



# **Aviation Investigation Final Report**

Location: SAN ANTONIO, Texas Accident Number: FTW00LA145

**Date & Time:** May 9, 2000, 17:30 Local **Registration:** N14408

Aircraft: Bell 47G Aircraft Damage: Substantial

**Defining Event:** 2 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Instructional

### **Analysis**

During a touchdown autorotation, which the flight instructor was demonstrating, the helicopter touched down with forward movement. As the helicopter was sliding along the ground, it suddenly stopped and went up onto the toes of the skids before settling back onto the skids. During the event, the main rotor blades struck the tailboom forward of the tailrotor area and severed the tailboom

## **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The improper touchdown performed by the flight instructor.

### **Findings**

Occurrence #1: NOSE DOWN

Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

#### **Findings**

1. AUTOROTATION - PERFORMED - PILOT IN COMMAND(CFI)

- 2. (C) TOUCHDOWN IMPROPER PILOT IN COMMAND(CFI)
- 3. MISC ROTORCRAFT, MAIN ROTOR/TAIL BOOM CONTACT

#### **Factual Information**

On May 9, 2000, at 1730 central daylight time, a Bell 47G helicopter, N14408, was substantially damaged when it nosed down during a practice autorotation at the Stinson Municipal Airport near San Antonio, Texas. The helicopter was owned by Stinson Flight Center, LLC, and operated by Stinson Air Center, LLC, under 14 Code of Federal Regulations Part 91. The commercial pilot and the pilot rated student were not injured. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed for the local instructional flight, and a flight plan was not filed. The flight originated at the Stinson Municipal Airport, at 1700.

During a touchdown autorotation, which the flight instructor was demonstrating, the helicopter touched down with forward movement. As the helicopter was sliding along the ground, it suddenly stopped and went up on the toes of the skids before settling back onto the skids. During the event, the main rotor blades struck the tailboom forward of the tailrotor area and severed the tailboom. The operator reported that both main rotor blades, the front skid crossboom, the tailrotor gearbox, and both tailrotor blades sustained damage.

The FAA inspector who examined the accident site, reported that the grass area north of runway 9 had minute indentations.

#### **Pilot Information**

Certificate:	Commercial; Flight instructor; Private	Age:	38,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Single-engine sea; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Right
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	Helicopter	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	Yes
Instructor Rating(s):	Helicopter	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Valid Medicalno waivers/lim.	Last FAA Medical Exam:	March 22, 1999
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	1745 hours (Total, all aircraft), 350 hours (Total, this make and model), 1435 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 105 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 30 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 3 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

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## **Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information**

Aircraft Make:	Bell	Registration:	N14408
Model/Series:	47G 47G	Aircraft Category:	Helicopter
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	988
Landing Gear Type:	Skid	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	May 7, 2000 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	2450 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	710 Hrs	Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:		Engine Model/Series:	VO-435-A1
Registered Owner:	STINSON FLIGHT CENTER, LLC	Rated Power:	260 Horsepower
Operator:	STINSON AIR CENTER LLC	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

## **Meteorological Information and Flight Plan**

meteorological informati			
Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	SSF ,580 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	
Observation Time:	17:53 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	
<b>Lowest Cloud Condition:</b>	Clear	Visibility	7 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	/	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	0°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	29 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	29°C / 22°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipit	ation	
Departure Point:	(SSF)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:		Type of Clearance:	VFR
Departure Time:	17:00 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class D

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## **Airport Information**

Airport:	STINSON MUNICIPAL SSF	Runway Surface Type:	Grass/turf
Airport Elevation:	577 ft msl	<b>Runway Surface Condition:</b>	Dry
Runway Used:	0	IFR Approach:	
Runway Length/Width:		VFR Approach/Landing:	Full stop

## Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	2 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	29.320545,-98.469802(est)

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#### **Administrative Information**

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Roach, Joyce	
Additional Participating Persons:	THOMAS HENNESSEE; SAN ANTONIO , TX	
Original Publish Date:	November 29, 2000	
Last Revision Date:		
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>	
Note:	The NTSB traveled to the scene of this accident.	
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=49203	

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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