



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: LOST HILLS, California Accident Number: LAX96LA287

Date & Time: July 23, 1996, 10:45 Local Registration: N7885S

Aircraft: Bell 47-G5 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: 1 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 137: Agricultural

Analysis

The pilot landed to take on enough fuel to ferry the helicopter back to the home base. After liftoff at 100 to 150 feet agl he lost all engine power. A postaccident examination revealed that the carburetor air box had been installed with the wrong gasket and mispositioned so that one of four attachment bolts was missing. The gasket was partially ingested into the carburetor throat along with a foreign material determined to be a dusting product that coated the carburetor throat area through the gasket void.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: improper installation of the carburetor air box.

Findings

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF ENGINE POWER(TOTAL) - NONMECHANICAL

Phase of Operation: TAKEOFF - INITIAL CLIMB

Findings

1. (C) CARBURETOR HEAT, AIR BOX - OBSTRUCTED

2. (C) MAINTENANCE, INSTALLATION - IMPROPER - OTHER MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL

Occurrence #2: FORCED LANDING

Phase of Operation: EMERGENCY LANDING

Occurrence #3: HARD LANDING Phase of Operation: EMERGENCY LANDING

LAX96LA287 Page 2 of 6

Factual Information

On July 23, 1996, about 1045 hours Pacific daylight time, a Bell 47-G5, N7885S, was substantially damaged during landing after a power loss near Lost Hills, California. The pilot was not injured. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed for the agricultural spraying operation and no flight plan was filed. The flight originated at Shafter, California, at 0700 on the morning of the accident.

The pilot landed to take on enough fuel to ferry the helicopter back to the home base. After liftoff at 100 to 150 feet agl he lost all engine power.

An FAA inspector conducted a postaccident examination of the engine. The examination determined there was adequate fuel onboard at the time of the accident. The engine was test run with noted roughness. The carburetor was removed for inspection and an incorrect gasket was found between the carburetor and the air box. The incorrect gasket had been improperly installed with one of the four mounting bolts/cap screws missing. The gasket had been ingested into the carburetor throat. Additionally, there was foreign matter that was ingested through the gasket void and coated the carburetor throat. The material was determined to be a chemical powder used in agricultural spraying.

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Commercial	Age:	39,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	Helicopter	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Valid Medicalw/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	February 16, 1996
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	2500 hours (Total, all aircraft), 600 hours (Total, this make and model), 2400 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 102 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 30 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft)		

Page 3 of 6 LAX96LA287

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Bell	Registration:	N7885S
Model/Series:	47-G5 47-G5	Aircraft Category:	Helicopter
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Restricted (Special)	Serial Number:	7873
Landing Gear Type:	Skid	Seats:	1
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	March 9, 1996 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	2750 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	60 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	3757 Hrs	Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:	Not installed	Engine Model/Series:	VO-435-B1A
Registered Owner:	DIANE CONRADI	Rated Power:	260 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	KBF	Distance from Accident Site:	
Observation Time:	11:56 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	5 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	280°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	32°C / 12°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipita	ation	
Departure Point:	LOST HILLS , CA (NONE)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	SHAFTER , CA	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	10:40 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

Page 4 of 6 LAX96LA287

Airport Information

Airport:		Runway Surface Type:	
Airport Elevation:		Runway Surface Condition:	Rough
Runway Used:	0	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:		VFR Approach/Landing:	Forced landing

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	35.53997,-118.910873(est)

Page 5 of 6 LAX96LA287

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Petterson, George	
Additional Participating Persons:	CLIFFORD D GIBBONS; FRESNO , CA	
Original Publish Date:	August 25, 1997	
Last Revision Date:		
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>	
Note:		
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=29521	

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

Page 6 of 6 LAX96LA287