

Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location:	Gainesville, Georgia	Accident Number:	MIA03LA023
Date & Time:	December 3, 2002, 15:15 Local	Registration:	N8578M
Aircraft:	Beech 35-B33	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Defining Event:		Injuries:	2 Minor
Flight Conducted Under:	Part 91: General aviation - Personal		

Analysis

During the initial climb, the pilot reported the engine began making a "loud noise and lost power." The pilot attempted to return to the airport, but could not maintain altitude, and elected to perform a forced landing on a street. As the airplane approached the street it struck some wires, landed in the street, and struck several parked cars. After the accident the engine was test run, and no discrepancies were found during the engine run.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: a loss of engine power for undetermined reason resulting in damage to the airplane during the subsequent forced landing.

Findings

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF ENGINE POWER Phase of Operation: CLIMB - TO CRUISE

Findings
1. REASON FOR OCCURRENCE UNDETERMINED

Occurrence #2: FORCED LANDING

Phase of Operation: EMERGENCY DESCENT/LANDING

Occurrence #3: IN FLIGHT COLLISION WITH OBJECT Phase of Operation: EMERGENCY DESCENT/LANDING

Findings 2. OBJECT - WIRE,STATIC 3. OBJECT - VEHICLE

Factual Information

On December 3, 2002, about 1515 eastern standard time, a Beech 35-B33, N8578M, registered to and operated by an individual, struck wires, and then impacted with several vehicles during a forced landing on a street in Gainesville, Georgia. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed at the time and no flight plan was filed for the 14 CFR Part 91 local personal flight. The airplane was substantially damaged. The private-rated pilot and one passenger reported minor injuries. The flight had originated from Gainsville, Georga, at 1510.

According to the pilot, he departed Gainesville, as the airplane was climbing, and had reached an altitude of 2,500 mean sea level, the engine began making a "loud noise and lost power." The pilot turned the airplane back towards the airport, but due to his location from the airport, and because he could not maintain altitude, he elected to perform a forced landing on a street. As the airplane approached the street it struck wires landed in the street, and struck several parked cars.

An engine test run was performed on the engine from N8578M, under the supervision of the FAA. According to the FAA inspector's statement, the engine was mounted in a holding fixture, which in turn was mounted to a large trailer. A test club (propeller) was installed. The engine was rotated through with the starter for the purpose of checking magneto operation. The magnetos "operated properly" during this test. Several attempts were made to start the engine, and they were unsuccessful. The engine ran briefly, but would not sustain itself. A check of the fuel system was performed and fuel was noted to be present, in pressures and quantities sufficient enough to run the engine. The engine was started again, and ran without hesitation. Oil pressure came up to 55 psi, and fuel pressure stabilized at 5.5 psi. The throttle was cycled from idle to 2,000 rpm without any difficulties noted. Individual magneto checks were performed satisfactorily. Total run time for this test was about 4 minutes. No discrepancies were found during the engine run.

The airplane's logbooks where returned to Mr. Mark Thompson, assistant Vice President for claims, on behalf of the owner's insurance company on January 22, 2003.

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Private	Age:	58,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 3 Valid Medicalw/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	May 22, 2001
Occupational Pilot:	UNK	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	December 2, 2001
Flight Time:	2800 hours (Total, all aircraft), 1700 hours (Total, this make and model), 2800 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 20 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 2 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Beech	Registration:	N8578M
35-B33	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
	Amateur Built:	
Normal	Serial Number:	CD-648
Retractable - Tricycle	Seats:	4
December 3, 2002 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	3000 lbs
100 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
4783 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	Continental
Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	IO-470-K3B
Ralph W. Duggan	Rated Power:	225 Horsepower
	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
	35-B33 Normal Retractable - Tricycle December 3, 2002 Annual 100 Hrs 4783 Hrs at time of accident Installed, not activated	35-B33Aircraft Category:S5-B33Aircraft Category:NormalAmateur Built:NormalSerial Number:Retractable - TricycleSeats:December 3, 2002 AnnualCertified Max Gross Wt.:100 HrsEngines:100 HrsEngines:4783 Hrs at time of accidentEngine Manufacturer:Installed, not activatedEngine Model/Series:Ralph W. DugganRated Power:Operating Certificate(s)

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Viewal (VIMC)	Condition of Light:	Dev
Conditions at Accident Site.	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	GVL,1275 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	2 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	15:53 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	225°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	3 knots / None	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:		Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30.2 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	15°C / 1°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	ation	
Departure Point:	Gainesville, GA (GVL)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:		Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	14:35 Local	Type of Airspace:	Unknown

Airport Information

Airport:	LEE GILMER MEMORIAL GVL	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt
Airport Elevation:	1275 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Unknown
Runway Used:	4	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	5004 ft / 100 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Forced landing

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 Minor	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 Minor	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 Minor	Latitude, Longitude:	34.272777,-83.826667

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Yurman, Alan
Additional Participating Persons:	Robert Ylla; FAA; Atlanta , GA
Original Publish Date:	February 5, 2004
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>
Note:	
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=56157

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 *Code of Federal Regulations* section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b) is available here.