



# **Aviation Investigation Final Report**

Location: NIKISKI, Alaska Accident Number: ANC02LA060

Date & Time: June 24, 2002, 09:30 Local Registration: N211AW

Aircraft: de HAVILLAND DHC-2 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

**Defining Event:** 2 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Positioning

### **Analysis**

The airline transport certificated pilot was landing toward the west in a float-equipped airplane. The wind was from the north, about five knots. The pilot indicated he was in the landing flare, and the airplane's airspeed was about 50 knots. As the airplane touched down, the left float dug into the water. The airplane pivoted to the left and nosed down. The left float was crushed upward against the fuselage. The pilot said that he and his passenger exited the airplane, which remained floating nose down for about 15 minutes. The airplane then slowly nosed over and remained floating upside down.

### **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The pilot's excessive rate of descent resulting in a hard landing on water.

#### **Findings**

Occurrence #1: HARD LANDING

Phase of Operation: LANDING - FLARE/TOUCHDOWN

**Findings** 

1. TERRAIN CONDITION - WATER

2. (C) PROPER DESCENT RATE - EXCESSIVE - PILOT IN COMMAND

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Occurrence #2: NOSE DOWN

Phase of Operation: LANDING - FLARE/TOUCHDOWN

Findings
3. LANDING GEAR, FLOAT ASSEMBLY - BUCKLED

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#### **Factual Information**

On June 24, 2002, about 0930 Alaska daylight time, a float-equipped deHavilland DHC-2 airplane, N211AW, sustained substantial damage during a hard landing on Island Lake, located about 1 mile south of Nikiski, Alaska. The airplane was being operated as a visual flight rules (VFR) cross-country positioning flight under Title 14, CFR Part 91, when the accident occurred. The airplane was operated by Alaska West Guides and Outfitters, Wasilla, Alaska. The airline transport certificated pilot, and the sole passenger, were not injured. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed. VFR company flight following procedures were in effect. The flight originated from Congahbuna Lake, about 8 miles west of Tyonek, Alaska.

During a telephone conversation with the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) investigator-in-charge (IIC), on June 24, the pilot reported that after dropping off passengers at Congahbuna Lake, he was returning to the Island Lake Seaplane Base, Nikiski, with a company guide. The pilot said he was landing toward the west, and the wind was from the north, about five knots. He said as he flared for a landing, the airplane's airspeed was about 50 knots. As the airplane touched down, the left float dug into the water. The airplane pivoted to the left and nosed down. The left float was crushed upward against the fuselage. The pilot said that he and his passenger exited the airplane, which remained floating nose down for about 15 minutes. The airplane then slowly nosed over and remained floating upside down.

#### **Pilot Information**

Certificate:	Airline transport; Commercial	Age:	60,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Single-engine sea; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 1 Valid Medicalno waivers/lim.	Last FAA Medical Exam:	September 21, 2001
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	April 15, 2002
Flight Time:	24300 hours (Total, all aircraft), 30 hours (Total, this make and model), 24300 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft)		

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## **Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information**

Aircraft Make:	de HAVILLAND	Registration:	N211AW
Model/Series:	DHC-2	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	1360
Landing Gear Type:	Float	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	February 2, 2002 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	5090 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	40 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	12550 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	Pratt & Whitney
ELT:	Installed, activated, did not aid in locating accident	Engine Model/Series:	R-985
Registered Owner:	ALASKA WEST GUIDES AND OUTFITTERS	Rated Power:	450 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	On-demand air taxi (135)
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	LCWC

## Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:		Distance from Accident Site:	
Observation Time:		Direction from Accident Site:	
<b>Lowest Cloud Condition:</b>		Visibility	30 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	Broken / 6500 ft AGL	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	5 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	360°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:		Temperature/Dew Point:	13°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	ation	
Departure Point:	TYONEK, AK	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	Company VFR
Destination:	NIKISKI, AK (2R3)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	09:00 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

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## **Airport Information**

Airport:		Runway Surface Type:	Water
Airport Elevation:	115 ft msl	<b>Runway Surface Condition:</b>	Water-calm
Runway Used:		IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:		VFR Approach/Landing:	Full stop

## Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	60.704444,-151.311386

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#### **Administrative Information**

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	ERICKSON, SCOTT	
Additional Participating Persons:	SPENCER HILL; FAA-AL-ANC FSDO 03; ANCHORAGE, AK	
Original Publish Date:	April 1, 2003	
Last Revision Date:		
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>	
Note:		
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=55028	

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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