

# **Aviation Investigation Final Report**

Location:	ARLINGTON, Was	hington	Accident Number:	SEA98LA067
Date & Time:	April 26, 1998, 16	:10 Local	<b>Registration:</b>	N7458K
Aircraft:	Piper	PA-20	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Defining Event:			Injuries:	4 None
Flight Conducted Under:	Part 91: General a	viation - Personal		

# Analysis

After touching down on both main landing gear, the left main gear of the tailwheel aircraft lifted off the runway. As the aircraft rolled forward with only the right main gear touching the surface, the aircraft began to veer toward the left edge of the runway. As the aircraft continued toward the edge of the runway, the pilot applied remedial rudder inputs, but the remedial action was not taken in time to keep the aircraft from exiting the side of the runway. As the aircraft exited the runway, the right main gear dug into the soft terrain and was torn from the fuselage.

# **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The pilot's failure to maintain directional control during the landing roll, and his delayed remedial action when the aircraft started to drift off the side of the runway.

## Findings

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF CONTROL - ON GROUND/WATER Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

Findings

1. (C) DIRECTIONAL CONTROL - NOT MAINTAINED - PILOT IN COMMAND 2. (C) REMEDIAL ACTION - DELAYED - PILOT IN COMMAND

Occurrence #2: MAIN GEAR COLLAPSED

Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

Findings 3. LANDING GEAR, MAIN GEAR - OVERLOAD

# **Factual Information**

On April 26, 1998, approximately 1610 Pacific daylight time, a Piper PA-20 tail wheel aircraft, N7458K, experienced a collapse of one main landing gear leg during the landing roll at Arlington Municipal Airport, Arlington, Washington. The private pilot and his three passengers were not injured, but the aircraft, which was owned and operated by the pilot, sustained substantial damage. The 14 CFR Part 91 flight, which departed Jefferson County Airport, Port Townsend, Washington, about 30 minutes earlier, was being operated in visual meteorological conditions. No flight plan had been filed, and there was no report of an ELT activation.

According to the pilot, he had touched down on both main gear and was beginning the rollout when the left wing picked up and the aircraft began rolling on the right tire only. Soon thereafter, the aircraft started to veer toward the left side of the runway, and the pilot attempted remedial action by applying rudder opposite to the direction the aircraft was drifting. But, by the time of the rudder application, the aircraft had drifted to far from the center of the runway to keep it from departing the runway edge. After the aircraft left the runway, the right main gear dug into the soft terrain, whereupon the gear leg tore away from the fuselage.

T not information			
Certificate:	Private	Age:	24,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 3 Valid Medicalno waivers/lim.	Last FAA Medical Exam:	January 14, 1998
Occupational Pilot:	UNK	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	171 hours (Total, all aircraft), 82 hours (Total, this make and model), 92 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 4 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft)		

#### **Pilot Information**

## Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Piper	Registration:	N7458K
Model/Series:	PA-20 PA-20	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	20-370
Landing Gear Type:	Tailwheel	Seats:	4
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	September 7, 1997 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	1800 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	17 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	1725 Hrs	Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	0-290-D
Registered Owner:	DIZARD, JAMES AND MIKE	Rated Power:	125 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

# Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:		Distance from Accident Site:	
Observation Time:		Direction from Accident Site:	
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	9 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	0°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:		Temperature/Dew Point:	21°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	JEFFERSON CNTY., WA (0S9 )	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	(AWO )	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	15:40 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

# **Airport Information**

Airport:	ARLINGTON MUNICIPAL AWO	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt
Airport Elevation:	137 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Dry
Runway Used:	34	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	5336 ft / 100 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Full stop

# Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	3 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	4 None	Latitude, Longitude:	48.179615,-121.670097(est)

### **Administrative Information**

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Anderson, Orrin	
Additional Participating Persons:	BUCKY COON;	
Original Publish Date:	July 12, 2000	
Last Revision Date:		
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>	
Note:		
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=42778	

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 *Code of Federal Regulations* section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b) is available <u>here</u>.