



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: BREEZY POINT, Minnesota Accident Number: CHI98LA327

Date & Time: August 23, 1998, 15:30 Local Registration: N310X

Aircraft: Cessna 310B Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: 2 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Analysis

The pilot would not comment on the accident. He was not communicative with investigators. His pilot's certificate had previously been revoked by the Federal Aviation Administration. One witness who heard a loud noise when the airplane landed, first observed it skid off the runway and then saw it spin around. An examination of the airplane after the accident revealed mechanical damage that could be associated with the accident landing.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: the pilot's improper flare of the airplane, and his not maintaining control of the airplane.

Findings

Occurrence #1: HARD LANDING

Phase of Operation: LANDING - FLARE/TOUCHDOWN

Findings

1. (C) AIRCRAFT CONTROL - NOT MAINTAINED - PILOT IN COMMAND

2. (C) FLARE - IMPROPER - PILOT IN COMMAND

Factual Information

On August 23, 1998, at 1530 central daylight time, a Cessna 310B, N310X, sustained substantial damage during a hard landing on runway 36, at Pequot Lakes, Minnesota. The private pilot and one passenger reported no injuries. The personal 14 CFR Part 91 flight was operating in visual meteorological conditions. No flight plan was on file. The flight departed Crystal Airport near Minneapolis, Minnesota, exact time unknown.

Repeated attempts to communicate with the pilot were futile. The pilot did not return NTSB inquiries, messages or the NTSB Form 6120.1/2, which was mailed to him. It was learned that the pilot's certificate was revoked on August 28, 1995, by order of the Federal Aviation Administration. There is no record of the certificate restoration, a current medical, or biennial flight review. The passenger was not a rated pilot.

Subsequent to the accident the pilot refused to communicate with inspectors of the Federal Aviation Administration or local police authorities. At the time of the accident, he did admit to local authorities that he was the pilot after first claiming his son was the pilot (the son was not present at the time of the accident), and later saying that the passenger was the pilot, before admitting that he was flying at the time of the accident. He made no comments on the accident or how it happened.

One resident who lives adjacent to the airport stated that she heard the airplane land and that it made a "loud boom" when it touched down. She indicated that she did not see the touchdown; however, when the airplane came into her view she saw it, "... skid off the runway ... do a doughnut and came to a stop."

An examination of the airplane after the accident did not reveal any damage or mechanical anomalies other that those attained during the accident.

Page 2 of 5 CHI98LA327

Pilot Information

Certificate:	None	Age:	55,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	None	Seat Occupied:	Unknown
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	None None	Last FAA Medical Exam:	
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	2000 hours (Total, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aireneft Maker	Casana	Domintuntions	NO10V
Aircraft Make:	Cessna	Registration:	N310X
Model/Series:	310B 310B	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	35637
Landing Gear Type:	Retractable - Tricycle	Seats:	5
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	Unknown	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	4700 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	2 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:		Engine Manufacturer:	Continental
ELT:		Engine Model/Series:	O-470-M
Registered Owner:	COREY L. GERULIS	Rated Power:	240 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

Page 3 of 5 CHI98LA327

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	PWC	Distance from Accident Site:	
Observation Time:		Direction from Accident Site:	
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	7 knots / 18 knots	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	270°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	29 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	28°C / 12°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	ition	
Departure Point:	MINNEAPOLIS , MN (MIC)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	BREEZY POINT , MN (NONE)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	00:00 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

Airport Information

Airport:	BREEZY POINT AIRPORT NONE	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt
Airport Elevation:		Runway Surface Condition:	Dry
Runway Used:	36	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:		VFR Approach/Landing:	Full stop

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	46.600193,-94.320762(est)

Page 4 of 5 CHI98LA327

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC): Wilson, Stephen

Additional Participating Persons: SCOT THOMPSON; MINNEAPOLIS , MN

Original Publish Date: February 16, 2001

Last Revision Date: Investigation Class: Class

Note: https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=43756

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

Page 5 of 5 CHI98LA327