

Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: Bald Head Island, North Carolina Accident Number: ERA22LA184

Date & Time: April 10, 2022, 18:05 Local Registration: N4693S

Aircraft: Piper J3C-65 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: Nose over/nose down **Injuries:** 2 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Analysis

The pilot stated that he was landing on a beach. During the landing roll, the airplane's main landing gear "dug in the soft sand" and the airplane flipped over, which resulted in substantial damage to the rudder, fuselage and longerons. The pilot stated that there were no mechanical deficiencies that would have precluded normal operation.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be:

The pilot's failure to maintain control during landing on a soft surface.

Findings

Personnel issues Aircraft control - Pilot

Aircraft Pitch control - Not attained/maintained

Environmental issues Soft surface - Contributed to outcome

Page 2 of 5 ERA22LA184

Factual Information

History of Flight

Landing-landing roll	Nose over/nose down (Defining event)
	record train, need detining evently

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Commercial	Age:	63,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Single-engine sea	Seat Occupied:	Rear
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	Lap only
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	
Medical Certification:	None	Last FAA Medical Exam:	
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:		hours (Total, this make and model), 5 all aircraft), 6 hours (Last 24 hours, all	•

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Piper	Registration:	N4693S
Model/Series:	J3C-65	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:	1946	Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	18373
Landing Gear Type:	Tailwheel	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	June 1, 2021 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	1320 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	3489 Hrs as of last inspection	Engine Manufacturer:	Continental
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	C-90-12
Registered Owner:	WICKER KIRK	Rated Power:	90
Operator:	On file	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

Page 3 of 5 ERA22LA184

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	KSUT,25 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	5 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	18:15 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	321°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	8 knots / 15 knots	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	None / None
Wind Direction:	310°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	N/A / N/A
Altimeter Setting:	30.05 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	19°C / -2°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	N. Myrtle Beach, SC (CRE)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	Wilmington, NC (ILM)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	17:15 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class E

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:		Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	33.85952,-78.005979(est)

Page 4 of 5 ERA22LA184

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Boggs, Daniel
Additional Participating Persons:	Ryan Demeritt; FAA; greensboro, NC
Original Publish Date:	July 1, 2022
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	Class 4
Note:	The NTSB did not travel to the scene of this accident.
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=104920

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

Page 5 of 5 ERA22LA184