rose	YMF-FSCAircraft Category:NormalAmateur Built:NormalSerial Number:TailwheelSeats:Certified Max Gross Wt.:Certified Max Gross Wt.:Engines:Engines:Scott B. RoseRated Power:Charles L. RoseOperating Certificate(s)

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:		Distance from Accident Site:	
Observation Time:		Direction from Accident Site:	
Lowest Cloud Condition:		Visibility	
Lowest Ceiling:		Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	/	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:		Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:		Temperature/Dew Point:	
Precipitation and Obscuration:			
Departure Point:	Lansing, IL (KIGQ)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:		Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:		Type of Airspace:	Class E

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	
Total Injuries:	1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	41.534999,-87.529441

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Brannen, John
Additional Participating Persons:	
Original Publish Date:	September 29, 2004
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>
Note:	This accident report documents the factual circumstances of this accident as described to the NTSB.
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=59769

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 *Code of Federal Regulations* section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b) is available here.