

Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location:	Gooding, Idaho	Accident Number:	SEA03CA119
Date & Time:	June 27, 2003, 12:30 Local	Registration :	N2825X
Aircraft:	Cessna P206	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Defining Event:		Injuries:	4 None
Flight Conducted Under:	Part 91: General aviation - Personal		

Analysis

The pilot reported that he inadvertently took off with a tow bar still attached to the airplane's nose gear. The pilot subsequently returned to the airport for landing. The pilot reported that during the landing the airplane touched down and bounced back into the air. When it touched down a second time the nose gear collapsed resulting in substantial damage to the fuselage.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: Improper flare while landing. Factors include inadequate preflight preparation and a tow bar that had not been removed prior to the flight.

Findings

Occurrence #1: HARD LANDING Phase of Operation: LANDING

Findings

1. RECOVERY FROM BOUNCED LANDING - INADEQUATE - PILOT IN COMMAND 2. (C) FLARE - INADEQUATE - PILOT IN COMMAND

3. (F) MISC EQPT/FURNISHINGS, TOW BAR - NOT REMOVED

4. (F) PREFLIGHT PLANNING/PREPARATION - INADEQUATE - PILOT IN COMMAND

Occurrence #2: NOSE GEAR COLLAPSED Phase of Operation: LANDING

Factual Information

On June 27, 2003, about 1230 mountain daylight time, a Cessna P206, N2825X, sustained substantial damage subsequent to a bounced landing on runway 25 at the Gooding Municipal Airport, Gooding, Idaho. The airplane is owned by the pilot, and was being operated as a visual flight rules (VFR) cross-country flight under the provisions of Title 14, CFR Part 91. The private pilot and three passengers aboard the airplane were not injured. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed, and no flight plan was filed for the flight. The flight originated from Gooding, 15 minutes prior to the accident. The pilot's planned destination was Mount Vernon, Washington.

During a telephone interview and subsequent written statement, the pilot reported that he inadvertently took off with a tow bar still attached to the airplane's nose gear. The pilot subsequently returned to the airport for landing. The pilot reported that during the landing the airplane touched down and bounced back into the air. When it touched down a second time the nose gear collapsed resulting in substantial damage to the fuselage.

Pilot Information			
Certificate:	Private	Age:	39,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	
Instructor Rating(s):		Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 3	Last FAA Medical Exam:	February 5, 2003
Occupational Pilot:		Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	197 hours (Total, all aircraft), 137 hours (Total, this make and model)		

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Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Cessna	Registration:	N2825X
Model/Series:	P206	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	P206-0025
Landing Gear Type:	Tricycle	Seats:	
Date/Type of Last Inspection:		Certified Max Gross Wt.:	3300 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:		Engine Manufacturer:	Continental
ELT:		Engine Model/Series:	10-520
Registered Owner:	Oren H. Devries	Rated Power:	
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:		Distance from Accident Site:	
Observation Time:		Direction from Accident Site:	
Lowest Cloud Condition:		Visibility	
Lowest Ceiling:		Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	/	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:		Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:		Temperature/Dew Point:	
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	ation	
Departure Point:	GOODING, ID (GNG)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	Gooding , ID (GNG)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:		Type of Airspace:	Class G

Airport Information

Airport:	GOODING MUNI GNG	Runway Surface Type:	
Airport Elevation:		Runway Surface Condition:	
Runway Used:	25	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:		VFR Approach/Landing:	

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	3 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	
Total Injuries:	4 None	Latitude, Longitude:	42.916942,-114.764999

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Hogenson, Dennis
Additional Participating Persons:	
Original Publish Date:	November 25, 2003
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>
Note:	This accident report documents the factual circumstances of this accident as described to the NTSB.
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=57351

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 *Code of Federal Regulations* section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b) is available here.