

Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location:	ALBUQUERQUE, Ne	ew Mexico	Accident Number:	FTW97LA334
Date & Time:	August 31, 1997, 1	7:40 Local	Registration:	N16NM
Aircraft:	Beech	E90	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Defining Event:			Injuries:	3 None
Flight Conducted Under:	Part 135: Air taxi &	commuter - Non-	scheduled - Air Medical	(Medical emergency)

Analysis

During initial climb following takeoff from Santa Rosa on a medical evacuation flight, with a patient and 2 flight nurses aboard, the right main landing gear failed to fully retract. Prior to landing at Albuquerque the right main landing gear did not lock in the down position. During landing roll, the right main landing gear collapsed. Examination of the landing gear provided evidence that the retraction/extension torque tube failed in fatigue.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: Fatigue failure of the right main landing gear retraction/extension torque tube.

Findings

Occurrence #1: MAIN GEAR COLLAPSED Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

Findings

1. (C) LANDING GEAR, NORMAL RETRACTION/EXTENSION ASSEMBLY - FATIGUE

2. (C) LANDING GEAR, NORMAL RETRACTION/EXTENSION ASSEMBLY - FAILURE, TOTAL

Factual Information

On August 31, 1997, at 1740 mountain daylight time, a Beech E-90, N16NM, operating as a lifeguard flight from Santa Rosa, New Mexico, to Albuquerque, New Mexico, collapsed the right main landing gear during landing roll at Albuquerque. The airline transport pilot, 2 flight nurses, and the patient were not injured and the aircraft sustained substantial damage. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed and an IFR flight plan was filed for this Title 14 CFR Part 135 medical flight which departed Santa Rosa, New Mexico, at 1634.

According to the pilot, when the landing gear was raised after departure, he heard a grinding noise emitting from under the cabin floor and noted that the "gear in transit" light in the landing gear handle remained illuminated. The pilot said he pulled the landing gear motor circuit breaker and the noise stopped. He then attempted to recycle the gear with negative results. When the landing gear was lowered on arrival at Albuquerque, an unsafe right main landing gear indication was present. The pilot secured the right engine, feathered the right propeller, and made a precautionary landing. During landing roll, the right main landing gear collapsed. As a result of the right main landing gear collapse, the right wing sustained buckling damage.

Examination of the right main landing gear by a FAA airworthiness inspector provided evidence of a failure of the torque tube assembly (part number 50-810240). No other deficiencies were noted during the examination. The part had a total of 5,616 cycles since factory overhaul and had been in service approximately 3.5 years. The part is required to be overhauled at 7,500 cycles or 5 years whichever occurs first. The affected part was removed and sent to the Board's Materials Laboratory. According to the laboratory analysis, the torque tube failed in fatigue. The origin of the fatigue could not be determined.

The aircraft has since been repaired and returned to service with no further difficulties noted.

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Airline transport	Age:	48,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 1 Valid Medical–w/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	March 31, 1997
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	12050 hours (Total, all aircraft), 200 hours (Total, this make and model), 10640 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 74 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 24 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 2 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Beech	Registration:	N16NM
Model/Series:	E90 E90	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	LW62
Landing Gear Type:	Retractable - Tricycle	Seats:	7
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	August 5, 1997 AAIP	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	10100 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	62 Hrs	Engines:	2 Turbo prop
Airframe Total Time:	9965 Hrs	Engine Manufacturer:	P&W
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	PT6A-28
Registered Owner:	SEVEN BAR FLYING SERVICE	Rated Power:	550 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	On-demand air taxi (135)
Operator Does Business As:	SB AVIATION	Operator Designator Code:	GNLA

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	ABQ	Distance from Accident Site:	1 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:		Direction from Accident Site:	350°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	Broken / 9000 ft AGL	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	7 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	230°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	29°C / 7°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	SANTA ROSA , NM (Q58)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	IFR
Destination:	(ABQ)	Type of Clearance:	IFR
Departure Time:	16:34 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class E

Airport Information

Airport:	ALBUQUERQUE INTERNATIONAL ABQ	Runway Surface Type:	Concrete
Airport Elevation:	5313 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Dry
Runway Used:	21	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	10000 ft / 150 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Precautionary landing;Traffic pattern

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	2 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	3 None	Latitude, Longitude:	35.06047,-106.620025(est)

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Wiemeyer, Norman
Additional Participating Persons:	WALTER P TIDMORE; ALBUQUERQUE , NM
Original Publish Date:	May 4, 1998
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>
Note:	
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=20333

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The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 *Code of Federal Regulations* section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b) is available here.