



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: West Chicago, Illinois Accident Number: CHI03LA143

Date & Time: June 1, 2003, 21:30 Local Registration: N21737

Aircraft: Mooney M20S Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: 3 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation

Analysis

The airplane landed hard at night and bounced twice, subsequently veering off the runway and striking several airport lights and signs during an attempted aborted landing. The pilot reported he flared too high and was unable to recover from the bounced landing, he subsequently attempted to abort the landing and was unsuccessful.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The pilot's improper flare, and the pilot's failure to maintain directional control. Contributing factors were the pilot's improper flare and his inadequate recovery from a bounced landing.

Findings

Occurrence #1: HARD LANDING

Phase of Operation: LANDING - FLARE/TOUCHDOWN

Findings

1. (C) FLARE - IMPROPER - PILOT IN COMMAND

- 2. (C) RECOVERY FROM BOUNCED LANDING INADEQUATE PILOT IN COMMAND
- 3. (C) ABORTED LANDING NOT SUCCESSFUL PILOT IN COMMAND
- 4. (F) LIGHT CONDITION NIGHT

Occurrence #2: LOSS OF CONTROL - ON GROUND/WATER

Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

Findings

5. DIRECTIONAL CONTROL - NOT MAINTAINED - PILOT IN COMMAND

Occurrence #3: ON GROUND/WATER COLLISION WITH OBJECT

Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

Findings

6. (F) OBJECT - AIRPORT SIGN/MARKER

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Factual Information

On June 1, 2003, at 2130 central daylight time, a Mooney M20S, N21737, piloted by a commercial pilot, sustained substantial damage when it veered off the side of the runway and collided with airport signs and markings after a hard landing on runway 10 (4,751 feet by 75 feet, asphalt), at Dupage Airport (DPA), West Chicago, Illinois. The pilot and two passengers were uninjured. Night visual meteorological conditions prevailed at the time of the accident. The business flight was operating under the provisions of 14 CFR Part 91 without a flight plan. The flight originated from Eagle County Regional Airport (EGE), Eagle, Colorado, at 1500 mountain daylight time.

The pilot stated, "The flare was too high, the aircraft dropped to the runway and bounced." The pilot noted the aircraft bounced twice, and on the second bounce he attempted a go-around. The pilot reported applying full throttle and raising "what was thought to be one notch of flaps." The pilot reported the aircraft swerved left and then was "overcorrected right" and subsequently swerved off the right side of the runway, striking fixed objects with the wing. The pilot reported he reduced the throttle to idle when the aircraft ran onto a taxiway. The pilot indicated the nose gear collapsed when the aircraft transitioned from the grass onto the taxiway.

The on-sight investigation revealed that the aircraft exited the left edge of runway 10 at taxiway E-6. The aircraft's right wingtip was found at the intersection of taxiway E-6 and runway 10. A runway light was found damaged near the path of the left landing gear. The wreckage pattern and markings, including eight propeller strikes, continued to the east of runway 20 right. The left main landing gear was found separated from the rest of the aircraft. The taxiway sign for taxiway C was damaged and found next to the wreckage path. The aircraft came to a stop at the intersection of taxiways C and G.

Inspection of the airplane revealed that the flap handle was in the "up" position, and the flaps were in the fully retracted position. The tail of the aircraft showed scraping along its underside, and the tailskid was damaged. The blades were broken from the propeller hub, exhibited blade twist, and were bent aft. The left main landing gear was broken off, and the nose gear was collapsed. The leading edge of the right wing was dented about two-thirds of the way up the span from the fuselage in a pattern consistent with striking an airport sign.

The weather reporting facility located at DPA, reported the winds at 2153 as 120 degrees at 4 knots.

The pilot reported no mechanical problems with the aircraft or powerplant.

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Pilot Information

Certificate:	Commercial	Age:	48,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	Airplane single-engine; Instrument airplane	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Valid Medicalno waivers/lim.	Last FAA Medical Exam:	July 1, 2002
Occupational Pilot:	UNK	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	March 16, 2002
Flight Time:	1150 hours (Total, all aircraft), 103 hours (Total, this make and model), 1007 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 100 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 50 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 5 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Mooney	Registration:	N21737
Model/Series:	M20S	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	30-0004
Landing Gear Type:	Retractable - Tricycle	Seats:	4
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	June 30, 2002 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	3200 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	445 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	Continental
ELT:	Installed, activated, did not aid in locating accident	Engine Model/Series:	IO-550G
Registered Owner:	Galloway Air LLC	Rated Power:	300 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

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Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Night/dark
Observation Facility, Elevation:	DPA,758 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	0 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	21:53 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	0°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	4 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	120°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30.04 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	13°C / 3°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	Eagle, CO (EGE)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	West Chicago, IL (DPA)	Type of Clearance:	VFR
Departure Time:	15:00 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class D

Airport Information

Airport:	Dupage Airport DPA	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt
Airport Elevation:	758 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Dry
Runway Used:	10	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	4751 ft / 75 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Straight-in

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	2 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	3 None	Latitude, Longitude:	41.907775,-88.248611

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Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):

Additional Participating
Persons:

Original Publish Date:
December 30, 2003

Last Revision Date:
Investigation Class:
Class
Note:
Investigation Docket:
https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=57116

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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