



# **Aviation Investigation Final Report**

Location: INVERNESS, Florida Accident Number: MIA96LA004

Date & Time: October 7, 1995, 13:52 Local Registration: N912XL

Aircraft: LOUKS PULSAR XP Aircraft Damage: Substantial

**Defining Event:** 1 Fatal, 1 Serious

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

### **Analysis**

The pilot stated that he performed an engine run-up before departure with no discrepancies noted. He initiated a takeoff in a no-wind condition with the flaps retracted. The pilot stated that after lift-off, he leveled off about 4 to 5 feet above the runway to build airspeed. He stated that the 'plane dropped, left wing more that right, aircraft skidded off runway, and hit runway marker along edge of runway at approximately 10 mph.' A postcrash fire erupted in the right wing area after the airplane came to rest. Both occupants were seriously burned. The passenger died later due to burns. The pilot stated that there was no preimpact failure or malfunction of the engine or flight control.

### **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: Premature rotation by the pilot during takeoff, which resulted in an inadvertent stall/mush, while attempting to accelerate in ground effect after lift-off.

#### **Findings**

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF CONTROL - IN FLIGHT

Phase of Operation: TAKEOFF

#### **Findings**

1. (C) ROTATION - PREMATURE - PILOT IN COMMAND

2. (C) STALL/MUSH - INADVERTENT - PILOT IN COMMAND

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Occurrence #2: ON GROUND/WATER COLLISION WITH OBJECT Phase of Operation: TAKEOFF - ABORTED

Findings
3. OBJECT - AIRPORT SIGN/MARKER

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#### **Factual Information**

On October 7, 1995, about 1352 eastern daylight time, a homebuilt Pulsar XP, N912XL, crashed during takeoff from the Inverness Airport, Inverness, Florida. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed at the time and no flight plan was filed for the 14 CFR Part 91 personal flight. The airplane was substantially damaged by impact and a postcrash fire and the commercial-rated pilot sustained serious injuries. One passenger who was seriously injured died 13 days after the accident. The flight was originating at the time of the accident.

The pilot stated that he performed an engine run-up before takeoff with no discrepancies noted. During the takeoff ground roll under no wind condition with the flaps retracted, he intentionally remained on the ground for a longer time. After rotation he lowered the nose of the airplane to accelerate during which the airplane rolled to the left, descended, and touched down. While on the ground travelling about 10-15 miles per hour, the right wing of the airplane collided with a runway marker sign. The airplane then spun to the right and came to rest on a heading of about 085 degrees. A postcrash fire started on the right side of the airplane after it came to rest. He reported that he rescued his wife who was uninjured as a result of the collision with the sign, out the left side of the airplane. He further stated that there was no preimpact failure or malfunction of the engine or flight controls.

A witness who was located about 150 yards south of the airport observed the airplane during the takeoff ground roll and stated that it appeared to him that the airplane was in a nose high attitude. The airplane climbed to 6-7 feet above the runway then was observed to roll to his right and disappeared behind trees.

Information pertaining to the weather is contained in an NTSB Weather Factual Report. The pilot later reported that the wind condition was calm at the time of the accident.

According to the designer of the airplane, the calculated stall speed at the time of the accident was about 48 miles per hour.

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#### **Pilot Information**

Certificate:	Commercial	Age:	55,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 3 Valid Medicalw/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	July 6, 1995
Occupational Pilot:	UNK	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	900 hours (Total, all aircraft), 75 hours (Total, this make and model), 725 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 4 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 3 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft)		

## **Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information**

Aircraft Make:	LOUKS	Registration:	N912XL
Model/Series:	PULSAR XP PULSAR XP	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	Yes
Airworthiness Certificate:	Experimental (Special)	Serial Number:	251
Landing Gear Type:	Tricycle	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	September 7, 1995 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	1060 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	1 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	93 Hrs	Engine Manufacturer:	ROTAX
ELT:	Installed	Engine Model/Series:	912
Registered Owner:	RAYMOND L. LOUKS	Rated Power:	80 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

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### Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	OCF,90 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	23 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	14:15 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	16°
<b>Lowest Cloud Condition:</b>	Scattered / 2200 ft AGL	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	/ None	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	0°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	29 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	29°C / 22°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	ation	
Departure Point:	(X40)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:		Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	13:52 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

## **Airport Information**

Airport:	INVERNESS X40	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt
Airport Elevation:	50 ft msl	<b>Runway Surface Condition:</b>	Dry
Runway Used:	19	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	3792 ft / 60 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	None

## Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 Serious	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 Fatal	Aircraft Fire:	On-ground
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	Unknown
Total Injuries:	1 Fatal, 1 Serious	Latitude, Longitude:	28.830974,-82.270637(est)

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#### **Administrative Information**

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Monville, Timothy	
Additional Participating Persons:	ROBERT L CUNNINGHAM; ORLANDO , FL	
Original Publish Date:	May 9, 1996	
Last Revision Date:		
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>	
Note:		
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=37927	

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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