



# **Aviation Investigation Final Report**

Location: ANCHORAGE, Alaska Accident Number: ANC94LA117

Date & Time: August 30, 1994, 22:18 Local Registration: N9130K

Aircraft: STINSON 108-1 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

**Defining Event:** 2 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

### **Analysis**

THE AIRPLANE EXPERIENCED A LOSS OF ENGINE POWER WHILE IN CRUISE FLIGHT AND COLLIDED WITH TREES DURING THE FORCED LANDING IN TREE COVERED TERRAIN. THE AIRPLANE'S FUEL SELECTOR VALVE WOULD BIND WHEN ROTATED AND THERE WERE NO INDENTATIONS AT THE RIGHT, LEFT, OR OFF POSITIONS. THE FUEL SELECTOR VALVE WOULD REMAIN WHEREVER IT WAS POSITIONED.

### **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: THE BINDING IN THE MECHANICAL FUEL SELECTOR VALVE, AND LACK OF SUITABLE TERRAIN FOR A FORCED LANDING.

### **Findings**

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF ENGINE POWER(TOTAL) - NONMECHANICAL

Phase of Operation: CRUISE

Findings

1. (C) FUEL SYSTEM, SELECTOR/VALVE - BINDING (MECHANICAL)

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Occurrence #2: FORCED LANDING

Phase of Operation: EMERGENCY DESCENT/LANDING

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Occurrence #3: IN FLIGHT COLLISION WITH TERRAIN/WATER Phase of Operation: EMERGENCY DESCENT/LANDING

Findings
2. (C) TERRAIN CONDITION - NONE SUITABLE

Page 2 of 6 ANC94LA117

### **Factual Information**

On August 30, at 2218 Alaska daylight time, a wheel equipped Stinson 108-1 airplane, N9130K, registered to and operated by the pilot, experienced a power failure during cruise flight and was forced to land in the trees approximately 14 miles southeast of Anchorage, Alaska. The personal flight, operating under 14 CFR Part 91, departed Seldovia, Alaska, and the destination was Merrill Field in Anchorage. A VFR flight plan was filed and visual meteorological conditions prevailed. The Private Certificated Pilot and his passenger were not injured and the airplane was substantially damaged.

According to the pilot, there was no warning and no backfire and the fuel tank from which he was operating indicated 3/4 of a tank.

The airplane was inspected after it was recovered and no fuel was located in any of the fuel tanks. However, the airplane remained upside down in the trees for a few days before it was recovered. The fuel selector valve was examined and it was found to bind during rotation between all of the positions. There were no indentations at any of the positions. The available positions were "RIGHT, LEFT, and OFF." The fuel selector valve was marked with the correct positions listed but the placard was not from the original manufacturer.

No other mechanical abnormalities were found with the airplane.

#### **Pilot Information**

Certificate:	Private	Age:	55,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 3 Valid Medicalw/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	May 27, 1993
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	224 hours (Total, all aircraft), 121 hours (Total, this make and model), 149 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 7 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 3 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 4 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Page 3 of 6 ANC94LA117

## **Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information**

Aircraft Make:	STINSON	Registration:	N9130K
Model/Series:	108-1 108-1	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	108-2130
Landing Gear Type:	Tailwheel	Seats:	4
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	February 1, 1994 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	2230 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	9 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:		Engine Manufacturer:	LYCOMING
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	O-435-I-C
Registered Owner:	MEYERS, O.T.	Rated Power:	190 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

# Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:		Distance from Accident Site:	
Observation Time:		Direction from Accident Site:	
<b>Lowest Cloud Condition:</b>	Scattered / 6300 ft AGL	Visibility	60 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	Unknown	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	/	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	0°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:		Temperature/Dew Point:	10°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipit	ation	
Departure Point:	SELDOVIA , AK (SOV )	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	VFR
Destination:	(MRI)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	21:30 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class D;Class G

Page 4 of 6 ANC94LA117

# **Airport Information**

Airport:		Runway Surface Type:	
Airport Elevation:		Runway Surface Condition:	
Runway Used:	0	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:		VFR Approach/Landing:	Forced landing

## Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	61.219409,-149.849578(est)

Page 5 of 6 ANC94LA117

#### **Administrative Information**

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Kobelnyk, George	
Additional Participating Persons:	ERIC N JACOBO; ANCHORAGE , AK	
Original Publish Date:	May 9, 1995	
Last Revision Date:		
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>	
Note:		
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=2549	

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

Page 6 of 6 ANC94LA117