



# **Aviation Investigation Final Report**

Location: Wasilla, Alaska Accident Number: ANC03LA079

Date & Time: July 14, 2003, 20:10 Local Registration: N7699K

Aircraft: Piper PA-20 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

**Defining Event:** 2 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

### **Analysis**

The pilot reported that during the landing roll, the tailwheel-equipped airplane veered to the left. He said he overcorrected, and the airplane veered sharply to the right, exited the right side of the runway, and collided with a ditch. He indicated that the landing gear subsequently collapsed, and the wings and fuselage sustained substantial damage.

### **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The pilot's failure to maintain directional control during the landing roll, which resulted in the airplane's collision with a ditch, and the collapse of the main landing gear.

### **Findings**

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF CONTROL - ON GROUND/WATER

Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

**Findings** 

1. (C) DIRECTIONAL CONTROL - NOT MAINTAINED - PILOT IN COMMAND

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Occurrence #2: ON GROUND/WATER ENCOUNTER WITH TERRAIN/WATER

Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

**Findings** 

#### 2. TERRAIN CONDITION - DITCH

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Occurrence #3: MAIN GEAR COLLAPSED Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

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#### **Factual Information**

On July 14, 2003, about 2010 Alaska daylight time, a tailwheel-equipped Piper PA-20 airplane, N7699K, sustained substantial damage when it exited the runway during the landing roll, and collided with a ditch at the Wasilla Airport, Wasilla, Alaska. The airplane was being operated by the pilot as a visual flight rules (VFR) personal flight under Title 14, CFR Part 91 when the accident occurred. The private pilot and sole passenger were not injured. The flight departed the Anderson Lake Airstrip, Wasilla, about 2010, visual meteorological conditions prevailed, and no flight plan was filed.

During a telephone conversation with the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) investigator-in-charge (IIC) on July 15, the pilot said during the landing roll, the airplane veered to the left. He said he overcorrected, and the airplane veered sharply to the right, exited the right side of the runway, and collided with a ditch. He said the landing gear collapsed, and the wings and fuselage sustained substantial damage. The pilot said prior to the accident there were no known mechanical problems with the airplane.

#### **Pilot Information**

Certificate:	Flight engineer; Private	Age:	47,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Valid Medicalw/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	November 25, 2002
Occupational Pilot:	UNK	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	March 10, 2003
Flight Time:	1150 hours (Total, all aircraft), 55 hours (Total, this make and model), 950 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft)		

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## **Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information**

Aircraft Make:	Piper	Registration:	N7699K
Model/Series:	PA-20	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	20-520
Landing Gear Type:	Tailwheel	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	August 13, 2002 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	1950 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	20 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:		Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	O320B2B
Registered Owner:	John Boyd	Rated Power:	160 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

## Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:		Distance from Accident Site:	
Observation Time:		Direction from Accident Site:	
<b>Lowest Cloud Condition:</b>	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	/	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:		Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:		Temperature/Dew Point:	18°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	ation	
Departure Point:	Anderson Lake, AK (0AK1)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	Wasilla, AK (PAWS)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	20:10 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

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## **Airport Information**

Airport:	Wasilla PAWS	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt
Airport Elevation:	354 ft msl	<b>Runway Surface Condition:</b>	Dry
Runway Used:	21	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	3700 ft / 75 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Full stop;Traffic pattern

## Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	61.571666,-149.540283

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#### **Administrative Information**

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Lewis, Lawrence	
Additional Participating Persons:	David M Withrow; FAA Anchorage FSDO-03; Anchorage, AK	
Original Publish Date:	November 25, 2003	
Last Revision Date:		
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>	
Note:		
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=57496	

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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