

Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location:	CARLSBAD, Californ	nia	Accident Number:	LAX01LA053
Date & Time:	December 4, 2000, ²	13:30 Local	Registration:	N1097N
Aircraft:	Hughes	269C	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Defining Event:			Injuries:	2 None
Flight Conducted Under:	Part 91: General aviation - Instructional			

Analysis

The purpose of the flight was for the certified flight instructor (CFI) to evaluate the skill level of the second pilot, and to provide any needed instruction. The CFI assigned the second pilot the task of performing an autorotation to a landing. During the approach the second pilot, who was handling the flight controls, was a little short of the desired touchdown mark and permitted the main rotor rpm to decrease. During the hard touchdown a rotor blade chopped off the tail boom.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The CFI's inadequate supervision and failure to maintain control of the helicopter during a practice autorotation. A contributing factor was the student's improper in-flight planning/decision.

Findings

Occurrence #1: HARD LANDING Phase of Operation: LANDING - FLARE/TOUCHDOWN

Findings

- 1. MISC ROTORCRAFT, TAIL BOOM CUT/SEVERED
- 2. AUTOROTATION INTENTIONAL DUAL STUDENT
- 3. (F) IN-FLIGHT PLANNING/DECISION IMPROPER DUAL STUDENT

4. (C) AIRCRAFT CONTROL - NOT MAINTAINED - PILOT IN COMMAND(CFI) 5. (C) SUPERVISION - INADEQUATE - PILOT IN COMMAND(CFI)

Factual Information

On December 4, 2000, about 1330 hours Pacific standard time, a Hughes 269C, N1097N, operated by Civic Helicopters, Inc., Carlsbad, California, landed hard at the McClellan-Palomar Airport, in Carlsbad. The tail boom was severed, and the helicopter was substantially damaged. Neither the airline transport certificated pilot, who held a flight instructor certificate, nor the pilot who was receiving a checkout were injured. The training flight was performed under 14 CFR Part 91. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed. The flight originated from Carlsbad about 1300.

According to the flight instructor (CFI), the purpose of the flight was to observe the skill level of the second pilot, and to provide any needed instruction. The CFI assigned the second pilot the task of performing an autorotation to a landing on an airport helipad. During the approach the second pilot, who was handling the flight controls, was a "little short" of the desired touchdown mark. Main rotor rpm decreased, and upon touchdown a rotor blade chopped off the tail boom. The helicopter remained in an upright attitude.

Certificate:	Airline transport; Flight instructor	Age:	51,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Unknown
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	Helicopter	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane; Helicopter	Second Pilot Present:	Yes
Instructor Rating(s):	Airplane single-engine; Helicopter; Instrument airplane; Instrument helicopter	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Valid Medical–no waivers/lim.	Last FAA Medical Exam:	August 30, 2000
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	14000 hours (Total, all aircraft), 1500 hours (Total, this make and model), 12000 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 250 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 80 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 4 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Pilot Information

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Hughes	Registration:	N1097N
Model/Series:	269C 269C	Aircraft Category:	Helicopter
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Restricted (Special)	Serial Number:	600934
Landing Gear Type:	Skid	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	October 13, 2000 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	2050 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	66 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	9582 Hrs	Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:	Not installed	Engine Model/Series:	0-360H1A
Registered Owner:	FLIGHT TRAILS HELICOPTERS	Rated Power:	190 Horsepower
Operator:	CIVIC HELICOPTER	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	DCQA

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	CRQ ,328 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	
Observation Time:	12:53 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	4 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	350°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	75°C / 52°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	(CRQ)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:		Type of Clearance:	VFR
Departure Time:	13:00 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class D

Airport Information

Airport:	MCCLELLAN-PALOMAR CRQ	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt
Airport Elevation:	328 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Dry
Runway Used:	0	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:		VFR Approach/Landing:	Simulated forced landing

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	2 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	33.129962,-117.299133(est)

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Pollack, Wayne		
Additional Participating Persons:	STEVE DREW; SAN DIEGO , CA		
Original Publish Date:	January 2, 2002		
Last Revision Date:			
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>		
Note:	The NTSB traveled to the scene of this accident.		
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=50745		

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The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 *Code of Federal Regulations* section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b) is available here.