

Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location:	Saint Johns, Arizona	Accident Number:	LAX03LA260
Date & Time:	August 22, 2003, 06:30 Local	Registration:	N3182H
Aircraft:	Ercoupe 415-C	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Defining Event:		Injuries:	1 None
Flight Conducted Under:	Part 91: General aviation - Personal		

Analysis

The airplane lost engine power and collided with a ditch while executing a forced landing to a dirt road. Just before the pilot turned on to an extended final approach to the runway, the "engine started hammering." The pilot was not able to increase the engine power enough to maintain level flight. He landed on a dirt road one and a half miles east of the airport. Upon landing, the airplane veered off a curve in the road into a drainage ditch, collapsing the nose gear. The airplane then nosed over on the other side of the ditch. Examination of the engine revealed a failed exhaust valve on the number two cylinder.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The failure of the exhaust valve on the number two engine cylinder, which resulted in a partial loss of engine power during the final approach to land, and an on ground collision with a ditch during the subsequent off-airport landing roll.

Findings

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF ENGINE POWER(PARTIAL) - MECH FAILURE/MALF Phase of Operation: APPROACH - VFR PATTERN - BASE LEG/BASE TO FINAL Findings 1. (C) ENGINE ASSEMBLY, VALVE, EXHAUST - FAILURE, TOTAL

Occurrence #2: FORCED LANDING Phase of Operation: EMERGENCY LANDING

Occurrence #3: ON GROUND/WATER ENCOUNTER WITH TERRAIN/WATER Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

Findings 2. TERRAIN CONDITION - DITCH

Factual Information

On August 22, 2003, at 0630 mountain standard time, an Ercoupe 415-C, N3182H, collided with a drainage ditch during a forced landing following a loss of engine power near Saint Johns, Arizona. The student pilot/owner was operating the airplane under the provisions of 14 CFR Part 91. The pilot was not injured, and the airplane sustained substantial damaged. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed, and no flight plan had been filed. The local flight originated at Saint Johns Industrial Airpark about 0545.

The pilot reported to the National Transportation Safety Board investigator-in-charge (IIC) that he had been flying south east of Saint Johns Industrial Airpark, and was approaching runway 32 for landing. Just before he turned onto an extended final approach the "engine started hammering." The pilot was not able to increase the engine power enough to maintain level flight. He executed a forced landing on a dirt road one and half miles east of the airport. Upon landing, the airplane veered off a curve in the road into a drainage ditch, which collapsed the nose gear. The airplane then nosed over on the other side of the ditch.

Engine data

The Teledyne Continental C-75-12 engine received its last annual inspection on November 7, 2002. The number 1 cylinder assembly had been replaced on January 18, 2003. The engine logbook records that on January 18, 2003, the time since overhaul was 899.39 hours, and the total engine time was 2,538.38 hours. The date of the last engine overhaul was July 20, 1967.

The airplane had a Federal Aviation Administration Supplemental Type Certificate (SE634GL) approving the use of unleaded automotive gasoline.

A Teledyne Continental Service Information Letter, SIL98-9A, specifies the recommended time between engine overhauls. For the C75 engine, it listed the time between overhaul (TBO) as 1,800 hours or 12 years, which ever occurred first.

Engine Examination

A Federal Aviation Administration inspector examined the airplane's engine and reported that the exhaust valve on the number two cylinder had separated at the stem. The spark plug on the number four cylinder was loose.

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Student	Age:	45,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	None	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 3 Valid Medicalw/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	March 3, 2003
Occupational Pilot:	UNK	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	25 hours (Total, all aircraft), 23 hours (Total, this make and model), 14 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 16 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 11 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Ercoupe	Registration:	N3182H
Model/Series:	415-C	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	3807
Landing Gear Type:	Tricycle	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	November 7, 2002 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	1260 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	103.8 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	2659.4 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	Continental
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	C-75-12
Registered Owner:	John B Richardson	Rated Power:	85 Horsepower
Operator:	Robert Greenwade	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	KSJN,5733 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	
Observation Time:	06:54 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	4 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	160°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30.26 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	19°C / 15°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	ation	
Departure Point:	Saint Johns, AZ (SJN)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	(SJN)	Type of Clearance:	VFR
Departure Time:	05:45 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class E

Airport Information

Airport:	St Johns Airport KSJN	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt
Airport Elevation:	5736 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Dry
Runway Used:	32	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	5323 ft / 75 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Unknown

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	34.516666,-109.366668

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	McKenny, Van
Additional Participating Persons:	John Eller; Federal Aviation Administration Scottsdale FSDO; Scottsdale, AZ
Original Publish Date:	December 28, 2004
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>
Note:	
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=57772

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 *Code of Federal Regulations* section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b) is available here.