



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: SUSANVILLE, California Accident Number: LAX98LA268

Date & Time: August 16, 1998, 17:30 Local Registration: N8482D

Aircraft: Cessna 185 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: 2 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Analysis

The pilot reported that about 300 feet into the takeoff roll on runway 29 and approximately 30 mph, he felt a strong wind gust from his left side and was unable to maintain the aircraft heading with full right rudder and right brake. The aircraft ground looped and came to rest on the runway about 120 degrees from its initial heading. The right main landing gear collapsed, and there was damage to the right wing, right stabilizer, and elevator. The winds were reported as 240 degrees at 12 knots gusting to 21 knots. A witness on the airport said that the winds were 'unpredictably gusty' at the time of the accident. The pilot reported no mechanical malfunction with the aircraft prior to takeoff, but stated that he 'could have made a more accurate estimate of [the] severity of gusts and not attempted the takeoff.'

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The pilot's failure to maintain directional control. A factor was the gusty wind conditions.

Findings

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF CONTROL - ON GROUND/WATER

Phase of Operation: TAKEOFF - ROLL/RUN

Findings

1. (F) WEATHER CONDITION - GUSTS

2. (C) DIRECTIONAL CONTROL - NOT MAINTAINED - PILOT IN COMMAND

3. WEATHER CONDITION - CROSSWIND

Occurrence #2: MAIN GEAR COLLAPSED Phase of Operation: TAKEOFF - ROLL/RUN

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Factual Information

On August 16, 1998, at 1730 hours Pacific daylight time, a Cessna 185, N8482D, ground looped during takeoff on runway 29 at the Susanville, California, airport. The aircraft sustained substantial damage. The commercial pilot and passenger, the sole occupants, were not injured. The local area personal flight was originating at the time of the accident and no flight plan was filed. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed.

The pilot reported that about 300 feet down the runway and approximately 30 mph, he felt a strong wind gust from the left side and was unable to maintain the aircraft heading with full right rudder and right brake. The aircraft ground looped and came to rest on the runway 120 degrees from its initial heading. The right main landing gear collapsed, and there was damage to the right wing, right stabilizer, and elevator.

The winds were reported as 240 degrees at 12 knots with gusts to 21 knots. A witness on the airport said that the winds were "unpredictably gusty" at the time of the accident. The pilot reported that he had not experienced any mechanical malfunction with the aircraft prior to takeoff, but stated that he "could have made a more accurate estimate of [the] severity of gusts and not attempted the takeoff."

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Commercial	Age:	65,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	Glider	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Valid Medicalw/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	July 27, 1998
Occupational Pilot:	UNK	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	3200 hours (Total, all aircraft), 450 hours (Total, this make and model), 3100 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 25 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft)		

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Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Cessna	Registration:	N8482D
Model/Series:	185 185	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	185-1370
Landing Gear Type:	Tailwheel	Seats:	4
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	March 4, 1998 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	3350 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	20 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	2359 Hrs	Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	IO-520-D
Registered Owner:	FRED PETERS	Rated Power:	300 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	RNO ,4412 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	
Observation Time:	00:56 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	12 knots / 21 knots	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	240°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	29 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	31°C / 4°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	ation	
Departure Point:	, CA (SVE)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	ANGWIN, CA (203)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	17:00 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class E

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Airport Information

Airport:	SUSANVILLE MUNICIPAL SVE	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt
Airport Elevation:	4148 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Dry
Runway Used:	29	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	4050 ft / 75 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	None

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	40.570053,-120.609664(est)

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Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC): Rich, Jeff

Additional Participating Persons:

Original Publish Date: March 30, 2000

Last Revision Date:
Investigation Class: Class

Note:

Investigation Docket: https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=43731

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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