



# **Aviation Investigation Final Report**

Location: GARDNER, Kansas Accident Number: CHI00LA173

**Date & Time:** June 24, 2000, 17:10 Local **Registration:** N24120

Aircraft: MCCLISH FUNK B85C Aircraft Damage: Substantial

**Defining Event:** 1 Minor

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

## **Analysis**

The accident occurred during the aircraft's maiden flight. The pilot reported that after takeoff while on downwind leg, the engine 'stopped immediately.' A forced landing was made in a water saturated bean field during which the airplane nosed over. Inspection of the engine revealed the thrust bearings were improperly installed on an improperly located locator pin in the engine case. The dislocated pin resulted in the bearing half being askew which resulted in a subsequent loss of lubrication.

## **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: an improper modification to the engine which allowed a bearing to be misaligned, thus restricted the flow of oil through the engine. A factor associated with the accident was the wet field in which the forced landing was made.

#### **Findings**

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF ENGINE POWER(TOTAL) - MECH FAILURE/MALF Phase of Operation: APPROACH - VFR PATTERN - DOWNWIND

Findings

1. (C) ENGINE ASSEMBLY, BEARING - SHIFTED

2. (C) MAINTENANCE, MODIFICATION - IMPROPER - UNKNOWN

3. (C) FLUID, OIL - FLOW RESTRICTED

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Occurrence #2: FORCED LANDING

Phase of Operation: EMERGENCY DESCENT/LANDING

Occurrence #3: NOSE OVER

Phase of Operation: LANDING - FLARE/TOUCHDOWN

Findings
4. (F) TERRAIN CONDITION - CROP
5. (F) TERRAIN CONDITION - WET

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#### **Factual Information**

On June 24, 2000, at 1710 central daylight time, a McClish Funk B85C, N24120, nosed over during a forced landing following a total loss of engine power while on downwind at the Gardner Municipal Airport, Gardner, Kansas. The pilot received minor injuries. The airplane was substantially damaged. The 14 CFR Part 91 flight was operating in visual meteorological conditions without a flight plan. The pilot reported the accident occurred during the aircraft's maiden flight. The flight had originated just prior to the accident.

The pilot reported that the accident occurred on the maiden flight for the airplane. He stated he departed runway 35 at the Gardner Municipal Airport and climbed to 400 feet above ground level. He reported that everything was normal at this point. He then turned downwind and was about halfway down the downwind leg when the engine "stopped immediately." He reported, "It made a metal sound just as the engine stopped."

The pilot located a bean field in which to make a forced landing. He reported, "I touched down between thirty and forty miles per hour. The bean field was very saturated with water from heavy rains during the week. I rolled about fifteen feet. The mud on the bean field resulted in rapid deceleration causing the left main gear to collapse. Then the airplane sank very deep into the mud causing the airplane to flip on its top."

The airplane and engine were examined by an inspector from the Federal Aviation Administration Kansas City, Missouri, Flight Standards District Office. The inspector reported, "It was determined that the thrust bearings had been improperly installed on an improperly located locator pin in the engine case. At some unknown time, the locator pin hole was redrilled in the wrong location and a pin installed. ... The dislocated pin caused the bearing half to ride askew, not flush with the parting surface of the case. The mating bearing half was located on its pin properly, causing an interference between the bearing ends. When the case halves were forced together under torque from the case bolts, the bearings shifted against their respective pins and were swelled out at the locator cutouts. ... This removed the required clearance of the crankshaft thrust boss to thrust bearing surface. Without this clearance, lubrication of the thrust bearing was interrupted."

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#### **Pilot Information**

Certificate:	Commercial	Age:	58,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 3 Valid Medicalno waivers/lim.	Last FAA Medical Exam:	February 11, 1999
Occupational Pilot:	UNK	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	3992 hours (Total, all aircraft), 3662 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 6 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 5 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft)		

## Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	MCCLISH	Registration:	N24120
Model/Series:	FUNK B85C FUNK B85C	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	46
Landing Gear Type:	Tailwheel	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	June 6, 2000 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	1350 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	1 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:		Engine Manufacturer:	Continental
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	C85F
Registered Owner:	LANNY J. TURNER	Rated Power:	85 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

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## Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	MKC ,759 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	26 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	16:54 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	45°
<b>Lowest Cloud Condition:</b>	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	6 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	300°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	29 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	28°C / 21°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	(K34)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	(K34)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	17:10 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class E

## **Airport Information**

Airport:	GARDNER K34	Runway Surface Type:	Grass/turf
Airport Elevation:	1040 ft msl	<b>Runway Surface Condition:</b>	Wet
Runway Used:	0	IFR Approach:	
Runway Length/Width:		VFR Approach/Landing:	Forced landing

## Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 Minor	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 Minor	Latitude, Longitude:	38.809146,-94.919265(est)

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#### **Administrative Information**

Investigator In Charge (IIC):

Additional Participating Persons:

Original Publish Date:

May 8, 2001

Last Revision Date:

Investigation Class:

Class

Note:

The NTSB traveled to the scene of this accident.

Investigation Docket:

https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=49532

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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