



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: Crystal, Minnesota Accident Number: CEN23LA398

Date & Time: September 3, 2023, 19:00 Local Registration: N321BT

Aircraft: Van's Aircraft RV-12 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: Abnormal runway contact **Injuries:** 1 Minor, 1 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Analysis

The pilot was landing the light-sport airplane on the runway when it bounced two times. The nose gear collapsed, the propeller struck the ground, and the airplane came to rest upright on the runway in a nose-down attitude. The two occupants were able to exit the airplane without further incident. The airplane sustained substantial damage to the lower fuselage.

A postaccident metallurgical examination of the fractured nose landing gear strut revealed features consistent with ductile overstress fracture. There was no evidence of any pre-existing damage to the nose landing gear strut.

It is likely the pilot did not attain a proper landing flare, which resulted in the airplane bouncing twice and subsequently sustaining an overstress fracture of the nose landing strut.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be:

The pilot's improper landing flare, which resulted in a bounced landing and an overstress fracture of the nose landing gear strut.

Findings

Personnel issues Aircraft control - Pilot

Personnel issues Incorrect action performance - Pilot

Aircraft Landing flare - Not attained/maintained

Aircraft Nose/tail landing gear - Failure

Aircraft Nose/tail landing gear - Capability exceeded

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Factual Information

History of Flight

Landing-flare/touchdown	Abnormal runway contact (Defining event)	
Landing-flare/touchdown	Part(s) separation from AC	
Landing-flare/touchdown	Landing gear collapse	
Landing-flare/touchdown	Loss of control on ground	
Landing-flare/touchdown	Nose over/nose down	
Post-impact	Evacuation	

On September 3, 2023, about 1900 central daylight time, a Van's Aircraft RV-12iS airplane, N321BT, sustained substantial damage when it was involved in an accident near Crystal, Minnesota. The pilot sustained minor injuries and the passenger sustained no injury. The airplane was operated as a Title 14 Code of Federal Regulations Part 91 personal flight.

The light-sport airplane departed from the Major Gilbert Field Airport (4R5), La Pointe, Wisconsin, about 1725, for the cross-country flight. The intended destination was the Crystal Airport (MIC), Minneapolis, Minnesota. During the landing at MIC, the airplane touched down on runway 24R, which was a dry asphalt runway, and bounced two times. The nose gear collapsed, the propeller struck the ground, and the airplane came to rest upright on the runway in a nose-down attitude. The two occupants were able to exit the airplane without further incident. The airplane sustained substantial damage to the lower fuselage.

A postaccident metallurgical examination of the fractured nose landing gear strut revealed features consistent with ductile overstress fracture. There was no evidence of any pre-existing damage to the nose landing gear strut.

The Federal Aviation Administration has published the Airplane Flying Handbook (FAA-H-8083-3C), which discusses bounced landings and states in part:

Since a bounce occurs when the airplane makes contact with the ground before the proper touchdown attitude is attained, it is almost invariably accompanied by the application of excessive back-elevator pressure. This is usually the result of the pilot realizing too late that the airplane is not in the proper attitude and attempting to establish it just as the second touchdown occurs.

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Pilot Information

Certificate:	Sport Pilot	Age:	46,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	None	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	5-point
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	
Medical Certification:	Sport pilot None	Last FAA Medical Exam:	
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	July 21, 2023
Flight Time:	(Estimated) 193 hours (Total, all aircraft), 193 hours (Total, this make and model), 114 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 55 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 14 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Van's Aircraft	Registration:	N321BT
Model/Series:	RV-12 iS	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:	2022	Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Experimental light sport (Special)	Serial Number:	12110
Landing Gear Type:	Tricycle	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	April 18, 2023 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	1320 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	77.2 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	206.6 Hrs at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	Rotax Aircraft Engines
ELT:	C91A installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	912iS
Registered Owner:	LIGHT SPORT AVIATION SERVICES LLC	Rated Power:	100 Horsepower
Operator:	On file	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:	None	Operator Designator Code:	None

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Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
KMIC,864 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	0 Nautical Miles
19:06 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	153°
Clear	Visibility	10 miles
None	Visibility (RVR):	
6 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	None / None
180°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	N/A / N/A
29.71 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	33°C / 19°C
No Obscuration; No Precipita	ation	
La Pointe, WI (4R5)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Crystal, MN	Type of Clearance:	VFR
17:25 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class D
	KMIC,864 ft msl 19:06 Local Clear None 6 knots / 180° 29.71 inches Hg No Obscuration; No Precipitate La Pointe, WI (4R5) Crystal, MN	KMIC,864 ft mslDistance from Accident Site:19:06 LocalDirection from Accident Site:ClearVisibilityNoneVisibility (RVR):6 knots /Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:180°Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:29.71 inches HgTemperature/Dew Point:No Obscuration; No PrecipitationLa Pointe, WI (4R5)Type of Flight Plan Filed:Crystal, MNType of Clearance:

Airport Information

Airport:	CRYSTAL MIC	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt
Airport Elevation:	869 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Dry
Runway Used:	06L/24R	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	2500 ft / 75 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Full stop;Straight-in

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 Minor	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 Minor, 1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	45.064506,-93.352806(est)

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Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Hodges, Michael
Additional Participating Persons:	Edward Martin; FAA Minneapolis FSDO; Minneapolis, MN Rian Johnson; Van's Aircraft; Aurora, OR Bernhard Kobylik (Accredited Representative); Federal Safety Investigation Authority; Vienna, OF Jordan Paskevich (Technical Advisor); Rotax Aircraft Engines; Vernon, OF
Original Publish Date:	May 14, 2024
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	Class 3
Note:	The NTSB did not travel to the scene of this accident.
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=193009

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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