



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: CARSON CITY, Nevada Accident Number: LAX00LA058

Date & Time: December 26, 1999, 13:40 Local Registration: N8523X

Aircraft: O'HARA BOB BAKENG Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: Injuries: 1 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Analysis

The pilot made four landings to the stolport without mishap. During his fifth approach he collided with power lines because, according to the pilot, he was too low and could not arrest the homebuilt airplane's descent rate in time to avoid the power lines on final approach. The airplane collided with the wires and a dirt berm about 115 yards prior to the beginning of the dirt airstrip.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The pilot's misjudged distance/altitude during final approach to landing, which led to an undershoot and subsequent collision with obstacles.

Findings

Occurrence #1: UNDERSHOOT

Phase of Operation: APPROACH - VFR PATTERN - FINAL APPROACH

Findings

1. (C) PROPER GLIDEPATH - NOT ATTAINED - PILOT IN COMMAND

Occurrence #2: IN FLIGHT COLLISION WITH OBJECT

Phase of Operation: APPROACH - VFR PATTERN - FINAL APPROACH

Findings

2. OBJECT - WIRE, STATIC

3. (C) DISTANCE/ALTITUDE - MISJUDGED - PILOT IN COMMAND

Occurrence #3: IN FLIGHT COLLISION WITH TERRAIN/WATER

Phase of Operation: DESCENT - UNCONTROLLED

Page 2 of 6 LAX00LA058

Factual Information

On December 26, 1999, about 1340 hours Pacific standard time, an experimental O'Hara Bob, Bakeng Duce, N8523X, owned and operated by the pilot, collided with power lines on final approach to an uncontrolled airstrip, about 1/2-mile east of Carson City, Nevada. The airplane was substantially damaged and the private pilot, the sole occupant, was not injured. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed at the time of the personal flight, which was being conducted under the provisions of 14 CFR Part 91. No flight plan was filed. The local area flight originated from Carson City about 1230.

The certificated commercial pilot reported to the National Transportation Safety Board investigator that no mechanical malfunctions were experienced during the flight in his homebuilt airplane. The pilot stated that his airplane's altitude was too low on final approach. He added engine power to arrest the descent, but collided with wires and a dirt berm about 115 yards prior to the beginning of the dirt airstrip.

In the pilot's completed report, he indicated that prior to the accident he had made four landings on the runway without mishap. He collided with the power lines during his fifth approach.

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Commercial; Flight instructor	Age:	Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Rear
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 3 Valid Medical–w/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	September 18, 1999
Occupational Pilot:	UNK	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	1384 hours (Total, all aircraft), 592 hours (Total, this make and model), 1208 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 11 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 6 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft)		

Page 3 of 6 LAX00LA058

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	O'HARA BOB	Registration:	N8523X
Model/Series:	BAKENG DUCE BAKENG DUC	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	Yes
Airworthiness Certificate:	Experimental (Special)	Serial Number:	BDOH-1
Landing Gear Type:	Tailwheel	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	September 12, 1999 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	1450 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	11 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	800 Hrs	Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:	Installed, activated, did not aid in locating accident	Engine Model/Series:	0-290G
Registered Owner:	CHARLES M. SANICOLA	Rated Power:	125 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
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Observation Facility, Elevation:	RNO ,4412 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	19 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	13:56 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	332°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	/	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	0°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	8°C / -8°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	, NV (CXP)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	(2Q5)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	12:10 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

Page 4 of 6 LAX00LA058

Airport Information

Airport:	PARKER CARSON STOLPORT 2Q5	Runway Surface Type:	Gravel
Airport Elevation:	4900 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Dry
Runway Used:	24	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	1700 ft / 60 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Full stop;Traffic pattern

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	39.109489,-119.860664(est)

Page 5 of 6 LAX00LA058

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC): Pollack, Wayne

Additional Participating Persons:

Original Publish Date: August 13, 2001

Last Revision Date:

Investigation Class: Class

Note:

Investigation Docket: https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=48417

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

Page 6 of 6 LAX00LA058