





Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: ANCHORAGE, Alaska Accident Number: ANC97LA147

Date & Time: September 12, 1997, 15:45 Local Registration: N2389M

Aircraft: Piper PA-12 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: 2 Minor

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Analysis

The pilot was on final approach to an off-airport landing area with a light, right 30 degree crosswind. The pilot said the airplane was configured with full flaps, and the indicated airspeed was between 30 and 35 miles per hour. A stand of trees was directly upwind, and next to, the runway threshold. On short final to land, the airplane settled, the wheels struck the river bank short of the runway, and the airplane nosed over.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The pilot's misjudgment of the touchdown point, which led to undershoot and the airplane nosing over.

Findings

Occurrence #1: UNDERSHOOT Phase of Operation: LANDING

Findings

1. (C) PROPER TOUCHDOWN POINT - MISJUDGED - PILOT IN COMMAND

Occurrence #2: NOSE OVER

Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

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Factual Information

On September 12, 1997, at 1545 Alaska daylight time, a Piper PA-12 airplane, N2389M, sustained substantial damage when it nosed over during landing at a gravel bar on the Theodore River, about 25 miles west of Anchorage, Alaska. The private certificated pilot and one passenger sustained minor injuries. The flight was conducted under 14 CFR Part 91, as a personal flight from Merrill Field in Anchorage, to the Theodore River, and returning. The flight departed Merrill Field at 1335. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed at the time of the accident, and no flight plan was filed.

The pilot reported he was landing to the west with an approximate 30 degree right crosswind of four knots. The airplane was just above touchdown, at an indicated airspeed of 30 to 35 miles per hour, with full flaps extended, when the airplane settled. He stated the airplane landed hard, the tail came up, and the prop struck the ground. The airplane nosed over onto its back.

Photographs of the landing site reveal a stand of trees just to the right of the approach end of the landing area. The airplane was configured with 8.50 x 6 inch tires. Photographs of the gravel bar reveal two 6 inch wide gouges in the sand beginning below the lip of the river bank, and continuing onto the landing area. Between these gouges are four slash marks oriented approximately 45 degrees to the gouges, spaced about equally in the line of airplane travel.

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Private	Age:	48,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Single-engine sea	Seat Occupied:	Front
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Valid Medicalno waivers/lim.	Last FAA Medical Exam:	June 2, 1997
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	934 hours (Total, all aircraft), 89 hours (Total, this make and model), 896 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 61 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 19 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 2 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

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Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Piper	Registration:	N2389M
Model/Series:	PA-12 PA-12	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	12-1511
Landing Gear Type:	Tailwheel	Seats:	3
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	August 9, 1997 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	1935 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	14 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	4182 Hrs	Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:	Installed, activated, did not aid in locating accident	Engine Model/Series:	O-360-A2A
Registered Owner:	JAY ALLEN ROSENBACH	Rated Power:	180 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

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Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:		Distance from Accident Site:	
Observation Time:		Direction from Accident Site:	
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	35 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	4 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	270°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	16°C / 9°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	ation	
Departure Point:	, AK (MRI)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	THEODORE RIVER , AK	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	13:35 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

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Airport Information

Airport:		Runway Surface Type:	
Airport Elevation:		Runway Surface Condition:	
Runway Used:	0	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:		VFR Approach/Landing:	Full stop;Valley/terrain following

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 Minor	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 Minor	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 Minor	Latitude, Longitude:	

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Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Thomas, Matthew	
Additional Participating Persons:	ROBERT S COUBAN; ANCHORAGE , AK	
Original Publish Date:	November 10, 1998	
Last Revision Date:		
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>	
Note:		
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=3067	

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The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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