

Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location:	SOUTHERN PINES	, North Carolina	Accident Number:	ATL99LA082
Date & Time:	May 8, 1999, 17:30) Local	Registration:	N7001P
Aircraft:	Piper	PA-24-250	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Defining Event:			Injuries:	2 None
Flight Conducted Under:	Part 91: General a	viation - Personal		

Analysis

The flight departed Wadesboro, North Carolina, en route to Newport News, Virginia, with a planned fuel stop in Ahoskie, North Carolina. Upon arriving in Newport News, the pilot attempted to lower the landing gear and noticed an unsafe landing gear indication. Normal and emergency procedures for retraction of the landing gear were unsuccessful. The pilot elected to divert to Southern Pines, North Carolina. He performed a wheels-up landing on the grass between the two runways and during landing rollout, the aircraft impacted a ditch. An examination of the airplane revealed that the strap bracket assembly was missing the nut that attaches it to the main landing gear spring attachment bracket. As a result, the left landing gear had come loose and reversed direction, preventing the landing gear from fully extending and locking in the down position.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: A failure of the left main landing gear retraction assembly as a result of the disconnection of the left main landing gear strap bracket assembly from the main gear spring attachment bracket due to the missing nut. A factor was the ditch.

Findings

Occurrence #1: AIRFRAME/COMPONENT/SYSTEM FAILURE/MALFUNCTION Phase of Operation: APPROACH - VFR PATTERN - BASE TURN Findings 1. (C) LANDING GEAR, NORMAL RETRACTION/EXTENSION ASSEMBLY - FAILURE, TOTAL 2. (C) LANDING GEAR, MAIN GEAR ATTACHMENT - DISCONNECTED

Occurrence #2: WHEELS UP LANDING Phase of Operation: EMERGENCY DESCENT/LANDING

Findings

3. TERRAIN CONDITION - GRASS

4. (F) TERRAIN CONDITION - DITCH

Factual Information

On May 8, 1999, at 1730 eastern daylight time, a Piper PA-24-250, N7001P, collided with a ditch during a wheels-up landing at the Moore County Airport in Southern Pines, North Carolina. The personal flight was operated by the pilot under the provisions of Title 14 CFR Part 91 with a VFR flight plan filed. Visual weather conditions prevailed at the time of the accident. The private pilot and the passenger/pilot were not injured; the airplane sustained substantial damage. The flight originated from Tri-County Airport in Ahoskie, North Carolina, at 1400.

According to the pilot, the flight departed Wadesboro, North Carolina, at 1200 on the day of the accident, with a final destination of Newport News, Virginia. They landed at Tri-County Airport at 1215 for a planned refueling stop. Upon arriving in Newport News at 1445, the flight entered visual traffic for a full stop landing on runway 25 and received a clearance to land. While turning onto a left base, the pilot lowered the landing gear handle and noticed an unsafe landing gear indication. He notified the tower that the aircraft's landing gear did not fully extend, and he requested to perform a go around.

The pilot completed the emergency landing gear manual extension procedure, but was unsuccessful in lowering the landing gear. The pilot notified the tower of his intention to divert to Southern Pines, where he knew there was a grass strip on which to land. At the time, the aircraft had over two and a half hours of fuel remaining, and the pilot wanted to deplete as much fuel as possible prior to landing. While en route to Southern Pines, the pilot was able to retract the landing gear by reattaching the gear motor arm and raising the landing gear electronically. Upon arrival at Southern Pines, he again attempted to extend the landing gear but was unsuccessful. The pilot performed a wheels-up landing on a grass strip between the two runways. During the landing rollout, the aircraft impacted a ditch.

Following the accident, an inspection was performed on the landing gear by an FAA inspector. The examination revealed that the strap bracket assembly was missing the nut that attaches it to the main landing gear spring attachment bracket. The left landing gear had come loose and reversed direction, preventing the landing gear from fully extending and locking in the down position.

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Private	Age:	59,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Valid Medical–w/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	June 18, 1998
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	275 hours (Total, all aircraft), 59 hours (Total, this make and model), 15 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 6 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Piper	Registration:	N7001P
Model/Series:	PA-24-250 PA-24-250	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	24-2146
Landing Gear Type:	Retractable - Tailwheel	Seats:	4
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	June 30, 1998 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	2800 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	30 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	1300 Hrs	Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:	Installed, activated, did not aid in locating accident	Engine Model/Series:	0-540
Registered Owner:	ROBERT H. BRASINGTON	Rated Power:	250 Horsepower
Operator:	BENJAMIN C. BRASINGTON	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Dav
	-	20)
	Direction from Accident Site:	
Unknown	Visibility	
Unknown	Visibility (RVR):	
/	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	1
0°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
	Temperature/Dew Point:	
No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
AHOSKIE , NC (ASJ)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	VFR
NEWPORT NEWS ,VA (PHF)	Type of Clearance:	VFR
14:00 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G
	Unknown / 0° No Obscuration; No Precipita AHOSKIE , NC (ASJ) NEWPORT NEWS , VA (PHF)	Distance from Accident Site: Direction from Accident Site: Unknown Visibility Unknown Visibility (RVR): / Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual: 0° Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual: No Obscuration; No Precipitation: Temperature/Dew Point: AHOSKIE NC (ASJ) Type of Flight Plan Filed: NEWPORT NEWS , VA (PHF) Type of Clearance:

Airport Information

Airport:	MOORE COUNTY AIRPORT SOP	Runway Surface Type:	Grass/turf
Airport Elevation:	461 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Rough
Runway Used:	0	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:		VFR Approach/Landing:	Precautionary landing

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	35.179477,-79.399375(est)

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Wilson, Butch	
Additional Participating Persons:	LINDA FALCON; GREENSBORO , NC	
Original Publish Date:	November 2, 2000	
Last Revision Date:		
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>	
Note:		
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=46246	

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 *Code of Federal Regulations* section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b) is available here.