



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: PENSACOLA, Florida Accident Number: MIA00LA240

Date & Time: August 17, 2000, 17:45 Local Registration: N2015L

Aircraft: Lake LA-4 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: 2 Serious

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Instructional

Analysis

The pilot receiving instruction did not obtain the proper touch down point during a water landing resulting in a bounced landing. The CFI stated he failed to initiate a go-around in sufficient time, which resulted in an in-flight collision with trees, water, and a subsequent nose down of the seaplane in the water.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be:

The pilot receiving instruction failure to achieve the proper touch down point during a
water landing, and the CFI's improper supervision and failure to initiate a go-around in
sufficient time to avoid and in-flight collision with trees, water, and subsequent nose down.

Findings

Occurrence #1: IN FLIGHT COLLISION WITH OBJECT

Phase of Operation: GO-AROUND (VFR)

Findings

1. OBJECT - TREE(S)

2. (C) PROPER TOUCHDOWN POINT - NOT OBTAINED - PILOT IN COMMAND

3. (C) SUPERVISION - INADEQUATE - PILOT IN COMMAND(CFI)

4. (C) GO-AROUND - ATTEMPTED - PILOT IN COMMAND(CFI)

Occurrence #2: NOSE DOWN

Phase of Operation: GO-AROUND (VFR)

Findings 5. TERRAIN CONDITION - WATER

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Factual Information

On August 17, 2000, at about 1745 central daylight time, a Lake LA-4 seaplane, N2015L, registered to a private owner crashed during a touch-and-go landing on the Perdido River located in the vicinity of Pensacola, Florida. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed and no flight plan was filed. The seaplane sustained substantial damage. The commercial pilot receiving instruction and the airline transport-rated flight instructor (CFI) sustained serious injuries. The flight originated from Perdido River, about 4 minutes before the accident.

The commercial pilot stated he and the CFI had been conducting takeoffs and landings from the Perdido River in preparation for his seaplane rating. They had made several touchand-go, and full-stop landings. He took off from the river and set up for another touch-and-go landing to the south. On touchdown, the seaplane bounced, he held his pitch attitude, and the CFI instructed him to add power, which he complied with. He observed a piece of land/island in the river, which they had seen on the other landings. The island was getting closer when the CFI took the flight controls and started a left turn to avoid a collision. The right wing collided with a tree, and the left wing collided with the water. The nose of the seaplane went below the water, came back up, and the seaplane remained floating.

The CFI stated the touchdown on the last water landing approach resulted in a bounce and the second touch down was too close to the shore to stop without beaching against a steep bank. Full power was added and a left turn was initiated. The "escape maneuver" involved a wings level left turn and a gradual climb to gain enough altitude to do a "real turn" with the left wing down. He further stated we were running out of airspace rapidly and I was flying a compromise between a stall buffet with the trees on the right and the water on the left. The right wing clipped pine branches, which slowed the airplane. We rolled left and the wing tip/float hit the water, the airplane pitched nose low and collided with the water. The CFI further stated, "the errors in this incident was that I didn't initiate a go-around much earlier before our initial touch down."

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Pilot Information

Certificate:	Commercial	Age:	63,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	Yes
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Valid Medicalw/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	November 4, 1998
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	3598 hours (Total, all aircraft), 53 hours (Total, this make and model), 3262 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 17 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 9 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 7 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Lake	Registration:	N2015L
Model/Series:	LA-4 LA-4	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	348
Landing Gear Type:	Retractable - Tricycle; Amphibian	Seats:	4
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	April 20, 2000 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	2400 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	45 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	2050 Hrs	Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	O-360-A1A
Registered Owner:	MARK L. BELLAMY	Rated Power:	180 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

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Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	PNS,121 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	
Observation Time:	18:53 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	7 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	9 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	190°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	29 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	34°C / 23°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	tion	
Departure Point:	PENSCACOLA , FL (PNS)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:		Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	17:41 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

Airport Information

Airport:		Runway Surface Type:	
Airport Elevation:		Runway Surface Condition:	Water-calm
Runway Used:	0	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:		VFR Approach/Landing:	Traffic pattern

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	2 Serious	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 Serious	Latitude, Longitude:	30.500612,-87.370185(est)

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Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Smith, Carrol	
Additional Participating Persons:	CHARLES R VARANO; BIRMINGHAM , AL	
Original Publish Date:	March 2, 2001	
Last Revision Date:		
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>	
Note:	The NTSB traveled to the scene of this accident.	
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=50018	

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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