



# **Aviation Investigation Final Report**

Location: SARATOGA, Wyoming Accident Number: FTW97LA337

Date & Time: September 3, 1997, 08:35 Local Registration: N8731C

Aircraft: Piper PA-22 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

**Defining Event:** 2 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

### **Analysis**

The pilot stated he took off on runway 23 at Saratoga, Wyoming, but the airplane would not climb. The airplane began descending and impacted terrain approximately one mile west of the airport. The pilot attributed the descent to 'winds spilling over the ridge.' At the time of the accident, recorded winds at Laramie, Wyoming (located 37 miles north-northwest of Saratoga) were from 220 degrees at 12 knots. The altimeter setting was 30.47 inches of mercury, and the temperature was 79 degrees F. Saratoga Airport is situated at an elevation of 6,987 feet msl (above mean sea level). Based on this meteorological information, density altitude at Saratoga was computed to be approximately 9,113 feet msl. The airplane manufacturer calculated that the airplane could achieve a 450 feet per minute rate of climb.

### **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The pilot's failure to consult airplane performance data based upon the weather conditions that prevailed. Factors were terrain induced turbulence and high density altitude.

#### **Findings**

Occurrence #1: IN FLIGHT COLLISION WITH TERRAIN/WATER

Phase of Operation: DESCENT

Findings

1. (F) WEATHER CONDITION - TURBULENCE, TERRAIN INDUCED

- 2. (F) WEATHER CONDITION HIGH DENSITY ALTITUDE3. (C) PERFORMANCE DATA NOT USED PILOT IN COMMAND

Page 2 of 6 FTW97LA337

#### **Factual Information**

On September 3, 1997, approximately 0835 mountain daylight time, a Piper PA-22 (converted to a PA-20), N8731C, was substantially damaged when it collided with terrain shortly after takeoff from Saratoga, Wyoming. The private pilot and passenger were not injured. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed, and no flight plan was filed for the proposed personal flight being conducted under Title 14 CFR Part 91. The flight had just originated at the time of the accident.

According to the pilot, he was planning to fly from Saratoga to Sidney, Nebraska, with an eventual destination of Council Bluffs, Iowa. The pilot said he took off on runway 23, but the airplane would not climb. The airplane began descending and impacted terrain approximately 1 mile west of the airport. The pilot attributed the descent to "winds spilling over the ridge." At the time of the accident, recorded winds at Laramie, Wyoming (37 miles north-northwest of Saratoga), were from 220 degrees at 12 knots. The altimeter setting was 30.47 inches of mercury, and the temperature was 79 degrees F. Saratoga's Shively Field is situated at an elevation of 6,987 feet msl (above mean sea level). Based on this meteorological information, density altitude at Saratoga was computed to be approximately 9,113 feet msl.

The Piper Aircraft Corporation was asked to do a performance study for N8731C. Based on the airport data at Saratoga, the meteorological conditions at Rawlins, and a maximum gross weight assumption, it was calculated that the airplane could achieve a 450 feet per minute rate of climb.

The airplane was taken to Aircraft Fabrication and Repair, Guernsey, Wyoming. According to their mechanic, damage consisted of a sheared main landing gear, buckled firewall, and a twisted fuselage.

Page 3 of 6 FTW97LA337

#### **Pilot Information**

Certificate:	Private	Age:	60,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 3 Valid Medicalw/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	June 30, 1997
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	539 hours (Total, all aircraft), 413 hours (Total, this make and model), 493 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 38 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 17 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 4 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

## Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Piper	Registration:	N8731C
Model/Series:	PA-22 PA-22	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	22-1383
Landing Gear Type:	Tailwheel	Seats:	4
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	June 30, 1997 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	1950 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	38 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	1715 Hrs	Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	0-290-D2
Registered Owner:	MERVIN D. RUTLEDGE	Rated Power:	135 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

Page 4 of 6 FTW97LA337

### **Meteorological Information and Flight Plan**

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	RWL ,6813 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	37 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	11:53 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	310°
<b>Lowest Cloud Condition:</b>	Scattered / 7000 ft AGL	Visibility	60 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	Broken / 15000 ft AGL	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	12 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	220°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	26°C / 12°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	(SAA)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	SIDNEY, NE (SNY)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	08:30 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class E

### **Airport Information**

Airport:	SHIVELY AIRPORT SAA	Runway Surface Type:	
Airport Elevation:	6987 ft msl	<b>Runway Surface Condition:</b>	
Runway Used:	23	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	8403 ft / 75 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Forced landing

## Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	41.450592,-106.809272(est)

Page 5 of 6 FTW97LA337

#### **Administrative Information**

Investigator In Charge (IIC): Scott, Arnold

Additional Participating Persons:

Original Publish Date: February 2, 1998

Last Revision Date:

Investigation Class: Class

Note:

Investigation Docket: https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=20336

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

Page 6 of 6 FTW97LA337