



# **Aviation Investigation Final Report**

Location: Brainerd, Minnesota Accident Number: CHI02LA235

Date & Time: August 4, 2002, 14:00 Local Registration: N11LP

Aircraft: Cessna 185B Aircraft Damage: Substantial

**Defining Event:** 1 Minor, 2 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

## **Analysis**

The float equipped airplane was substantially damaged when it impacted the water just after liftoff from a lake. Witnesses in a boat reported that the airplane lifted off 30 feet behind a skier that was being pulled behind the boat. They reported that the airplane then climbed to 30 feet above the boat, banked sharply to the left, and crashed into the lake. Postaccident examinations of the airframe and engine revealed no preexisting defects. The pilot reported no mechanical malfunctions in his report of the accident. The pilot did not submit a narrative description of the accident events.

## **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The pilot's evasive maneuver to avoid obstacle clearance, resulting in a premature lift off with inadequate airspeed followed by a stall. The presence of the boat was a factor.

## **Findings**

Occurrence #1: ABRUPT MANEUVER Phase of Operation: TAKEOFF

#### **Findings**

1. (F) OBJECT - VEHICLE

2. (C) MANEUVER TO AVOID OBSTRUCTIONS - INITIATED - PILOT IN COMMAND

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Occurrence #2: LOSS OF CONTROL - IN FLIGHT Phase of Operation: TAKEOFF - INITIAL CLIMB

### Findings

3. (C) AIRSPEED - NOT MAINTAINED - PILOT IN COMMAND

4. STALL - INADVERTENT - PILOT IN COMMAND

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Occurrence #3: IN FLIGHT COLLISION WITH TERRAIN/WATER

Phase of Operation: DESCENT - UNCONTROLLED

### **Findings**

5. TERRAIN CONDITION - WATER

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## **Factual Information**

On August 4, 2002, at 1400 central daylight time, a float equipped Cessna 185B, N11LP, piloted by a private pilot, sustained substantial damage when it impacted the water and nosed over during takeoff from Gull Lake, near Brainerd, Minnesota. The 14 CFR Part 91 personal flight was operating in visual meteorological conditions without a flight plan. The pilot received minor injuries and the two passengers were not injured. The flight was originating at the time of the accident with Minong, Wisconsin, as the intended destination.

The pilot furnished no narrative description of the accident in the report submitted to the National Transportation Safety Board. The section of the report for describing mechanical malfunctions was checked "No."

The initial reports indicated that the airplane engine lost power during takeoff from the lake and the pilot attempted to land back on the lake. During the attempted landing the left wingtip struck the water first. The airplane subsequently flipped over coming to rest upside down.

A witness to the accident reported seeing and hearing the airplane during the accident sequence. The witness reported being in a boat that was pulling a water skier at the time of the accident. She said that the airplane lifted off of the water when it was about 30 feet behind the skier, climbed to 30 feet above the boat, turned sharply to the left and fell into the water. The witness stated that the airplane engine was running and was "really loud." She said that she saw no smoke or fire coming from the airplane prior to impact.

A second witness who was also in the boat said the airplane came over the boat and then "it just came down." She said that she heard engine noises from the airplane until it hit the water. She said that there was no smoke coming from the airplane prior to impact.

A postaccident examination of the airplane by Federal Aviation Administration officials revealled no pre-impact mechanical defects with respect to the airframe. The airplane's engine was retained and examined at the manufacturer's facility in Mobile, Alabama. The examination of the engine was performed under the direct supervision of a National Transportation Safety Board Investigator. No pre-impact defects that would have precluded engine operation were found during the examination of the engine.

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## **Pilot Information**

Certificate:	Private	Age:	30,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Single-engine sea	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Valid Medicalno waivers/lim.	Last FAA Medical Exam:	August 21, 2001
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	August 21, 2001
Flight Time:	730 hours (Total, all aircraft), 600 hours (Total, this make and model), 720 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 60 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 25 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 4 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

# **Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information**

Aircraft Make:	Cessna	Registration:	N11LP
Model/Series:	185B	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	1850574
Landing Gear Type:	Float	Seats:	4
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	June 15, 2002 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	3200 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	10 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	5950 Hrs as of last inspection	Engine Manufacturer:	Continental
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	IO-520-D9B
Registered Owner:	Northern Air Service, Inc.	Rated Power:	300 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

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# Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	BRD,1226 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	10 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	14:02 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	85°
<b>Lowest Cloud Condition:</b>	Scattered / 2700 ft AGL	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	7 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	360°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30.17 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	24°C / 17°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	Brainerd, MI	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	Minong, WI	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	14:00 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

# Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 Minor	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	2 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 Minor, 2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	46.383335,-94.361946

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### **Administrative Information**

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Brannen, John	
Additional Participating Persons:	Tom Groshans; FAA-Minneapolis, FSDO; Minneapolis, MN	
Original Publish Date:	November 25, 2003	
Last Revision Date:		
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>	
Note:		
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=55462	

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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