



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: KING SALMON, Alaska Accident Number: ANC01LA024

Date & Time: December 16, 2000, 17:10 Local Registration: N5644N

Aircraft: Maule M-5 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: 2 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Analysis

The private certificated pilot was beginning a landing approach, and when he reduced engine power, the engine sputtered. The pilot said he turned the engine boost pump on, and verified that the fuel selector was on the 'BOTH' position. He then increased the throttle control, and the engine quit. The airplane descended and collided with three runway approach lighting system assemblies, short of the runway threshold. The airplane received damage to the landing gear, the left wingtip, and the leading edge of the right wing. Following the accident, the airplane was examined by a mechanic who found 1 1/2 to 2 inches of water in the carburetor.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The loss of engine power during the landing approach due to the pilot's inadequate preflight of the airplane and contamination (water) in the carburetor.

Findings

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF ENGINE POWER(TOTAL) - NONMECHANICAL Phase of Operation: APPROACH - VFR PATTERN - FINAL APPROACH

Findings

1. (C) FUEL SYSTEM, CARBURETOR - CONTAMINATION, WATER

2. (C) AIRCRAFT PREFLIGHT - INADEQUATE - PILOT IN COMMAND

Occurrence #2: FORCED LANDING

Phase of Operation: EMERGENCY DESCENT/LANDING

Occurrence #3: IN FLIGHT COLLISION WITH OBJECT Phase of Operation: EMERGENCY DESCENT/LANDING

Findings

3. OBJECT - APPROACH LIGHT/NAVAID

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Factual Information

On December 16, 2000, about 1710 Alaska standard time, a tundra tire-equipped Maule M-5 airplane, N5644N, sustained substantial damage during a forced landing at the King Salmon Airport, King Salmon, Alaska. The airplane was being operated as a visual flight rules (VFR), local area personal flight, when the accident occurred. The airplane was operated by the pilot. The private certificated pilot, and the sole passenger, were not injured. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed.

During a telephone conversation with the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) investigator-in-charge (IIC), on December 17, 2000, the pilot said he was planning to land on runway 11 at King Salmon. When he reduced engine power during the landing approach, the engine sputtered. The pilot said he turned the engine boost pump on, and verified that the fuel selector was on the "BOTH" position. He then increased the throttle control, and the engine quit. The airplane descended and collided with three runway approach lighting system assemblies, short of the runway threshold. The pilot said the airplane was equipped with a carburetor temperature gauge. Throughout the flight, and during the descent for landing, the pilot said he adjusted the carburetor heat control to keep the carburetor temperature out of the caution range. The airplane received damage to the landing gear, the left wingtip, and the leading edge of the right wing.

At 1652, an Aviation Routine Weather Report (METAR) from the King Salmon airport was reporting, in part: Wind, 100 degrees (true) at 7 knots; visibility, 10 statute miles; clouds and sky condition, few at 4,500 feet, 15,000 feet scattered; temperature, 30 degrees F; dew point, 27 degrees F; altimeter, 29.27 inHg.

On December 20, 2000, the pilot reported the airplane was examined by a mechanic in King Salmon. The mechanic found 1 1/2 to 2 inches of water in the carburetor.

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Pilot Information

Certificate:	Private	Age:	52,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 3 Valid Medicalw/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	February 24, 2000
Occupational Pilot:	UNK	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	513 hours (Total, all aircraft), 91 hours (Total, this make and model), 432 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 3 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 3 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Maule	Registration:	N5644N
Model/Series:	M-5 M-5	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	7347C
Landing Gear Type:	Tailwheel	Seats:	4
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	April 21, 2000 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	2500 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	108 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	702 Hrs	Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	O-540-J1A5D
Registered Owner:	JOHN F. BUNDY	Rated Power:	235 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

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Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Dusk
Observation Facility, Elevation:	PAK ,57 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	
Observation Time:	16:52 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Scattered / 4500 ft AGL	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	7 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	80°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	29 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	30°C / 27°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	ation	
Departure Point:	(PAKN)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:		Type of Clearance:	VFR
Departure Time:	14:00 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class E

Airport Information

Airport:	KING SALMON PAKN	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt
Airport Elevation:	57 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Wet
Runway Used:	11	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	8500 ft / 150 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Full stop

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	58.750923,-156.540512(est)

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Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC): Erickson, Scott Additional Participating Persons: TOM ELDRIDGE (FAA); ANCHORAGE , AK Original Publish Date: July 17, 2001 Last Revision Date: Investigation Class: Class			
Persons: Original Publish Date: July 17, 2001 Last Revision Date: Investigation Class: Class	Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Erickson, Scott	
Last Revision Date: Investigation Class: Class		TOM ELDRIDGE (FAA); ANCHORAGE , AK	
Investigation Class: Class	Original Publish Date:	July 17, 2001	
	Last Revision Date:		
	Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>	
Note:	Note:		
Investigation Docket: https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=50810	Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=50810	

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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