



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: ALTON BAY, New Hampshire **Accident Number:** NYC00LA072

Date & Time: February 5, 2000, 15:00 Local Registration: N6577P

Aircraft: Piper PA-24 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: 2 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Analysis

The pilot departed runway 01, an ice runway. During the takeoff, the airplane pulled to the left, and the pilot applied full right rudder to 'straighten out the path.' After rotation, the airplane impacted a snow bank and the pilot 'lost all control of the plane.' The pilot did not receive a weather briefing prior to his departure; however, he reported 'swirly, gusty winds' at the airport. Witnesses at the airport reported that the airplane's takeoff roll was much shorter than other airplanes. Approximately 20 feet off the ground, the airplane 'bobbled, stalled, and descended rapidly,' impacting a snow bank to the left of the runway.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The pilot's failure to maintain control of the airplane during takeoff which resulted in an inadvertent stall. A factor in the accident was the pilot's inadequate compensation for the wind conditions.

Findings

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF CONTROL - IN FLIGHT Phase of Operation: TAKEOFF - INITIAL CLIMB

Findings

1. (C) AIRCRAFT CONTROL - NOT MAINTAINED - PILOT IN COMMAND

2. STALL - INADVERTENT - PILOT IN COMMAND

3. (F) COMPENSATION FOR WIND CONDITIONS - INADEQUATE - PILOT IN COMMAND

Occurrence #2: IN FLIGHT COLLISION WITH TERRAIN/WATER

Phase of Operation: DESCENT - UNCONTROLLED

Page 2 of 6 NYC00LA072

Factual Information

On February 5, 2000, about 1500 Eastern Standard Time, a Piper PA-24, N6577P, was substantially damaged during takeoff from Alton Bay Seaplane Base (B18), Alton Bay, New Hampshire. The certificated private pilot and passenger were not injured. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed, and no flight plan was filed for the personal flight conducted under 14 CFR Part 91.

The pilot stated that he departed runway 01, a 3,500 foot long "ice runway." He reported that during the takeoff, the airplane "pulled to the left," and he applied full right rudder to "straighten out the path." After rotation, the airplane impacted a snow bank and the pilot "lost all control of the plane." The pilot stated he did not receive a weather briefing prior to his departure; however, he reported "swirly, gusty winds" at the airport.

Witnesses at the airport reported that the airplane's takeoff roll was much shorter than other airplanes. Approximately 20 feet off the ground, the airplane "bobbled, stalled, and descended rapidly," impacting a snow bank to the left of the runway.

According to a Federal Aviation Administration Inspector, the left wing of the airplane was destroyed; however, it remained attached to the fuselage. The right wing and the firewall were buckled, and both fuel tanks were intact and contained fuel.

The winds reported at an airport 20 miles away were from a heading of 300 at 12 knots.

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Private	Age:	59,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 3 Valid Medicalw/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	July 15, 1999
Occupational Pilot:	UNK	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	611 hours (Total, all aircraft), 69 hours (Total, this make and model), 400 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 32 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 9 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft)		

Page 3 of 6 NYC00LA072

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Piper	Registration:	N6577P
Model/Series:	PA-24 PA-24	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	24-1699
Landing Gear Type:	Retractable - Tricycle; Skid	Seats:	4
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	November 12, 1999 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	2550 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	30 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	3926 Hrs	Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:	Installed, activated, did not aid in locating accident	Engine Model/Series:	O-360-A1A
Registered Owner:	BRADFORD RANDLETT	Rated Power:	180 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	CON ,346 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	20 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	14:51 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	200°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	12 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	300°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	29 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	0°C / -13°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	(B18)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	NORWOOD , MA (OWD)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	15:00 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

Page 4 of 6 NYC00LA072

Airport Information

Airport:	ALTON BAY SEAPLANE BASE B18	Runway Surface Type:	Ice
Airport Elevation:	504 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Ice
Runway Used:	1	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	3500 ft / 100 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	None

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	

Page 5 of 6 NYC00LA072

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Muzio, David	
Additional Participating Persons:	ARNIE SILVERSTONE; PORTLAND , ME	
Original Publish Date:	November 29, 2000	
Last Revision Date:		
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>	
Note:		
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=48587	

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

Page 6 of 6 NYC00LA072