



Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: DECATUR, Texas Accident Number: FTW93LA159

Date & Time: May 15, 1993, 11:42 Local Registration: N9901G

Aircraft: CESSNA A188A Aircraft Damage: Destroyed

Defining Event: 1 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 137: Agricultural

Analysis

AFTER MAKING SEVERAL PASSES DISPENSING HERBICIDE, THE PILOT ENCOUNTERED A TREE AT ONE END OF THE FIELD. BECAUSE HE WAS FLYING UNDER POWER LINES, HE WAS UNABLE TO PULL UP OVER THE TREE. THE PILOT STATED THAT HE ATTEMPTED TO CLIMB SLIGHTLY AND BANKED RIGHT TO GET THE LEFT WING OVER THE TREE. HE SAID THAT THE AIRPLANE INITIALLY BANKED TO THE RIGHT, BUT THEN LEVELED WHEN IT ENCOUNTERED TURBULENCE. THE LEFT WING STRUCK THE TREE AND THE PILOT LOST CONTROL. THE AIRPLANE SUBSEQUENTLY IMPACTED THE GROUND

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: THE PILOT'S FAILURE TO MAINTAIN ADEQUATE CLEARANCE. A FACTOR WAS THE TURBULENCE

Findings

Occurrence #1: IN FLIGHT COLLISION WITH OBJECT Phase of Operation: MANEUVERING - AERIAL APPLICATION

Findings

- 1. OBJECT TREE(S)
- 2. (C) CLEARANCE NOT MAINTAINED PILOT IN COMMAND
- 3. (F) WEATHER CONDITION TURBULENCE

Occurrence #2: IN FLIGHT COLLISION WITH TERRAIN/WATER Phase of Operation: DESCENT - UNCONTROLLED

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Factual Information

On Saturday, May 15, 1993, at approximately 1142 central daylight time, a Cessna A188A, N9901G, was destroyed when it collided with trees and the ground while maneuvering near Decatur, Texas. The airplane, operated by Aerial Spraying, and flown by an ATP rated pilot, was on a 14 CFR Part 137 local aerial application flight. There was no flight plan filed and visual meteorological conditions prevailed. The pilot, the sole occupant, was not injured.

The pilot stated that after making several passes dispensing herbicide on range land, he encountered a tree at one end of the field. Because he was flying under power lines, the pilot was unable to pull up over the tree. He stated that he attempted to climb slightly and bank to the right to get the left wing over the tree. He further stated that the airplane initially entered the right bank, but that turbulence caused the wings to level and the left one struck the tree. The pilot lost control and the airplane subsequently impacted the ground.

Pilot Information

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Certificate:	Airline transport; Flight instructor	Age:	Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Single-engine sea; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Center
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	Airplane multi-engine; Airplane single-engine; Instrument airplane	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Valid Medicalno waivers/lim.	Last FAA Medical Exam:	December 31, 1992
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	9492 hours (Total, all aircraft), 500 hours (Total, this make and model), 9425 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 96 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 16 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 1 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

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Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	CESSNA	Registration:	N9901G
Model/Series:	A188A A188A	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Utility	Serial Number:	18800701
Landing Gear Type:	Tailwheel	Seats:	1
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	April 3, 1993 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	3300 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	58 Hrs	Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	4847 Hrs	Engine Manufacturer:	CONTINENTAL
ELT:	Not installed	Engine Model/Series:	10-520
Registered Owner:	SITTON, DWAYNE	Rated Power:	300 Horsepower
Operator:	SITTON, DWAYNE	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	
Operator Does Business As:	AERIAL SPRAYING	Operator Designator Code:	STNG

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	FTW ,500 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	46 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	10:51 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	150°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	15 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	13 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	240°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	29 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	29°C / 14°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipit	ation	
Departure Point:	JUSTIN , TX (NONE)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	(NONE)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	10:00 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

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Airport Information

Airport:		Runway Surface Type:	
Airport Elevation:		Runway Surface Condition:	
Runway Used:	0	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:		VFR Approach/Landing:	None

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Destroyed
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	33.230087,-97.589828(est)

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Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Wandel, Warren	
Additional Participating Persons:	TAMARA THOMPSON; FORT WORTH , TX	
Original Publish Date:	November 3, 1993	
Last Revision Date:		
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>	
Note:		
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=18751	

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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