



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: Pecos, Texas Accident Number: FTW03LA138

Date & Time: April 22, 2003, 13:30 Local Registration: N1667Y

Aircraft: Cessna 172C Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: 1 Minor, 2 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Analysis

The pilot was unable to locate the intended destination airstrip and attempted to land on an open road. During the landing flare, the airplane encountered a "hard" gust of wind from the right. The airplane began moving to the left and the left main landing gear contacted a dirt mound. The pilot advanced the throttle and attempted to realign the airplane with the road; however, was unsuccessful. Subsequently, the airplane contacted a fence and the ground. According to the pilot, at the time of the accident the wind was from the southwest at 10 knots, gusting to 20 knots.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The failure of the pilot to maintain aircraft control while landing. A contributing factor was the gusty wind condition.

Findings

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF CONTROL - ON GROUND/WATER Phase of Operation: LANDING - FLARE/TOUCHDOWN

Findings

- 1. (C) AIRCRAFT CONTROL NOT MAINTAINED PILOT IN COMMAND
- 2. (F) WEATHER CONDITION GUSTS
- 3. (F) BECAME LOST/DISORIENTED PILOT IN COMMAND

Occurrence #2: IN FLIGHT COLLISION WITH TERRAIN/WATER Phase of Operation: LANDING - FLARE/TOUCHDOWN

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Factual Information

On April 22, 2003, approximately 1330 central daylight time, a Cessna 172C airplane, N1667Y, was substantially damaged following a loss of control while landing on a road (FM 2119), near Pecos, Texas. The airplane was registered to American Energy Pecos County of Pecos, and was operated by the pilot. The private pilot and one passenger were not injured, and one passenger sustained a minor injury. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed, and a flight plan was not filed for the 14 Code of Federal Regulations Part 91 personal flight. The crosscountry flight originated from Fort Stockton, Texas, and was destined for a private airstrip located 40 miles northwest of Pecos.

According to the pilot, the purpose of the flight was to visit property, located 40 miles northwest of Pecos. He was aware of a private airstrip located on the property and flew to the property; however, was unable to locate the airstrip. Subsequently, he identified a suitable road, FM 2119 and attempted to land. During the landing flare (to the north), the airplane encountered a "hard" gust of wind from the right. The airplane began drifting to the left and the left main landing gear contacted a dirt mound. The pilot advanced the throttle and attempted to realign the airplane with the road; however, was unsuccessful. Subsequently, the airplane contacted a fence and the ground.

According to the pilot, at the time of the accident the wind was from the southwest at 10 knots, gusting to 20 knots.

The pilot reported, the propeller blades were bent, the engine firewall was buckled, both wingtips and the right wing spar were damaged.

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Pilot Information

Ocutificator	Drivete	A	46 Mala
Certificate:	Private	Age:	46,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Valid Medicalw/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	December 23, 2002
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	April 18, 2003
Flight Time:	77 hours (Total, all aircraft), 75 hours (Total, this make and model), 40 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 37 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 35 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 1 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Cessna	Registration:	N1667Y
Model/Series:	172C	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	17249367
Landing Gear Type:	Tricycle	Seats:	4
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	June 24, 2002 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	2250 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	45.6 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	4253 Hrs as of last inspection	Engine Manufacturer:	Continental
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	O-300-D
Registered Owner:	American Energy Pecos County	Rated Power:	145 Horsepower
Operator:	Gary W. Weddle	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:	N/A	Operator Designator Code:	

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Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:		Distance from Accident Site:	
Observation Time:		Direction from Accident Site:	
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	20 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	10 knots / 20 knots	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	225°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:		Temperature/Dew Point:	25°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	ation	
Departure Point:	Fort Stockton, TX (FST)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	Pecos, TX (NONE)	Type of Clearance:	Unknown
Departure Time:		Type of Airspace:	Class G

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 Minor, 1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 Minor, 2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	31.382223,-103.510559

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Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Ragogna, Jason
Additional Participating Persons:	Mark W McDougall; Federal Aviation Administration (FSDO); Lubbock, TX
Original Publish Date:	July 23, 2003
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	Class
Note:	
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=56862

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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