



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: PORT TOWNSEND, Washington Accident Number: SEA00LA029

Date & Time: December 4, 1999, 11:40 Local Registration: N1936V

Aircraft: Cessna 140 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: 1 Minor

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Analysis

The pilot reported that he was aware of gusting wind conditions in the area, however, he opted to continue for landing. While on final approach, the pilot kept the airspeed up to compensate for the crosswind. When the airplane touched down, it bounced and became airborne. The pilot applied power to correct for the situation. When the airplane touched down again, it bounced, then settled to the runway. During the landing roll, a gust of wind lifted the right wing and the left wing contacted the runway surface. The airplane veered to the left, crossed the runway and taxiway, and collided with a ditch off the side of the taxiway. The airplane then nosed over and came to rest inverted. The pilot reported that the crosswind was 10 to 15 knots, with gusts in excess of 15 knots.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: Compensation for wind conditions was inadequate. Gusting wind conditions were a factor.

Findings

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF CONTROL - ON GROUND/WATER

Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

Findings

1. WEATHER CONDITION - GUSTS

2. COMPENSATION FOR WIND CONDITIONS - INADEQUATE - PILOT IN COMMAND

3. DIRECTIONAL CONTROL - NOT MAINTAINED - PILOT IN COMMAND

Occurrence #2: NOSE OVER

Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

Page 2 of 6 SEA00LA029

Factual Information

On December 4, 1999, at 1140 Pacific standard time, a Cessna 140, N1936V, registered to and operated by the pilot as a 14 CFR Part 91 personal flight, nosed over during the landing roll at the Jefferson County International Airport, Port Townsend, Washington. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed at the time and no flight plan was filed. The aircraft was substantially damaged and the commercial pilot, the sole occupant, received minor injuries. The flight departed from Snohomish, Washington, about 30 minutes prior to the accident.

During a telephone interview, the pilot reported that he was aware of gusting wind conditions in the area, however, he opted to continue for a landing on runway 9. While on final approach, the pilot kept the airspeed up a little higher to compensate for the crosswind. When the aircraft touched down, it bounced and became airborne. The pilot applied power to correct for the situation. The aircraft touched down a second time and again bounced, then settled to the runway. The pilot reported that during the landing roll, a gust of wind lifted the right wing and the left wing contacted the runway surface. The airplane veered to the left, crossed the runway, a 30 foot wide grass area, and a taxiway before colliding with a ditch on the north side of the taxiway. The airplane then nosed over and came to rest inverted.

The pilot reported that the winds were from the east southeast at 10-15 knots, with gusts in excess of 15 knots.

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Commercial	Age:	76,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	None Expired	Last FAA Medical Exam:	
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:			

Page 3 of 6 SEA00LA029

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Cessna	Registration:	N1936V
Model/Series:	140 140	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	14140
Landing Gear Type:	Tailwheel	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	1450 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	60 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	1547 Hrs	Engine Manufacturer:	Continental
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	C85-12F
Registered Owner:	ELDEN W. LARSON	Rated Power:	85 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	PAE ,606 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	23 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	10:53 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	90°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Unknown	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	Broken / 7000 ft AGL	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	8 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	120°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	7°C / 3°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	tion	
Departure Point:	SNOHOMISH , WA (S43)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:		Type of Clearance:	VFR
Departure Time:	11:10 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class E

Page 4 of 6 SEA00LA029

Airport Information

Airport:	JEFFERSON CO. INTL. 0S9	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt
Airport Elevation:	107 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Dry
Runway Used:	9	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	3000 ft / 75 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Traffic pattern

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 Minor	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	On-ground
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 Minor	Latitude, Longitude:	48.030368,-122.839637(est)

Page 5 of 6 SEA00LA029

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Eckrote, Debra	
Additional Participating Persons:	EUGENE N BEAUCHEMIN; RENTON , WA	
Original Publish Date:	June 22, 2000	
Last Revision Date:		
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>	
Note:		
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=48386	

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

Page 6 of 6 SEA00LA029