



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: Trident, Montana Accident Number: SEA03LA065

Date & Time: April 20, 2003, 17:30 Local Registration: N9705T

Aircraft: Piper PA-38 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: 1 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Analysis

The pilot was on a cross country flight to use up the aircrafts fuel in order to perform a weight and balance. The pilot reported that he felt there was enough fuel on board for the trip. Approximately thirty minutes after departure the engine experienced a complete power loss. Following the loss of power, the pilot elected to land in a nearby field. After a "hard" landing and during the landing rollout, the airplane collided with a fence post resulting in substantial damage. During the subsequent investigation both fuel tanks were found to be empty.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: Fuel exhaustion while in cruise flight due to inadequate preflight planning / preparation. A fence was a factor.

Findings

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF ENGINE POWER

Phase of Operation: CRUISE

Findings

1. (C) FLUID, FUEL - EXHAUSTION

2. (C) PREFLIGHT PLANNING/PREPARATION - INADEQUATE - PILOT IN COMMAND

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Occurrence #2: FORCED LANDING

Phase of Operation: DESCENT - EMERGENCY

Occurrence #3: HARD LANDING

Phase of Operation: EMERGENCY DESCENT/LANDING

Occurrence #4: ON GROUND/WATER COLLISION WITH OBJECT

Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

Findings

3. (F) OBJECT - FENCE POST

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Factual Information

On April 20, 2003, about 1730 mountain daylight time, a Piper PA-38 Tomahawk, N9705T, sustained substantial damage during an off airport forced landing following a loss of engine power near Trident, Montana. The airplane is registered to Aero Flight School of Belgrade, Montana, and was being operated as a visual flight rules (VFR) personal/pleasure flight under the provisions of Title 14, CFR Part 91, when the accident occurred. The private pilot, the sole occupant of the airplane, was not injured. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed and no flight plan had been filed. The cross-country flight originated from Gallatin Field, Bozeman, MT (BZN), with a stop at Helena Regional, Helena, MT (HLN) and a planned return to BZN.

During a telephone interview and subsequent written statement, the pilot reported that the purpose of the flight was to use up the aircraft's fuel in order to perform a weight and balance. The pilot also stated that he felt he had enough fuel on board for the round trip. Approximately thirty minutes after leaving Helena Regional (HLN), the engine experienced a complete power loss. Following the loss of power, the pilot elected to land in a nearby field. After a "hard" landing, and during the landing rollout, the airplane collided with a fence post resulting in substantial damage.

Personnel who recovered the airplane reported that both fuel tanks were empty.

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Private	Age:	52,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Valid Medicalw/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	November 21, 2002
Occupational Pilot:	UNK	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	June 26, 2002
Flight Time:	1427 hours (Total, all aircraft), 3 hours (Total, this make and model), 1334 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 34 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 7 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 2 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

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Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Piper	Registration:	N9705T
Model/Series:	PA-38	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	38-78A0161
Landing Gear Type:	Tricycle	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	November 1, 2002 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	1670 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	26.2 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	3056 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	0-235-L2C
Registered Owner:	Aero Flight School	Rated Power:	112 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	KBZN,4474 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	17 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	16:56 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	130°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	7 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	120°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30.04 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	18°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	Helena, MT (HLN)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	Bozeman, MT (BZN)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	17:00 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

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Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	46.033332,-111.383331

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Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Hogenson, Dennis
Additional Participating Persons:	Edward H Warmoth; Federal Aviation Administration; Helena, MT
Original Publish Date:	November 25, 2003
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>
Note:	
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=56858

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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