



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: HICO, Texas Accident Number: FTW95LA311

Date & Time: July 23, 1995, 10:00 Local Registration: N500BT

Aircraft: BELLANCA 17-31ATC Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: 2 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Analysis

WHEN THE PILOT APPLIED POWER 'RAPIDLY' TO GO AROUND AFTER A 'LONG' TOUCHDOWN ON THE 2,300 FOOT GRASS STRIP, THE ENGINE 'HESITATED'. AFTER BECOMING AIRBORNE, THE PILOT TURNED LEFT TO AVOID HITTING TREES AT THE END OF THE RUNWAY. THE AIRPLANE THEN STRUCK A FENCE AND IMPACTED THE GROUND. EXAMINATION OF THE PROPELLER BY AN FAA INSPECTOR REVEALED SIGNATURES INDICATING THE ENGINE WAS OPERATING AT A HIGH POWER SETTING DURING IMPACT.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: THE PILOT'S FAILURE TO ATTAIN THE PROPER TOUCHDOWN POINT AND THE DELAYED GO-AROUND.

Findings

Occurrence #1: IN FLIGHT COLLISION WITH OBJECT

Phase of Operation: LANDING - ABORTED

Findings

1. (C) PROPER TOUCHDOWN POINT - NOT ATTAINED - PILOT IN COMMAND

2. (C) GO-AROUND - DELAYED - PILOT IN COMMAND

3. OBJECT - FENCE

Occurrence #2: IN FLIGHT COLLISION WITH TERRAIN/WATER Phase of Operation: DESCENT - UNCONTROLLED

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Factual Information

On July 23, 1995, at 1000 central daylight time, a Bellanca 17-31ATC, N500BT, collided with a fence during an aborted landing near Hico, Texas. The airline transport rated pilot/operator and one passenger were not injured, and the airplane sustained substantial damage. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed and no flight plan was filed. The airplane departed Conroe, Texas, at 0850 for the Title 14 CFR Part 91 personal flight.

The pilot reported his touchdown on the 2,300 foot grass strip "was long so I elected to go around," and "upon rapid application of power, engine hesitated." During a telephone interview, conducted by the investigator-in-charge, the pilot stated "the aircraft did not accelerate properly" and became airborne with the "stall warning horn going off." The pilot further stated he then turned left to "avoid trees" at the end of the runway and, subsequently, the airplane impacted a fence.

A Federal Aviation Administration inspector examined the airplane and reported the outboard section of the left wing was severed, the right wing spar was cracked, and the fuselage was deformed. All three propeller blades were bent toward the cambered side approximately 90 degrees and displayed chordwise scratching and gouging.

Pilot Information

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Certificate:	Airline transport	Age:	48,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	Helicopter	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane; Helicopter	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Valid Medicalw/ waivers/lim	Last FAA Medical Exam:	December 30, 1994
Occupational Pilot:	UNK	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	10837 hours (Total, all aircraft), 207 hours (Total, this make and model), 9411 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 47 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 18 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 4 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

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Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	BELLANCA	Registration:	N500BT
Model/Series:	17-31ATC 17-31ATC	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	74-31104
Landing Gear Type:	Retractable - Tricycle	Seats:	4
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	June 5, 1995 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	3325 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	21 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	1154 Hrs	Engine Manufacturer:	LYCOMING
ELT:	Installed, activated, did not aid in locating accident	Engine Model/Series:	IO-540-K
Registered Owner:	JOHN W. SARTOR	Rated Power:	300 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

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Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:			Distance from Accident Site:	
Observation Time:			Direction from Accident Site:	
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Unknown		Visibility	7 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	Broken / 150	00 ft AGL	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	8 knots / No	ne	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	180°		Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	29 inches Ho	9	Temperature/Dew Point:	28°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscurat	ion; No Precipit	ation	
Departure Point:	CONROE	(CXO)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:			Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	08:50 Local		Type of Airspace:	Class G

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Airport Information

Airport:	PARKS RANCH NONE	Runway Surface Type:	Grass/turf
Airport Elevation:	1130 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	
Runway Used:	18	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	2300 ft / 150 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Go around

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	31.980798,-98.019706(est)

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Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Snyder, Georgia	
Additional Participating Persons:	CURT F MAHAFFEY; FORT WORTH , TX	
Original Publish Date:	December 19, 1995	
Last Revision Date:		
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>	
Note:		
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=19508	

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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