



# **Aviation Investigation Final Report**

**Location:** Cedar Key, Florida **Accident Number:** ERA22LA192

Date & Time: April 18, 2022, 11:10 Local Registration: N919AC

Aircraft: BELL HELICOPTER TEXTRON 206B Aircraft Damage: Substantial

**Defining Event:** Fuel starvation **Injuries:** 1 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 137: Agricultural

### **Analysis**

The pilot was performing aerial application flights during which he returned to the landing zone five times to receive additional product. He recalled spending the majority of his time troubleshooting a spray rate system issue and was not paying attention to the fuel level while ground personnel were loading the product. During climb out on the final spray, the engine lost all power. During the subsequent autorotation and hard landing on a gravel road, the tail boom and tail rotor drive shaft sustained substantial damage.

The pilot reported that there were no preimpact mechanical malfunctions or failures with the helicopter and that upon landing he noticed that the fuel gauge showed empty.

Examination of the helicopter by a Federal Aviation Administration inspector found that a total of 2.5 gallons of uncontaminated Jet A fuel was able to be sumped from the helicopter's fuel system. Residual and trace amounts of fuel were discovered in the engine driven fuel pump and fuel filters. The helicopter was not equipped with an optional low fuel light.

The helicopter flight manual advised to avoid uncoordinated turns and maneuvers with fewer than 20 gallons.

It is likely that while the pilot maneuvered out of the field following his final spray, the engine was starved of fuel, which resulted in the loss of engine power.

The operator following the accident amended their ground personnel training manual to require that both the ground personnel and the pilot 'confirm fuel quantity OK' prior to each takeoff.

### **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be:

The pilot's improper fuel planning during agricultural spraying operations, which resulted in fuel starvation, a loss of engine power, and a hard landing following an autorotation.

#### **Findings**

Aircraft	Fuel - Fluid management
Personnel issues	Fuel planning - Pilot

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## **Factual Information**

### **History of Flight**

Maneuvering-low-alt flying	Fuel starvation (Defining event)
Autorotation	Collision with terr/obj (non-CFIT)

#### **Pilot Information**

Certificate:	Commercial; Flight instructor	Age:	45,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Right
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	Helicopter	Restraint Used:	4-point
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane; Helicopter	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	Helicopter; Instrument helicopter	Toxicology Performed:	
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Without waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	March 8, 2022
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	March 31, 2022
Flight Time:	5555 hours (Total, all aircraft), 4466 hours (Total, this make and model), 5430 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 40 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 40 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 3 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

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### **Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information**

Aircraft Make:	BELL HELICOPTER TEXTRON	Registration:	N919AC
Model/Series:	206B NO SERIES	Aircraft Category:	Helicopter
Year of Manufacture:	1988	Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Restricted (Special)	Serial Number:	4020
Landing Gear Type:	None; High skid	Seats:	1
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	April 5, 2022 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	3200 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	1 Turbo shaft
Airframe Total Time:	11661 Hrs as of last inspection	Engine Manufacturer:	Rolls-Royce
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	250-C20B
Registered Owner:	VERTICAL VEGETATION MANAGEMENT LLC	Rated Power:	400 Horsepower
Operator:	VERTICAL VEGETATION MANAGEMENT LLC	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	Agricultural aircraft (137)

### Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	CGC,10 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	30 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	10:15 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	124°
<b>Lowest Cloud Condition:</b>	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	6 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	None / None
Wind Direction:	250°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	N/A / N/A
Altimeter Setting:	29.97 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	24°C / 20°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	Cedar Key, FL	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	Cedar Key, FL	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:		Type of Airspace:	Class G

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### **Wreckage and Impact Information**

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:		Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	29.354257,-83.027988

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#### **Administrative Information**

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Gerhardt, Adam
Additional Participating Persons:	Randy Ryhal; FAA FSDO; Tampa, FL
Original Publish Date:	December 15, 2022
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	Class 4
Note:	The NTSB did not travel to the scene of this accident.
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=104954

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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