

# **Aviation Investigation Final Report**

Location:	ALTHA, Florida		Accident Number:	MIA97LA208
Date & Time:	July 8, 1997, 16:50 l	₋ocal	<b>Registration:</b>	N1509C
Aircraft:	Air Tractor	AT-401	Aircraft Damage:	Destroyed
Defining Event:			Injuries:	1 Minor
Flight Conducted Under:	Part 137: Agricultura	al		

### Analysis

The flight was taking off on a runway that was part asphalt and part grass. The takeoff roll was started on the asphalt, and when the airplane reached the grass part of the runway, the pilot said he attempted to 'dump' the chemicals about 100 feet from the end of the runway, because the airplane would not come off the ground. The pilot was interviewed at his home by the Sheriff, and said; '...upon taking off, the plane would just not get up...he flew the plane earlier without a problem...when he dumped the load of chemicals on the runway, the plane went up, hit the top of a power pole with a wing and then went down into small pines....' The FAA inspector's reported stated that pilot said 'he had problems with aircraft performance on climbout.' Examination of the airframe and engine did not reveal any discrepancies. Several witnesses ran to the crash to aid the pilot, and they stated that when they reach the pilot they saw that he 'staggered and smelled of alcohol.' The witnesses said they did not see him consume anything before he got into a car 'Bronco' and leave the scene. A test taken in the hospital about 2 hours after the accident showed an ethanol level of 143 mg/dl in the pilot's blood.

#### **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: the pilot's impairment of judgment and performance due to alcohol which led to his failure to maintain control of the airplane.

#### Findings

Occurrence #1: IN FLIGHT COLLISION WITH OBJECT Phase of Operation: TAKEOFF - INITIAL CLIMB

#### Findings

- 1. (C) AIRCRAFT CONTROL NOT MAINTAINED PILOT IN COMMAND
- 2. (C) IMPAIRMENT(ALCOHOL) PILOT IN COMMAND 3. OBJECT POLE

#### **Factual Information**

On July 8, 1997, about 1650 central standard time, an Air Tractor AT-401, N1509C, registered to Thaggard Aviation LLC Inc., crashed during takeoff near Altha, Florida. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed at the time and no flight plan was filed for the Title 14 CFR Part 137 aerial application flight. The commercial-rated pilot reported minor injuries. The airplane was destroyed. The flight was originating at the time from a private airport.

The flight was departing with 180 gallons of chemicals [8 pounds per gallon] and 100 gallons of fuel. The runway was part asphalt and part grass, and the takeoff roll was started on the asphalt. As the airplane rolled down the runway and reached the grass part of the runway, the pilot said he attempted to "dump" the chemicals about 100 feet from the end of the runway, because the airplane would not come off the ground. In addition, he said that even after he dumped the load, the airplane "still didn't want to fly, the aircraft didn't seem to have enough power."

According to the Calhoun County Sheriff's report, the first officer on the scene said when he arrived he saw power lines on the road. The officer further said that the pilot had been "transported by EMS to Calhoun-Liberty Hospital for cuts and bruises." The officer later went to the pilot's home and the pilot told him; "...upon taking off, the plane would just not get up. He advised that he flew the plane earlier without a problem...when he dumped the load of chemicals on the runway, the plane went up, hit the top of a power pole with a wing and then went down into small pines...."

The FAA inspector's report stated that the pilot said "he had problems with aircraft performance on climbout." Examination of the airframe and engine did not reveal any discrepancies. The FAA inspector's report further said, "...post accident blood test taken in the Emergency Room [see emergency room report attached] after the accident indicated a .143 percent, by weight, of alcohol continent in [the] pilot's blood." Several witnesses ran to the crash to aid the pilot and they stated that when they reach the pilot they saw that he "staggered and smelled of alcohol." The witnesses said they did not see him consume anything before he got into a car "Bronco" and leave the scene (see statements under Reports from Federal Agengies).

### **Pilot Information**

Certificate:	Commercial	Age:	59,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Front
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Valid Medicalw/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	April 1, 1997
Occupational Pilot:	Yes Last Flight Review or Equivalent:		
Flight Time:	9000 hours (Total, all aircraft), 4000 hours (Total, this make and model), 8500 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 50 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 15 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 2 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

### Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Air Tractor	Registration:	N1509C
Model/Series:	AT-401 AT-401	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	401-0828
Landing Gear Type:	Tailwheel	Seats:	1
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	1500 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:		Engine Manufacturer:	P&W
ELT:	Not installed	Engine Model/Series:	R-1340
Registered Owner:	SOUTHERFIELD AVIATION	Rated Power:	600 Horsepower
Operator:	DONALD JOHNSON	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

### Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	PFN ,21 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	35 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	16:50 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	185°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Scattered / 15000 ft AGL	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	Broken / 25000 ft AGL	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	6 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	0°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	30°C / 23°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	ation	
Departure Point:	(22FL)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:		Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	16:50 Local	Type of Airspace:	

# **Airport Information**

Airport:	FARM AIR SERVICE 22FL	Runway Surface Type:	Grass/turf
Airport Elevation:	150 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Dry
Runway Used:	0	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	1900 ft / 60 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	None

# Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 Minor	Aircraft Damage:	Destroyed
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	On-ground
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 Minor	Latitude, Longitude:	30.56982,-85.120567(est)

#### **Administrative Information**

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Yurman, Alan		
Additional Participating Persons:	EMIL A CIRONE; BIRMINGHAM , AL		
Original Publish Date:	April 10, 1998		
Last Revision Date:			
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>		
Note:			
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=38310		

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 *Code of Federal Regulations* section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b) is available <u>here</u>.